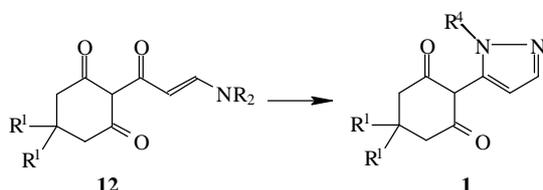


benzylideneanilines **2** were prepared using the general synthetic procedure.<sup>9</sup> 2-(Thiazol-4-yl)cyclohexane-1,3-diones were easily synthesised by a previously described procedure,<sup>6a-c</sup> whereas 2-(pyrazol-5-yl)cyclohexane-1,3-diones **1** were synthesised from enaminotriketones **12**<sup>7a,b</sup> and the corresponding hydrazines,<sup>8</sup> according to Scheme 2:

The approach described above is a further development of the block scheme for the design of carbo- and hetero-cyclic bioregulators.<sup>10a,b</sup> Even now, this scheme demonstrates<sup>5a-e</sup> its significant synthetic potential and, in fact, it is a new, fairly general, approach to the synthesis of various fused heterocyclic structures incorporating a pyridine ring with a nitrogen atom at the ring junction. The data presented in this paper, as well as the results of earlier studies<sup>3a-d,5a-e</sup> allow one to make a favourable prognosis regarding the extension of this synthetic method to other Schiff bases ranging from acyclic aldimines to complex polycyclic fused structures such as 3,4-dihydro- $\beta$ -carboline,<sup>11a</sup> 3,4-dihydropyrrolo[1,2-*a*]pyrazine,<sup>11b</sup> 2-(3*H*)-benzoazepine,<sup>11c</sup> etc., and to 2-heteroaryl(aryl)-substituted derivatives of 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds of both the aliphatic and heterocyclic series. On the other hand, the possibility found by us of involving the synthetic precursors of acyclic Schiff bases in this reaction,<sup>5e</sup> which makes it possible to accomplish its one-pot version and connects this process to known synthetic methods (electrophilic aromatic substitution,



Scheme 2

§ Synthesis of 2-pyrazolylcyclohexane-1,3-diones. A 5% excess of the corresponding hydrazine was added to a solution of 2-(2-dialkylamino-prop-2-enyl)cyclohexane-1,3-dione in 70% acetic acid. The resulting mixture was heated with continuous shaking until it boiled. In 5–10 min, intense formation of the target pyrazolyl diketone started. Heating was continued for an additional 10–15 min, and then the reaction mixture was diluted with a two- or three-fold excess of water, cooled and kept in the cold for crystallisation to be completed. The product was then filtered off, washed with water in the filter and dried. The pyrazolyl diketones thus obtained were homogeneous according to chromatography and could be used without additional purification.

Pictet–Spengler reaction) opens up new prospects for further theoretical and experimental studies aimed at the development of highly effective biogenetically similar schemes for the construction of practically valuable nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compounds, including natural substances.

For all the compounds synthesised, satisfactory elemental analysis data, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, IR and UV spectroscopy and mass spectrometry were obtained.

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