

Nucleophilic substitution in azasydnone-modified dinitroanisoles

Tatyana K. Shkineva, Alexandr V. Kormanov and Igor L. Dalinger

Table of Contents	S1
General Experimental	S1
Experimental Procedures, Spectral and Analytical data	S2
References	S3
Spectra	S4

Experimental section

General Experimental.

IR spectra were recorded on a BrukerALPHA instrument in KBr pellets. ^{13}C и ^{14}N spectra of benzotriazoles **3a,b** were obtained on a Bruker DRX-500 (125.76 and 36.14 MHz), the rest spectra were obtained on a Bruker AM-300 (300.13 and 282.40 MHz) in DMSO-d₆ at 299 K. The chemical shifts of ^1H and ^{13}C nuclei were reported relative to TMS, for ^{14}N nuclei – relative to MeNO₂, high-filed chemical shifts are given with a minus sign. High-resolution mass spectra with electrospray ionization were recorded on a Bruker MicroOTOF II instrument. Melting points were determined by Kofler method on a Boetius bench (heating rate 4 K min⁻¹) and were not corrected. The reaction progress and purity of the obtained compounds were controlled by TLC on Merck Silicagel 60 F254 plates. Visualization of spots on TLC plate was accomplished with UV light (254 nm). Silica gel (Kieselgel) 60 (0.04–0.063 mm) was used for column chromatography.

All the reagents were of analytical grade, purchased from commercial sources, and used as received. The starting (4-methoxy-3,5-dinitrophenyl)azasydnone **1** was synthesized following a literature method.^{S1}

The synthesis of 3-(4-amino-3,5-dinitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate 2a and 2b. A solution of azasydnone-containing dinitroanisole **1** (0.1 g, 0.35 mmol) in MeOH (10 ml) was cooled to 0 °C, methanolic ammonia (7N, 0.2 ml) was added to this solution drop by drop in the case of **2a**, or methylamine (40% aq., 0.2 ml) in the case of **2b**. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 minutes, cooled to –20 °C for 1 h. The obtained precipitate was filtered off and air-dried.

3-(4-Amino-3,5-dinitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate (2a). The yield was 80%, yellow cubical crystals, mp 198–200 °C (MeOH). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3443 (m), 3323 (m), 3105 (w), 1793 (vs), 1638 (s), 1578 (m), 1536 (m), 1439 (w), 1315 (m), 1263 (s), 1189 (w), 899 (w), 746 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 8.94 (s, 2 H, NH₂); 8.89 (s, 2 H). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.82 (C–O); 142.70; 134.93; 126.04 (CH); 119.27. ¹⁴N NMR, δ: –15.69 (NO₂); –77.47 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 269.0266 [M+H]⁺. C₇H₅N₆O₆. Calculated, m/z: 269.0265.

3-(4-Methylamino-3,5-dinitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate (2b). The yield was 63%, yellow powder, mp 159–161 °C (MeOH). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3343 (m), 1789 (vs), 1626 (s), 1540 (s), 1385 (w), 1336 (m), 1276 (m), 1190 (w), 1163 (w), 929 (w), 742 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 9.09 (s, 1 H, NH); 8.82 (s, 2 H); 2.84 (s, 3 H, NMe). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.82 (C–O); 142.30; 136.80; 124.70 (CH); 118.94; 33.00 (Me). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: –18.08 (NO₂); –80.06 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 283.0416 [M+H]⁺. C₈H₇N₆O₆. Calculated, m/z: 283.0422.

3-[3,5-Dinitro-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)phenyl]-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate (2c). Pyrrolidine (0.088 ml, 1.06 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **1** (0.2 g, 0.7 mmol) in MeCN (8 ml), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent was removed by evaporation at reduced pressure to give a dark yellow solid, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using CH₂Cl₂–MeOH (50:1). The yield was 0.174 g, 77%, yellow crystals, mp 151–152 °C (CHCl₃), R_f 0.7 (CH₂Cl₂–MeOH (20 : 1)). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 1580 (m), 1509 (s), 1337 (s), 1087 (w), 1068 (w), 1009 (m), 848 (w), 813 (m), 743 (w), 475 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 8.70 (s, 2 H), 3.25 (t, 4 H, J = 6.4 Hz), 1.95 (t, 4 H, J = 6.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.90 (C–O), 140.29, 137.20 (C+C), 123.22 (2CH), 117.24, 54.25 (2CH₂), 24.63 (2CH₂). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: –12.05 (NO₂), –79.96 (N⁺). Found, 345.0550 [M+Na]⁺. C₁₁H₁₀N₆NaO₆. Calculated, m/z: 345.0554.

Reaction of 3-(4-methoxy-3,5-dinitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate 1 with hydrazines – the synthesis of 3a,b and 5a,b (general procedure). A solution of azasydnone-containing dinitroanisole **1** (0.28 g, 1 mmol) in MeOH (20 ml) was cooled to 5 – 10 °C, an alkylhydrazine (0.2 mmol) was added to this solution in the case of **3a,b** or carbazole (0.3 mmol) in the case of **5a,b**. After that, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 h (for **3a,b**) or 24 h (for **5a,b**) and cooled to –10 °C for 1 h. The obtained precipitate was filtered off,

washed with MeOH and air-dried.

1-Methyl-7-nitro-5-(5-oxido-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-3-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*][1,2,3]triazole 3-oxide (3a). The yield was 0.22 g, 79%, dark beige powder, mp 233–235 °C (dec.). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3077 (w), 3033 (w), 1817 (vs), 1628 (w), 1531 (w), 1441 (w), 1347 (m), 1314 (m), 1240 (m), 1189 (w), 742 (m). ¹H NMR, δ: 8.99 (s, 1 H, Ar); 8.88 (s, 1 H, Ar); 4.37 (s, 3 H, NMe). ¹³C NMR, δ: 166.00 (C-O); 138.83; 133.54; 130.01; 128.56; 121.09 (CH); 118.45 (CH); 38.41 (NCH₃). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: −19.49 (NO₂); −76.19 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 302.0243 [M+Na]⁺. C₈H₅N₇NaO₅. Calculated, m/z: 302.0244.

1-Ethyl-7-nitro-5-(5-oxido-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-3-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*][1,2,3]triazole 3-oxide (3b). The yield was 0.22 g, 76%, dark yellow powder, mp 194–196 °C (dec.). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3031 (w), 1808 (vs), 1626 (w), 1531 (m), 1407 (w), 1309 (m), 1185 (m), 735 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 9.02 (s, 1 H, Ar); 8.90 (s, 1 H, Ar); 4.80 (q, 2 H, CH₂, J = 7.2 Hz); 1.58 (t, 3 H, CH₃, J = 7.2 Hz). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.86 (C-O), 137.84; 132.51; 128.93; 127.69; 119.91 (CH); 116.70 (CH); 45.66 (NCH₂); 12.22 (CH₃). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: −16.17 (NO₂); −75.45 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 294.0580 [M+H]⁺. C₉H₈N₇O₅. Calculated, m/z: 294.0581.

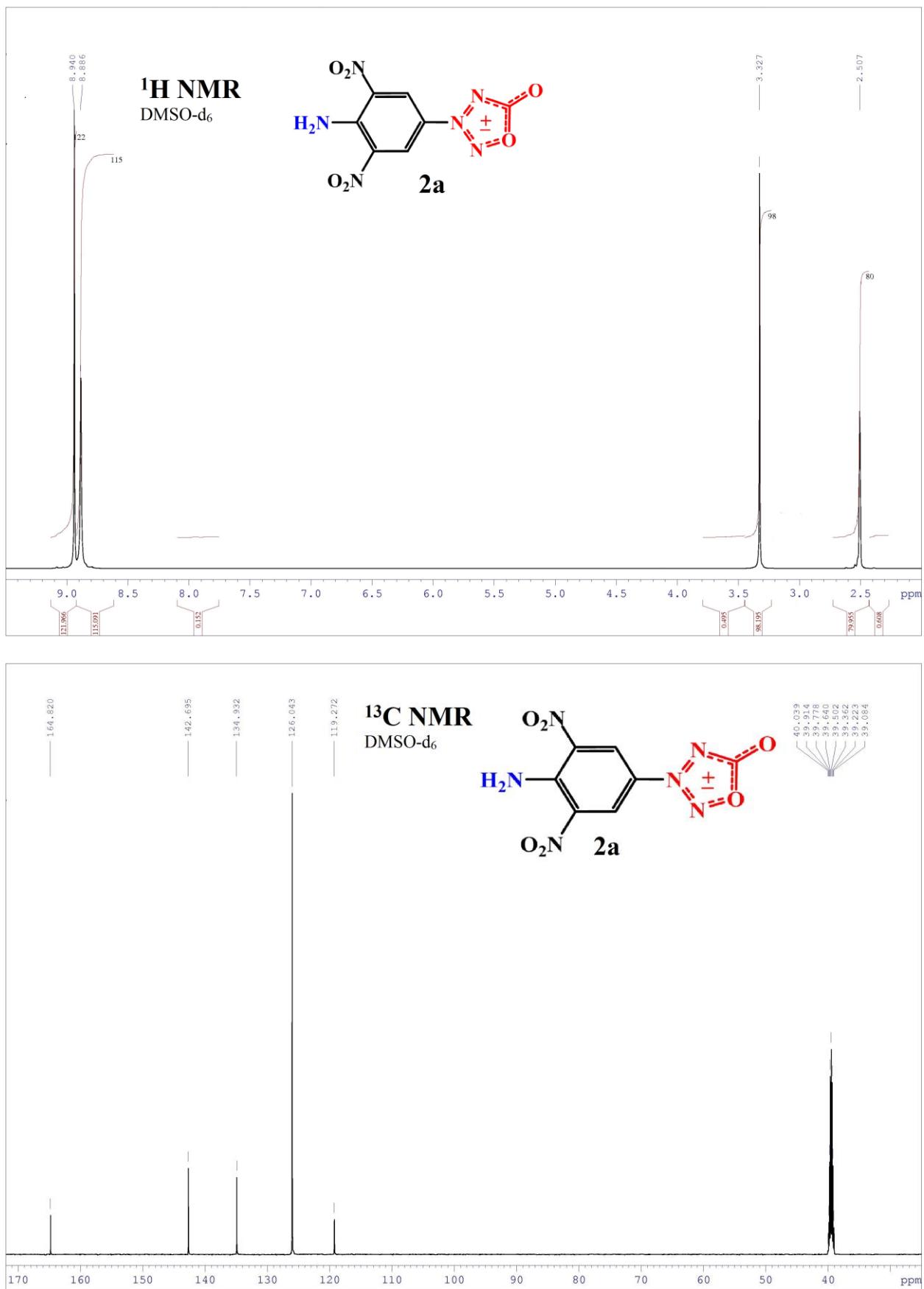
3-{4-[2-(Ethoxycarbonyl)hydrazinyl]-3,5-dinitrophenyl}-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate (5a). The yield was 0.29 g, 83%, yellow needle-like crystals, mp 170–172 °C (MeOH). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3280 (s), 1798 (s), 1709 (s), 1629 (m), 1543 (m), 1330 (w), 1266 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 10.04 (br.s, 1 H, NH); 9.76 (br.s, 1 H, NH); 8.81 (s, 2 H, Ph); 4.06 (q, 2 H, CH₂, J = 6.7 Hz); 1.32 (br.s, 3 H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.78 (C-O); 156.34 (CO); 141.34; 136.95; 123.10 (CH); 122.11; 61.36 (CH₂); 14.37 (CH₃). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: −14.74 (NO₂); −79.86 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 356.0574 [M+H]⁺. C₁₀H₁₀N₇O₈. Calculated, m/z: 356.0585.

3-{4-[2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)hydrazinyl]-3,5-dinitrophenyl}-1,2,3,4-oxatriazolium-5-olate (5b). The yield was 0.30 g, 80%, yellow needle-like crystals, mp 190–192 °C (MeOH, dec.). IR (v/cm^{−1}): 3284 (m), 1779 (s), 1718 (m), 1629 (w), 1543 (m), 1330 (m), 1157 (w). ¹H NMR, δ: 9.99 (br.s, 1 H, NH); 9.53 (br.s, 1 H, NH); 8.80 (s, 2 H, Ar); 1.40 (br.s, 9 H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR, δ: 164.81 (C-O); 155.19 (CO); 141.68; 137.02; 123.01 (CH); 121.96; 80.56 (C(CH₂)₃); 27.87 (CH₃). ¹⁴N NMR, δ: −12.85 (NO₂); −78.67 (N⁺). Found, m/z: 401.1165 [M+NH₄]⁺. C₁₂H₁₇N₈O₈. Calculated, m/z: 401.1164.

References

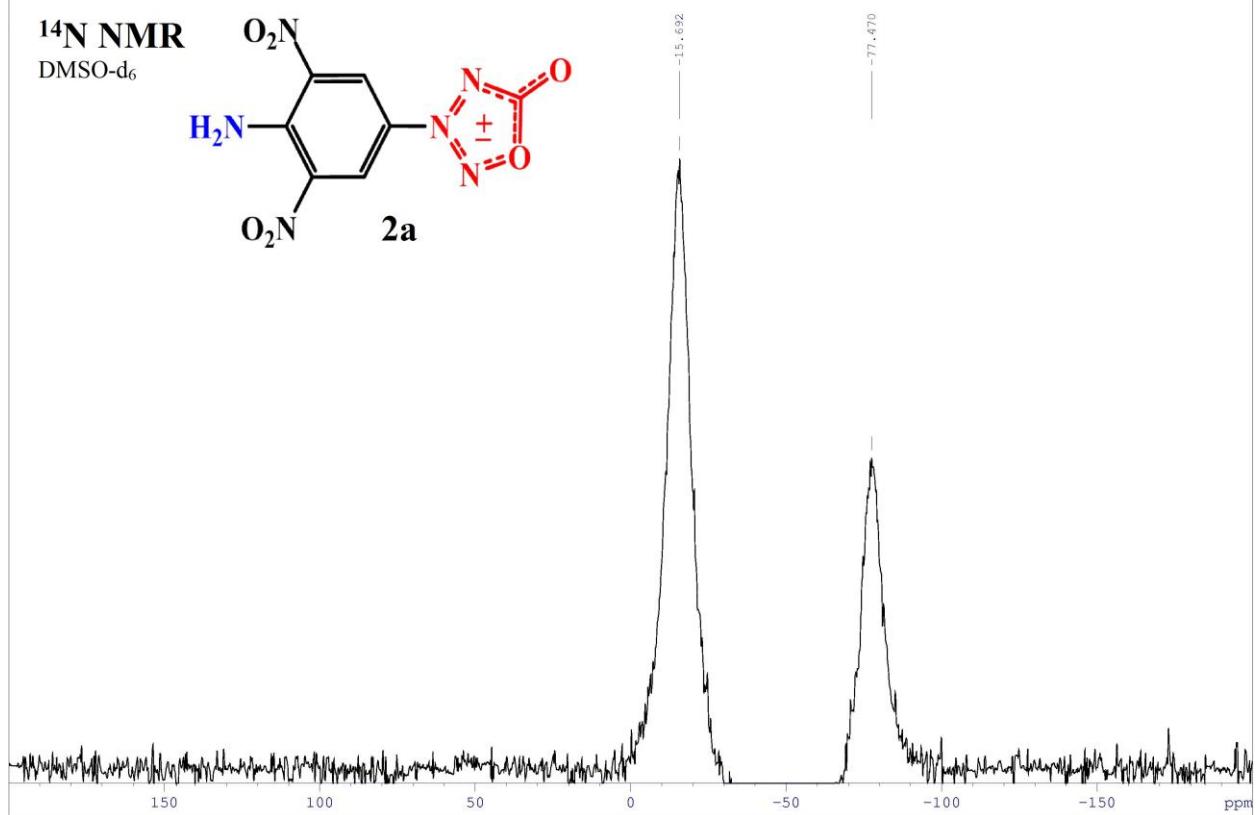
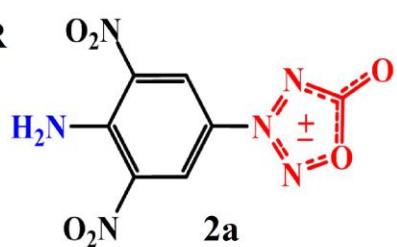
[S1] I. L. Dalinger, O. V. Serushkina, D. L. Lipilin, A. A. Anisimov, K. Yu. Suponitsky and A. B. Sheremetev, *ChemPlusChem*, 2019, **84**, 802, <https://doi.org/10.1002/cplu.201900243>.

NMR Spectra of synthesized compounds



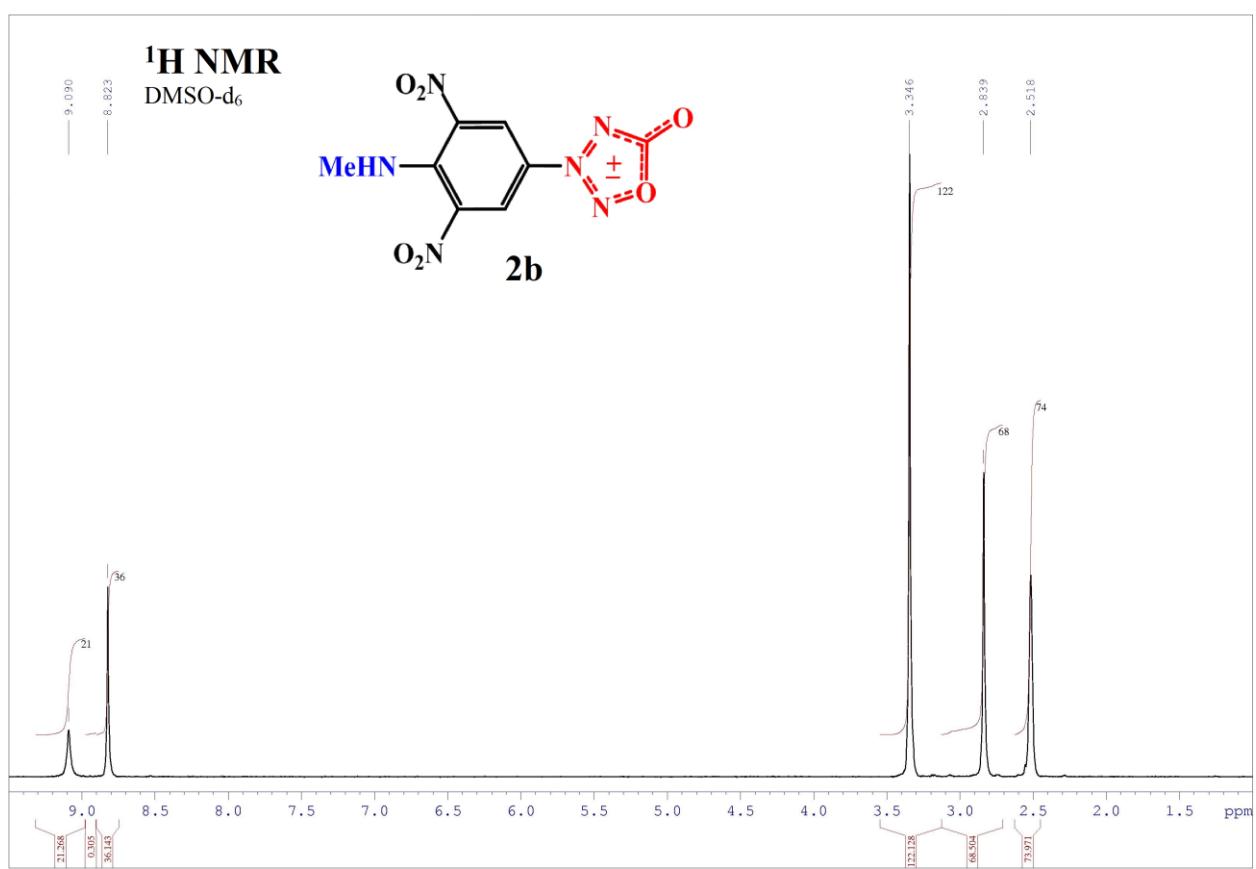
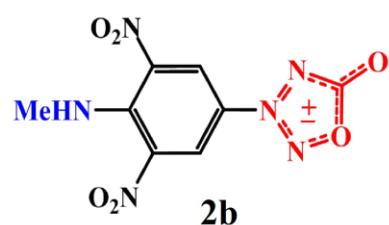
¹⁴N NMR

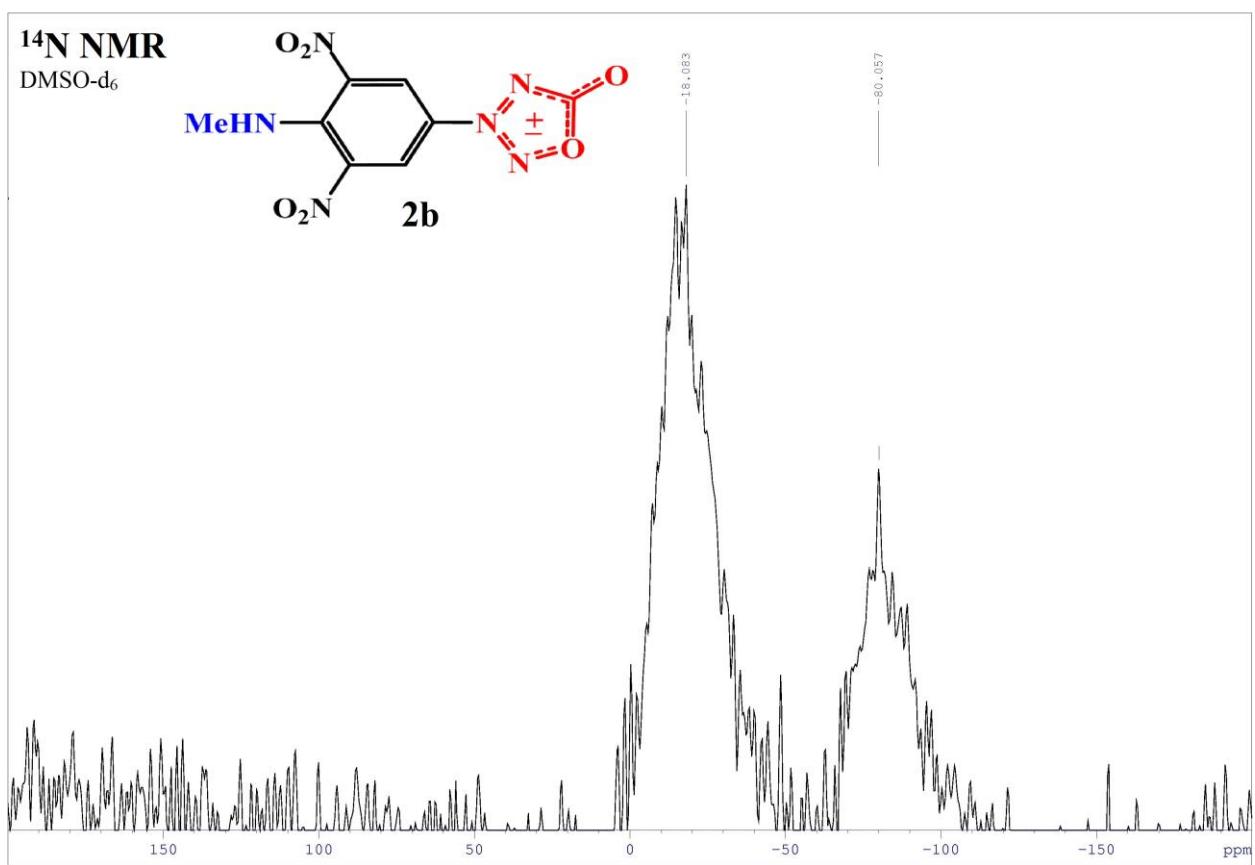
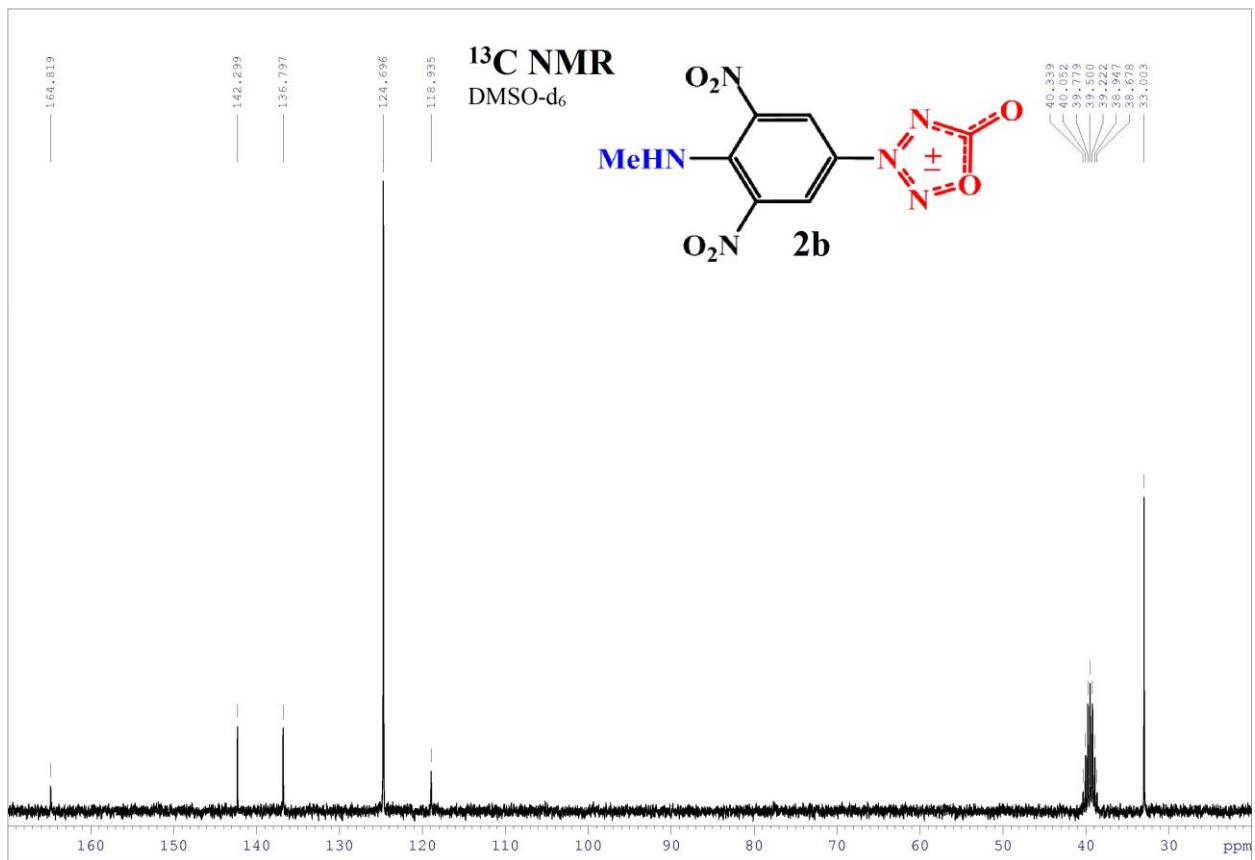
DMSO-d₆



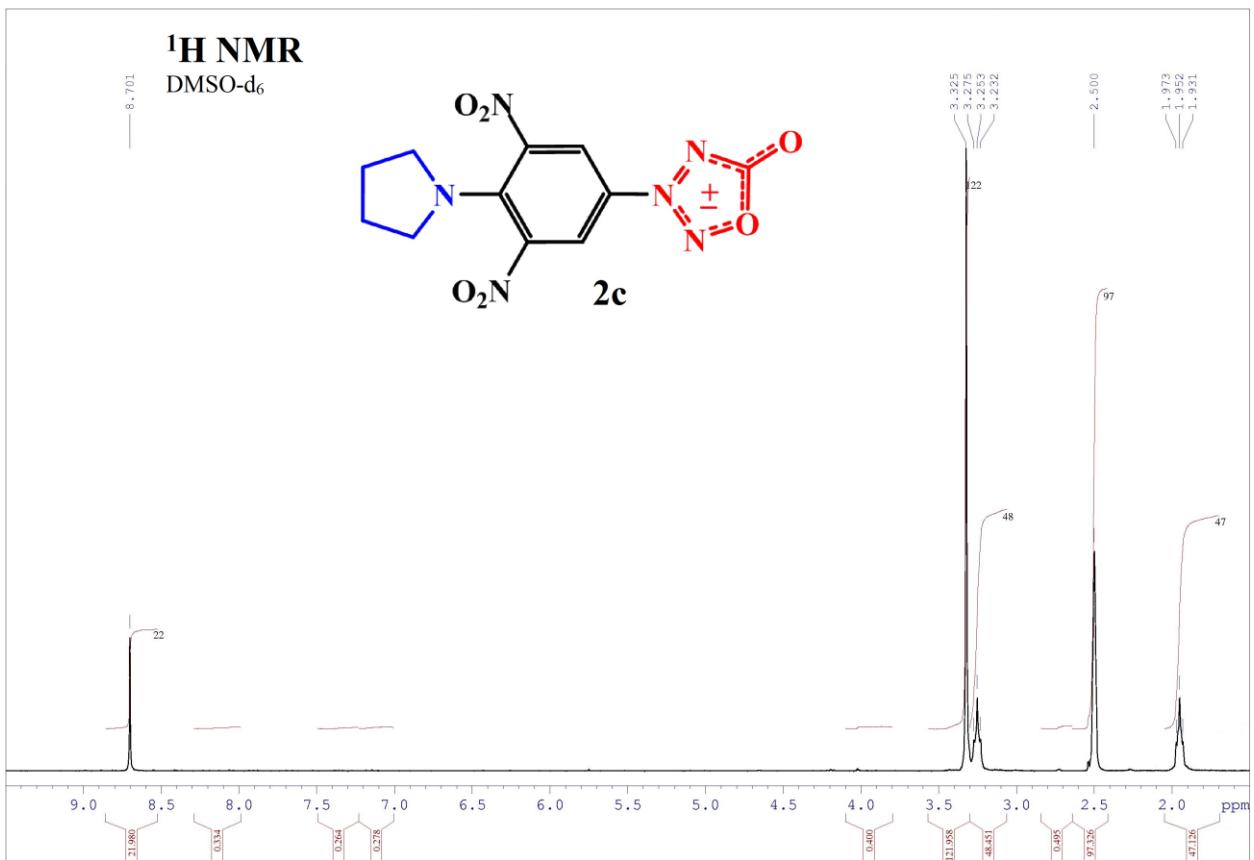
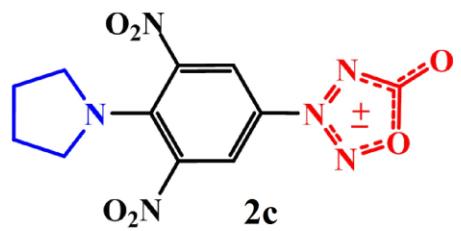
¹H NMR

DMSO-d₆

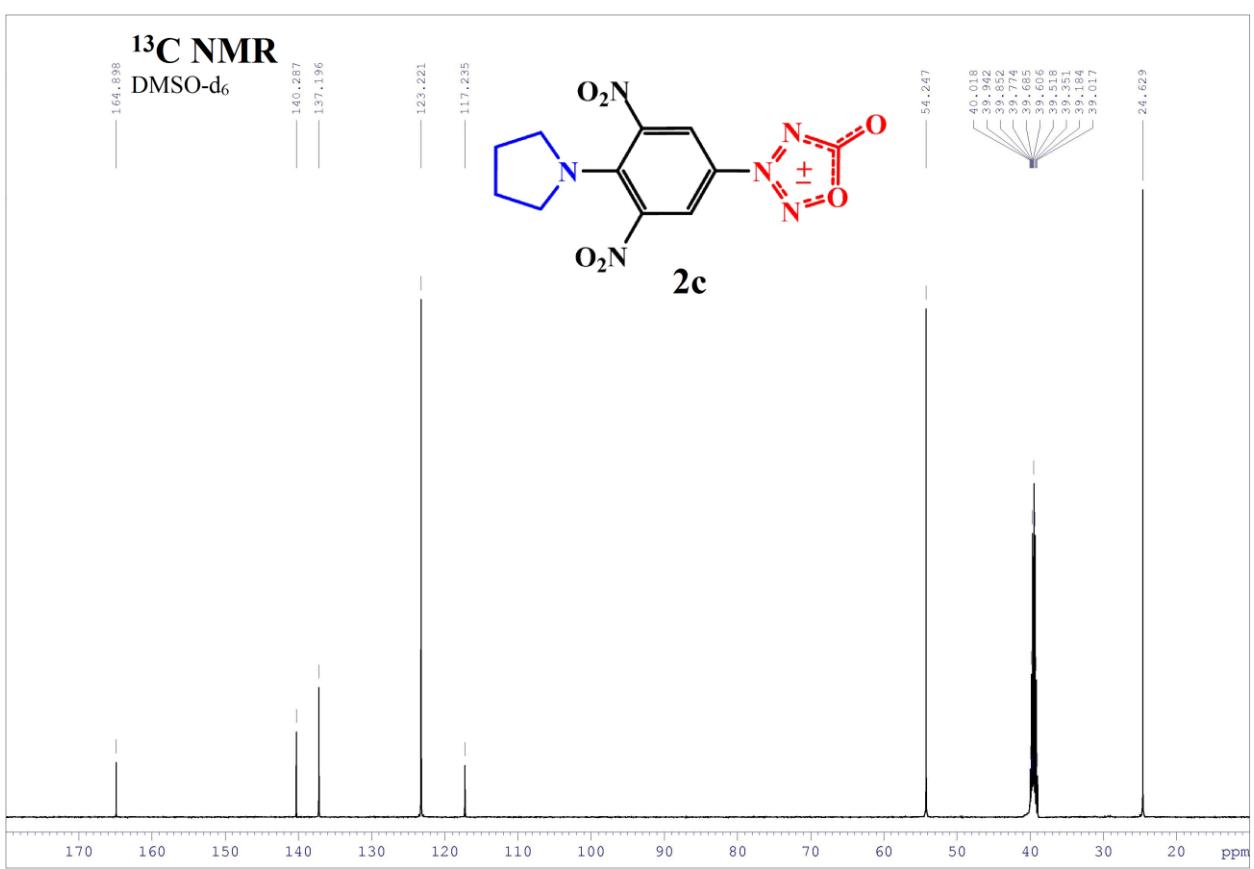
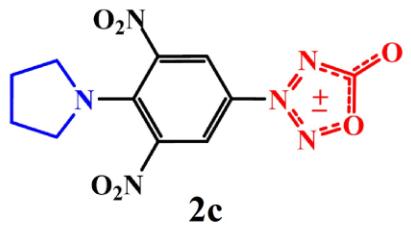


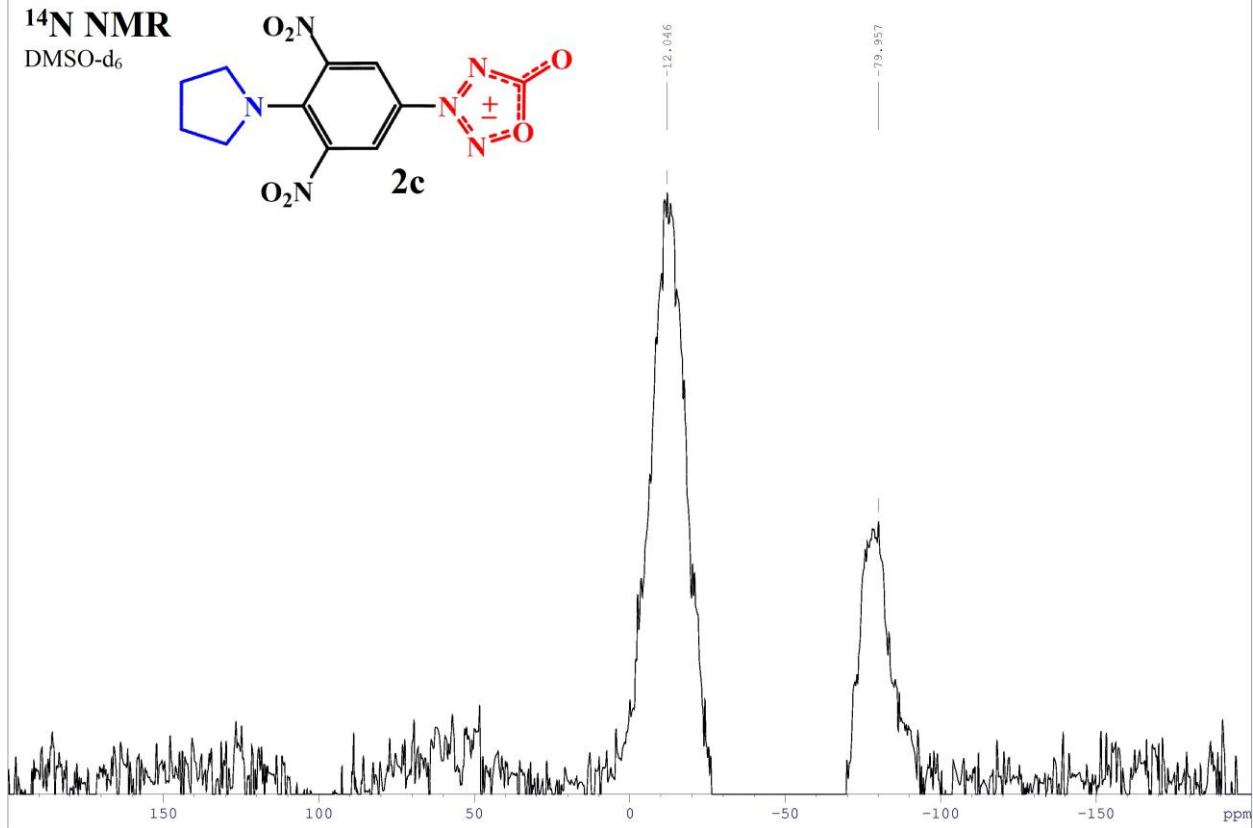
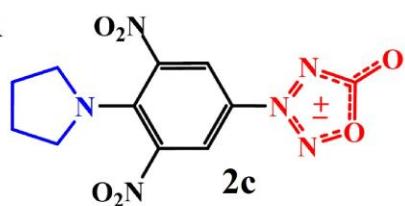
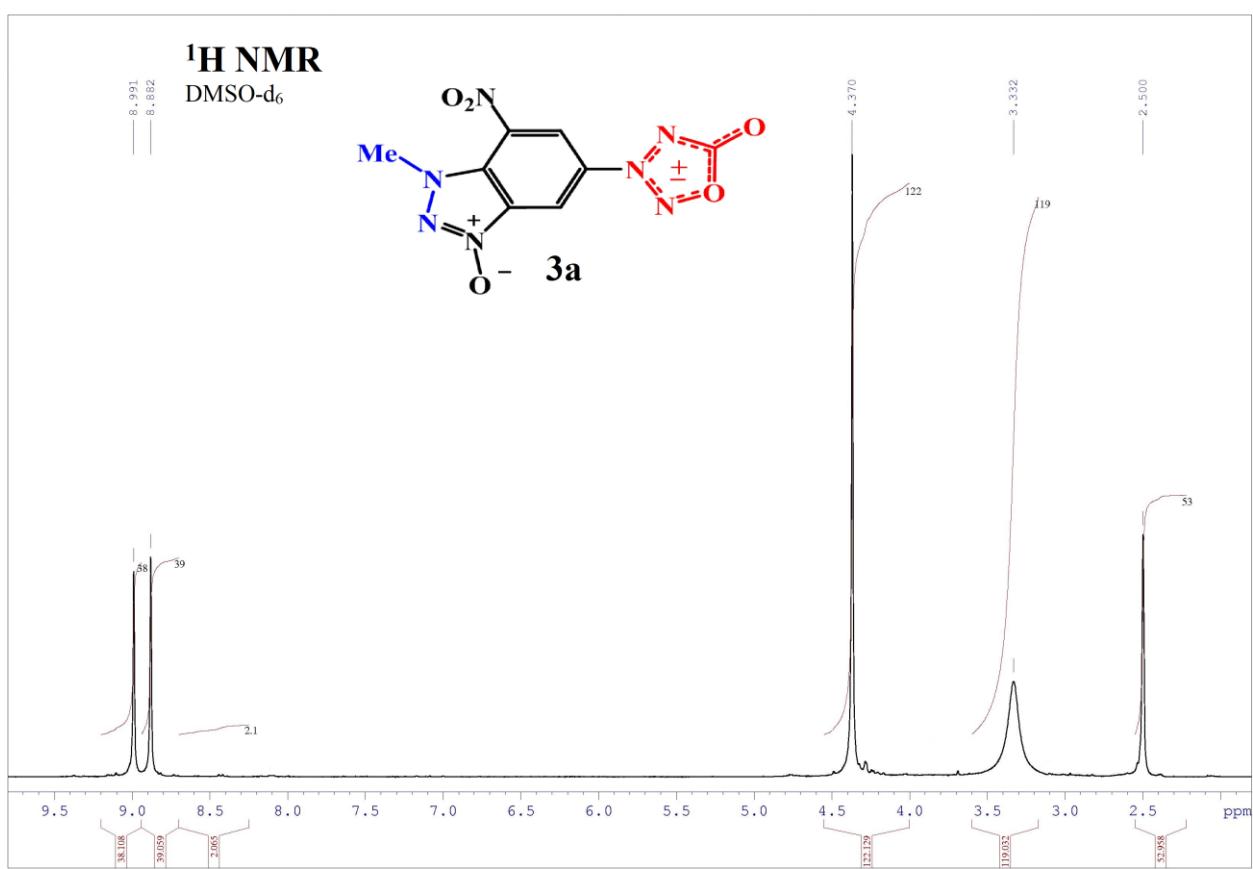
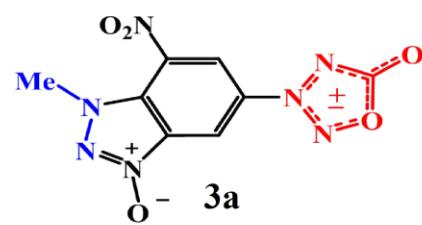


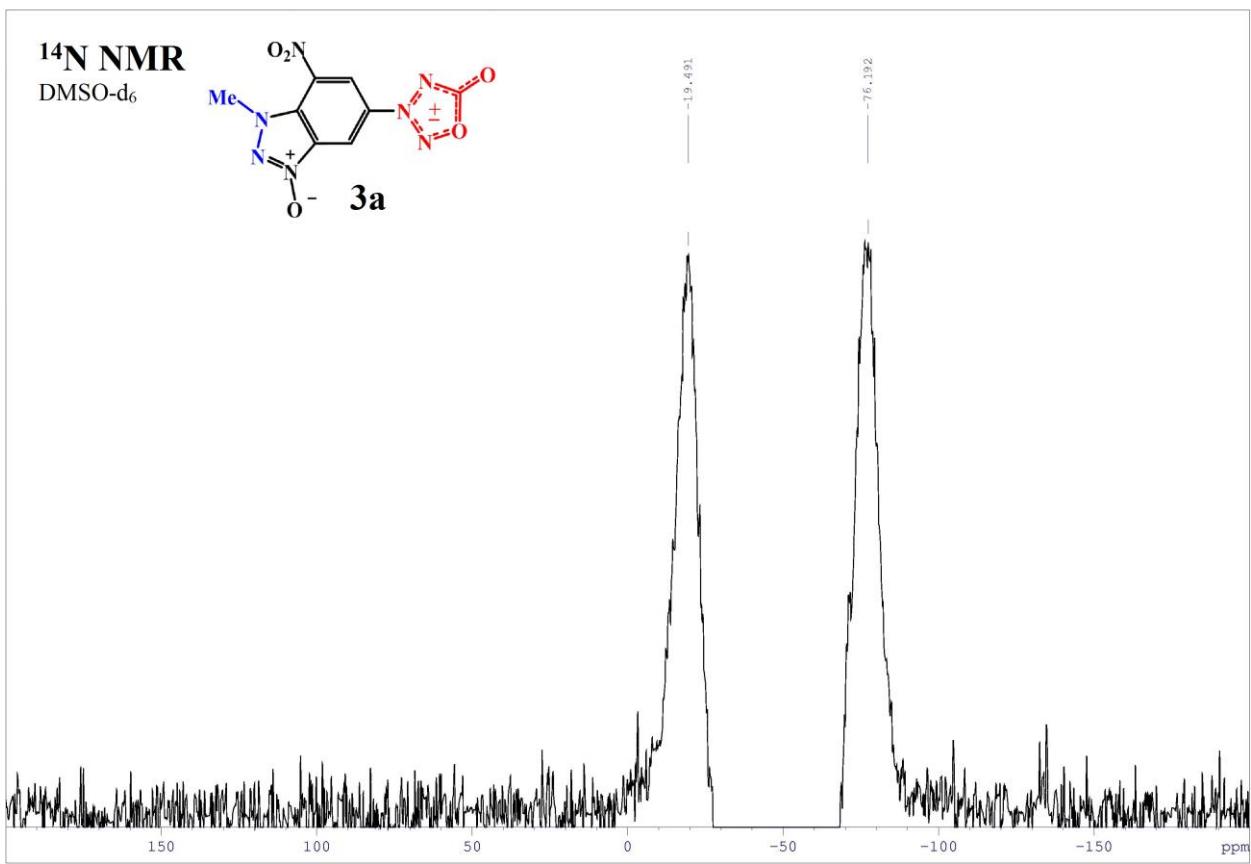
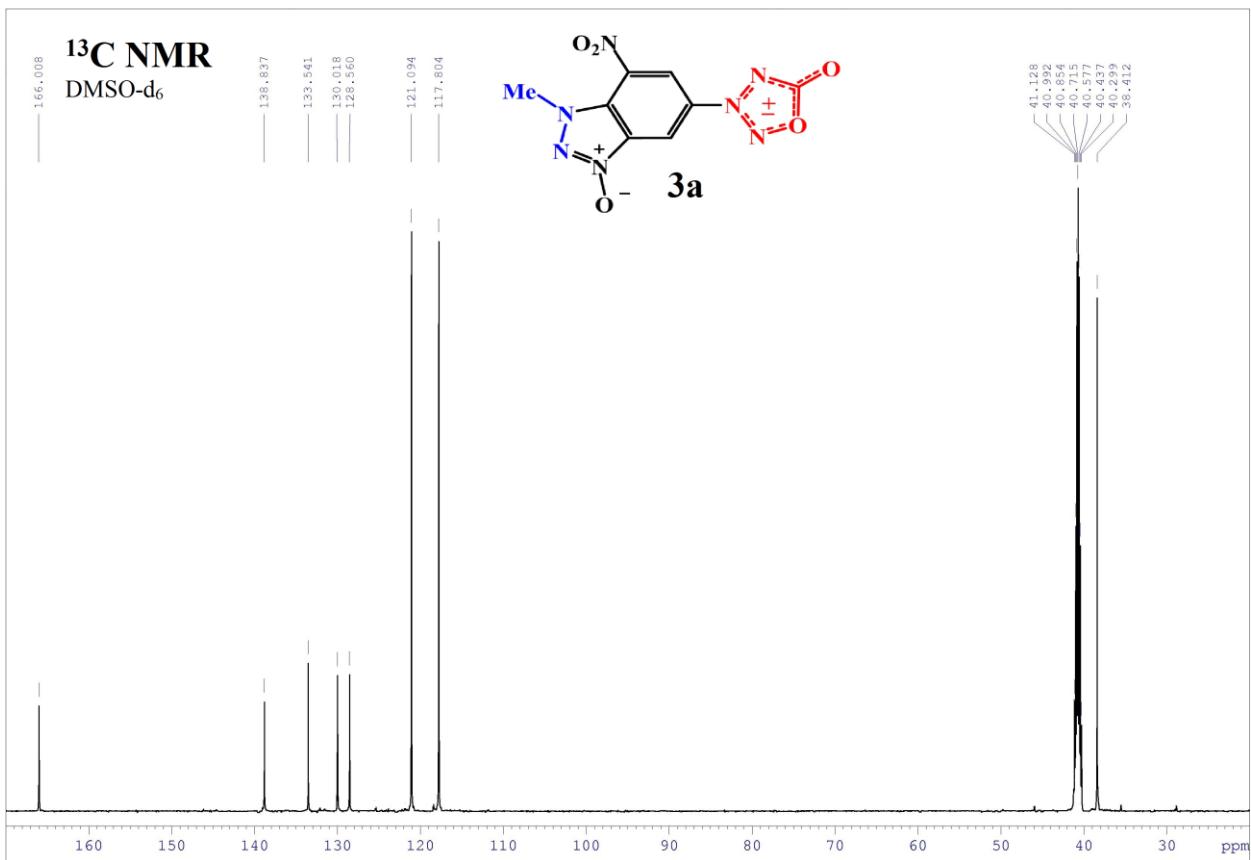
¹H NMR
DMSO-d₆



¹³C NMR
DMSO-d₆

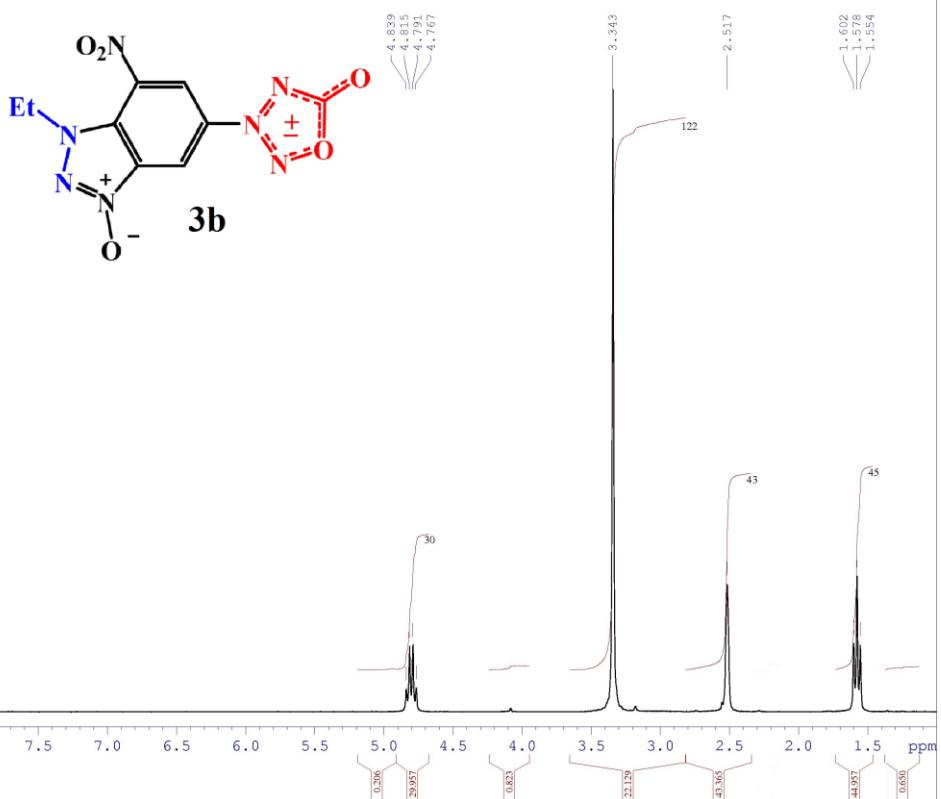


¹⁴N NMRDMSO-d₆**¹H NMR**DMSO-d₆



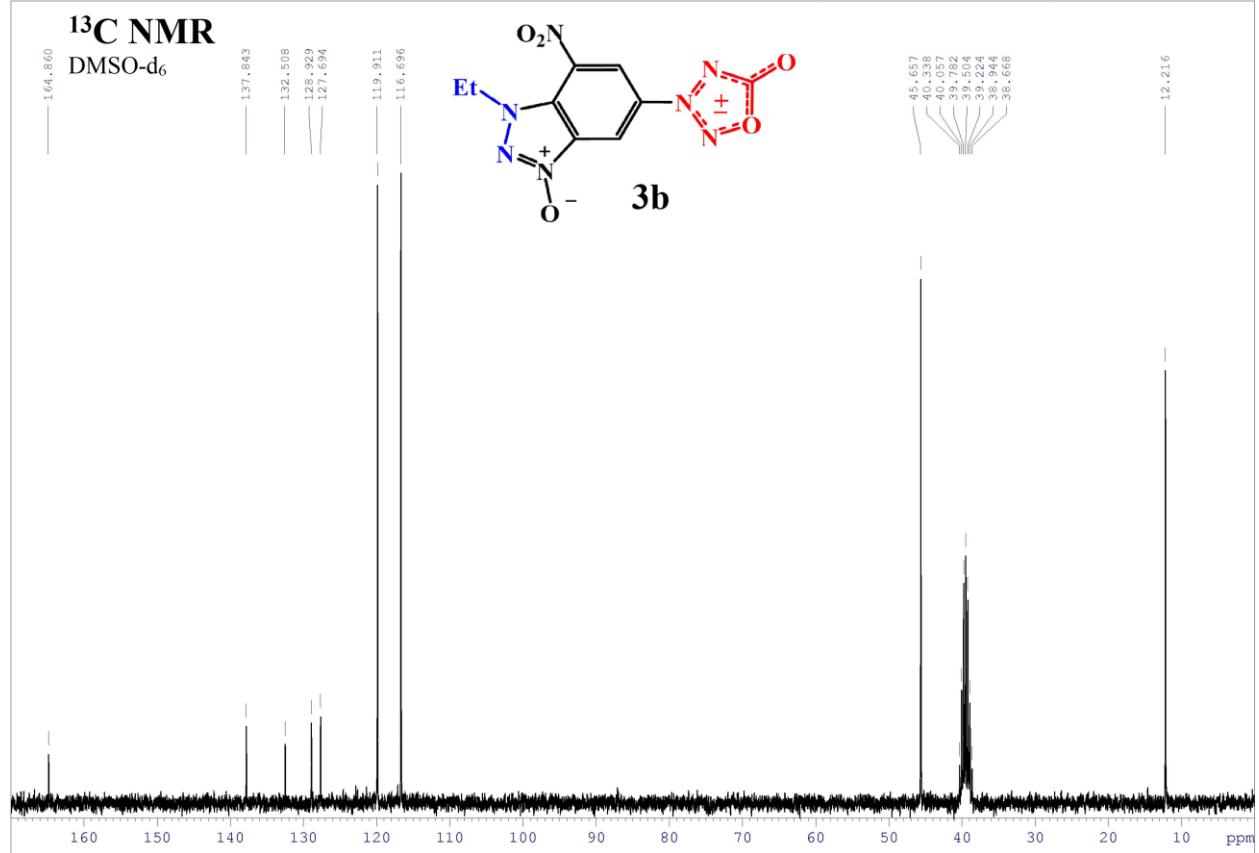
¹H NMR

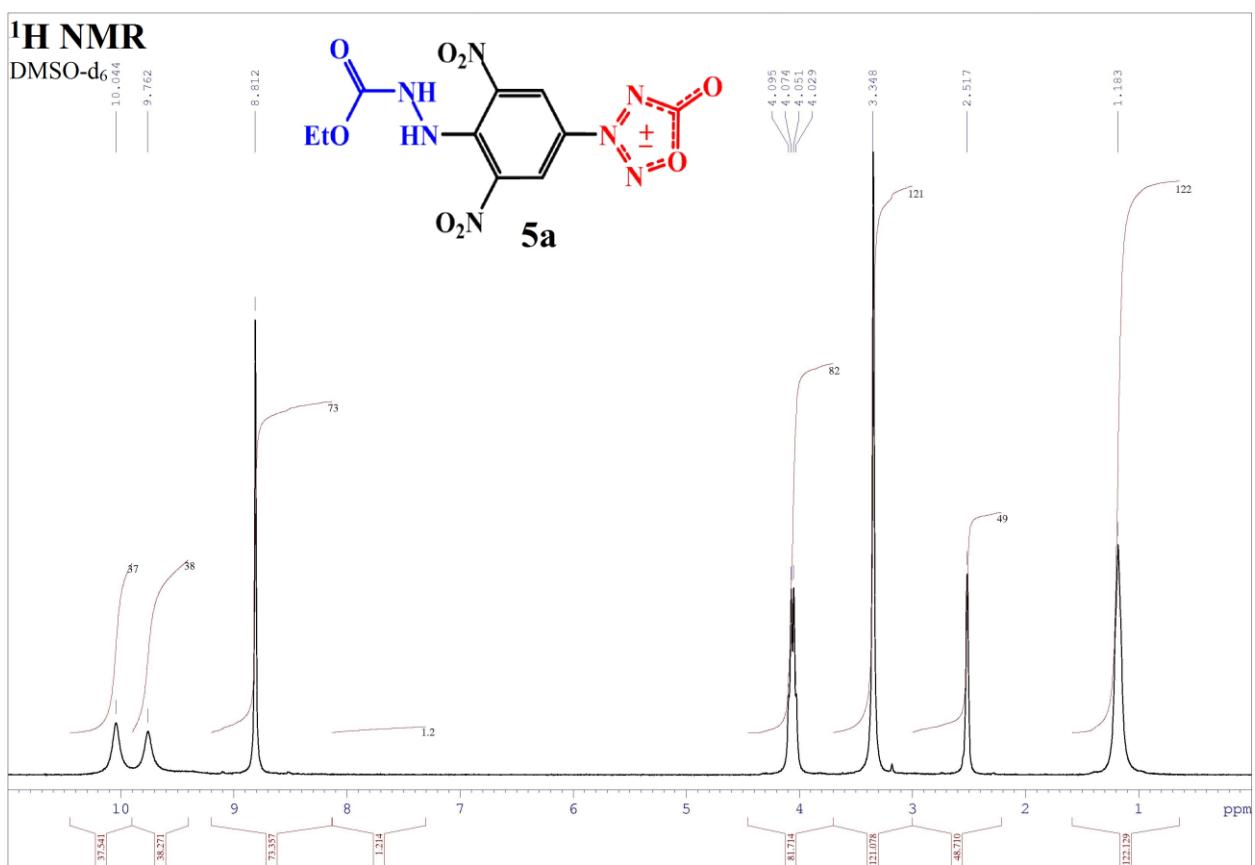
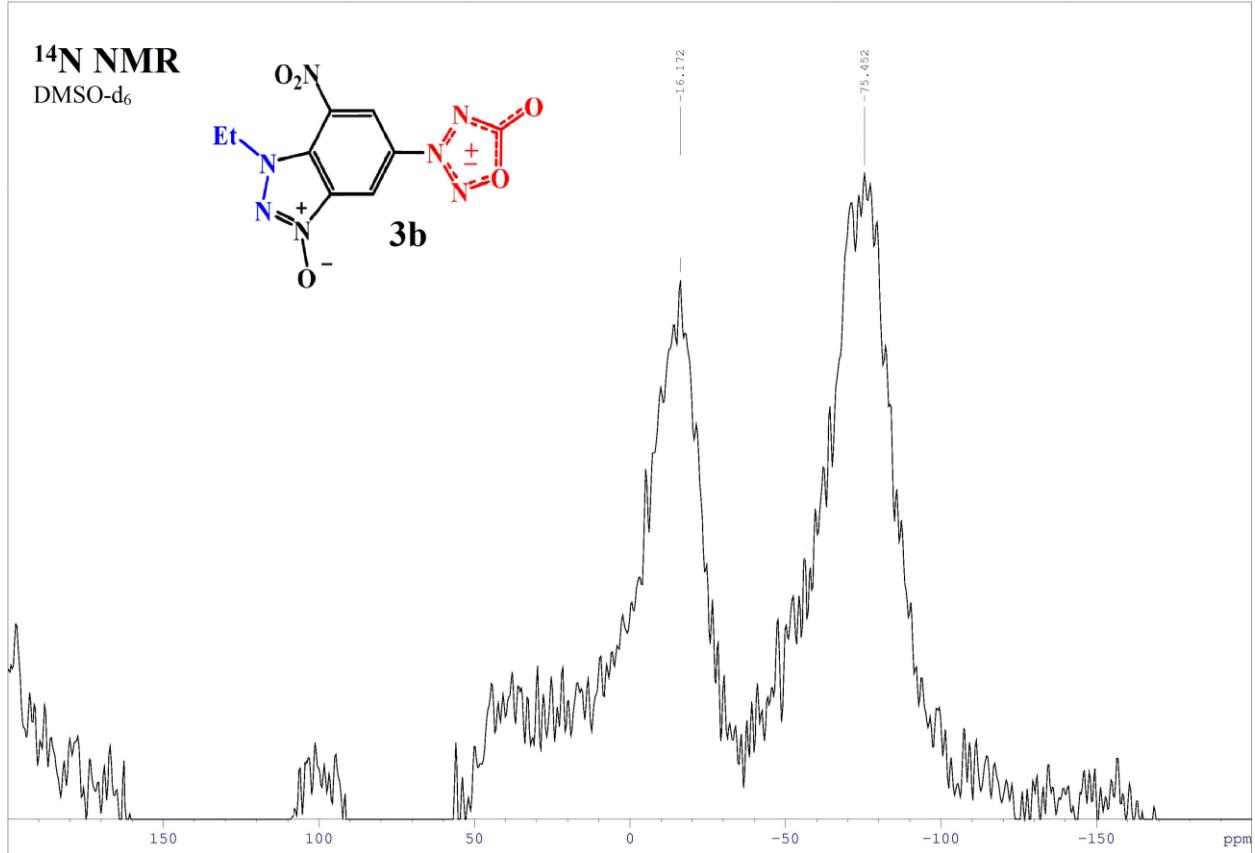
DMSO-d₆

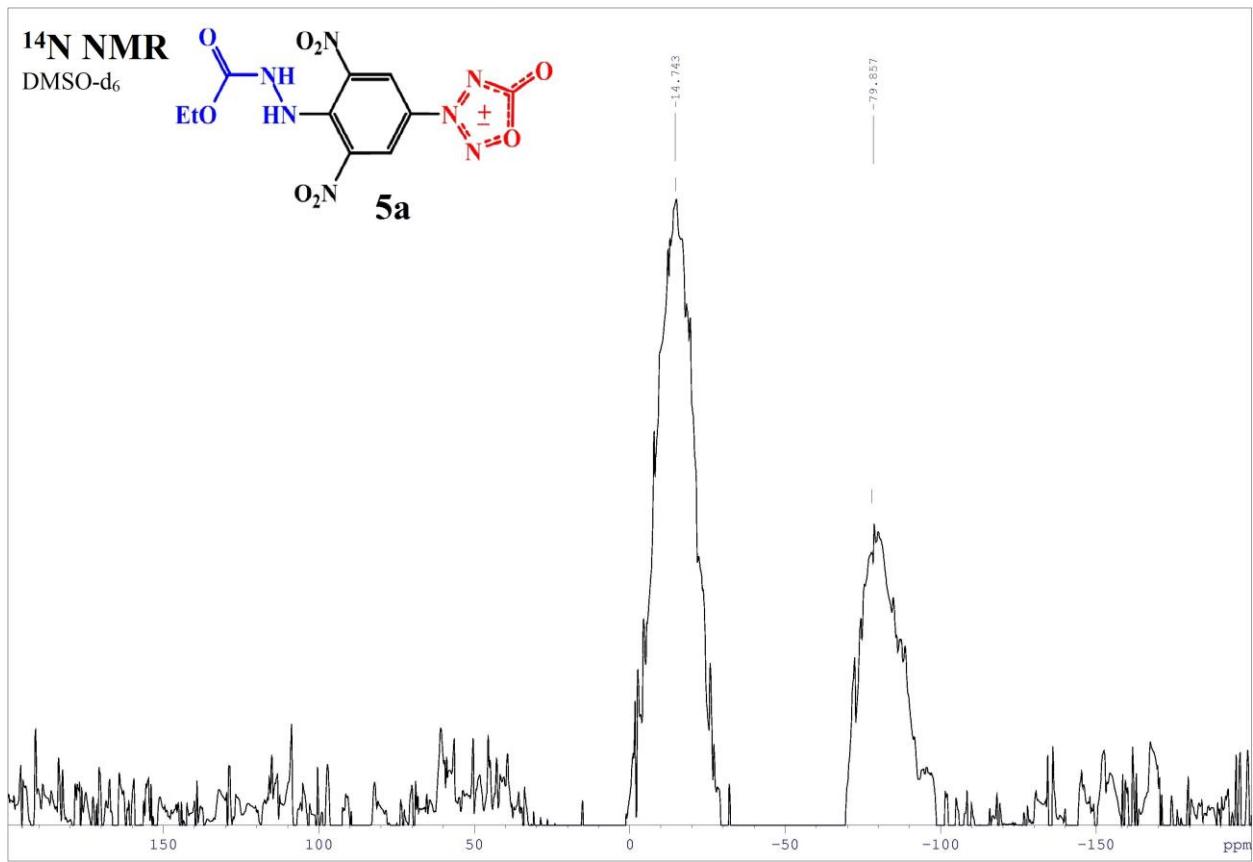
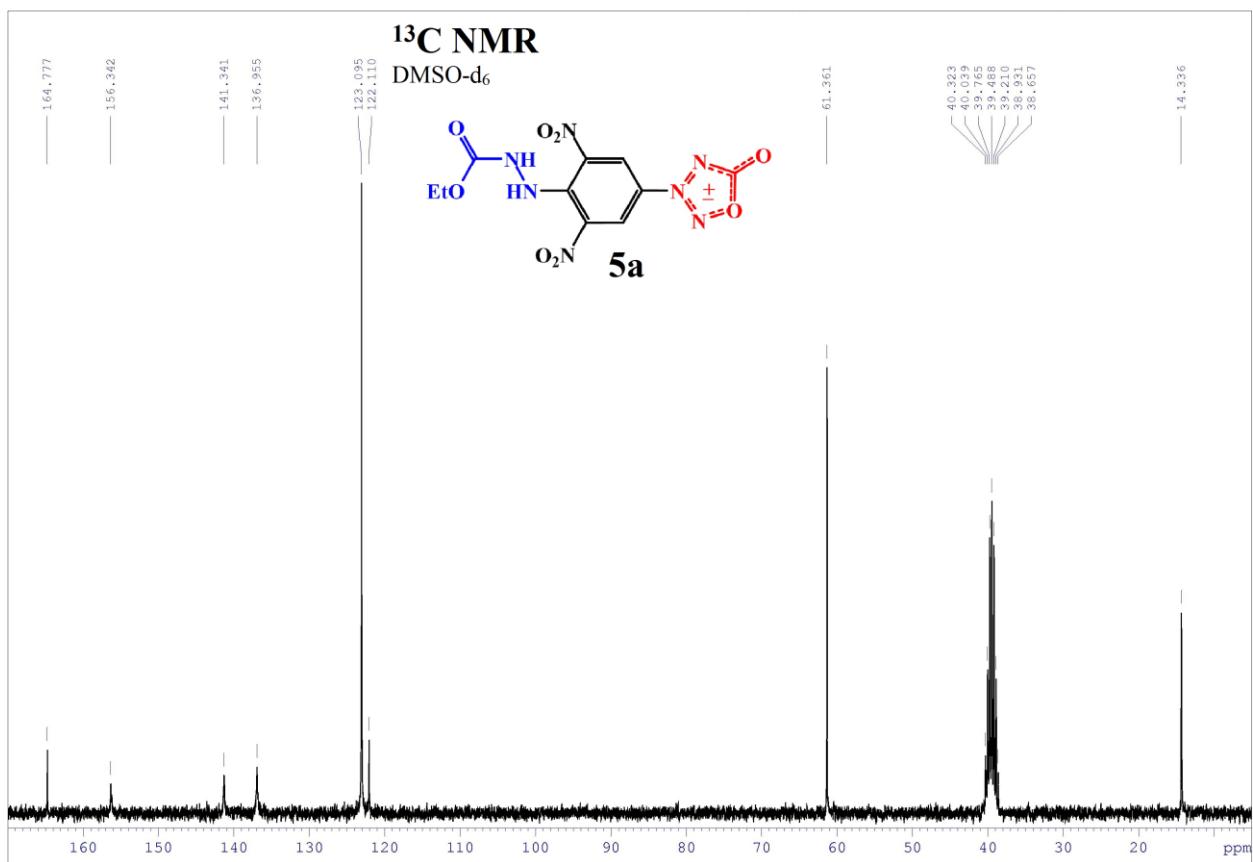


¹³C NMR

DMSO-d₆

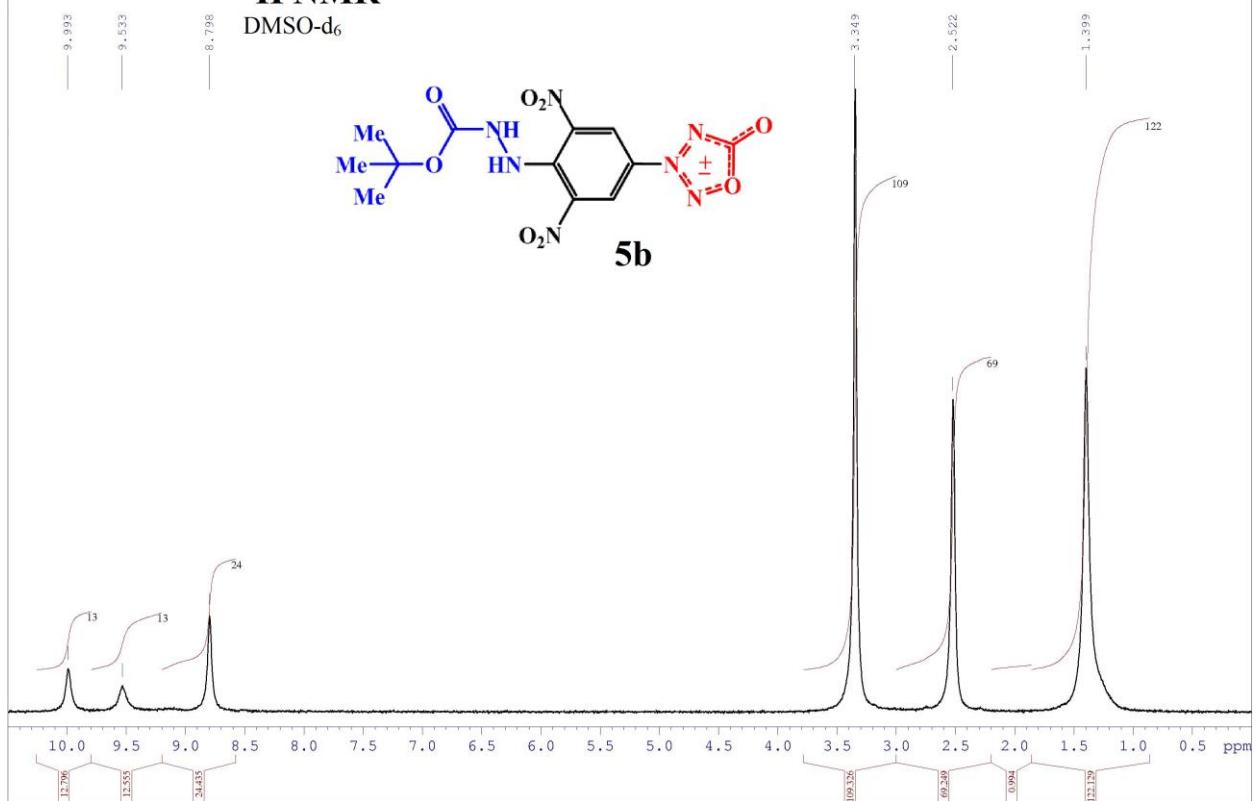






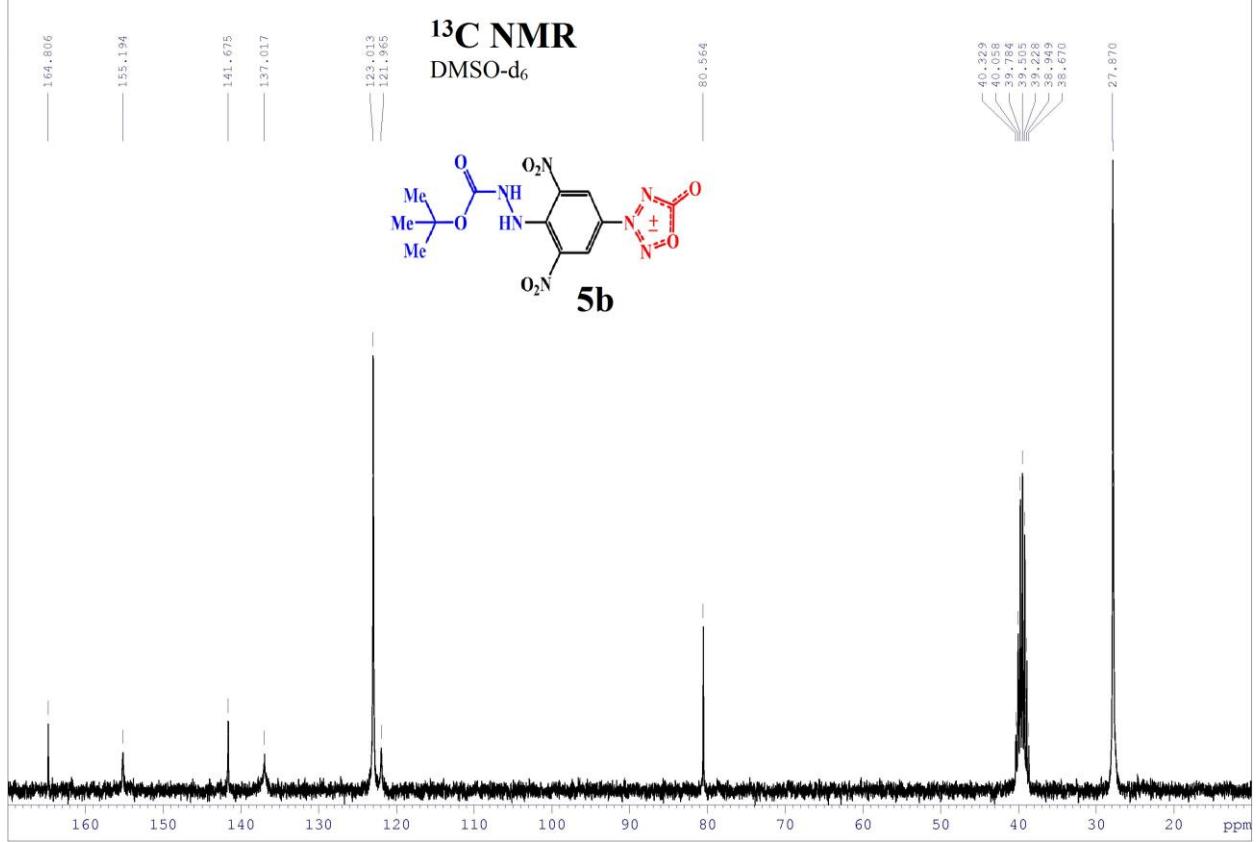
¹H NMR

DMSO-d₆



¹³C NMR

DMSO-d₆



¹⁴N NMR

DMSO-d₆

