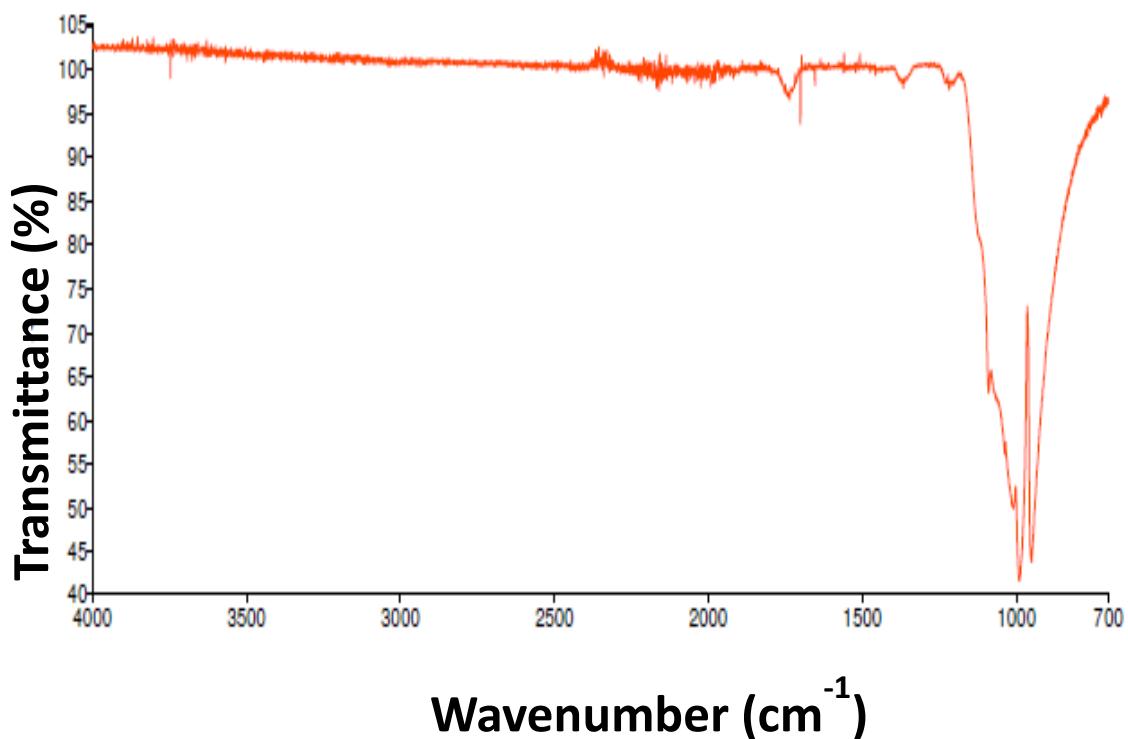


## Photoluminescence and thermoluminescence studies of $\text{Dy}^{3+}$ -activated $\text{LaCePO}_4$ phosphor

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### Results

FTIR spectrum of  $\text{Dy}^{3+}$  ion (2.5 mol%) doped  $\text{LaCePO}_4$  sample is presented in Figure S1. This transmittance spectrum can express very strongest peaks at  $920\text{ cm}^{-1}$  and  $1000\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The characteristic modes are due to ligand ion stretching or bending vibrations (La – O). The various peaks at  $1240\text{ cm}^{-1}$  arise because of the host (Ce-O) and its vibrations with oxygen ions. Also, peak at  $\sim 1620\text{ cm}^{-1}$  is allotted to the Dy-O doping ion vibration. Altogether, the peaks from the FTIR also confirm the  $\text{LaCePO}_4:\text{Dy}^{3+}$  phosphor formation are presented in Table S1.

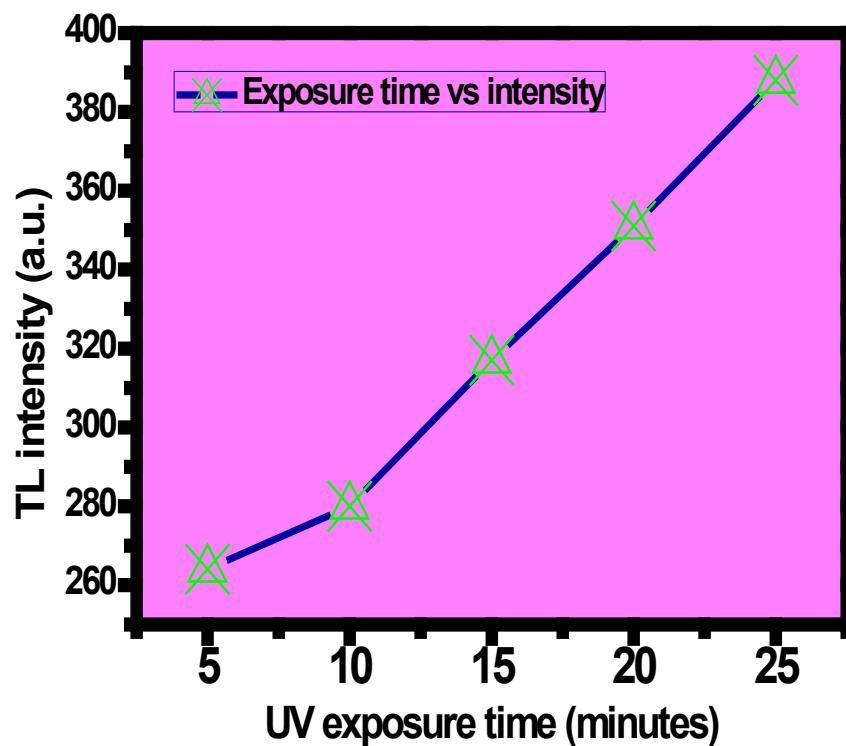


**Figure S1.** FTIR spectrum of  $\text{LaCePO}_4:\text{Dy}^{3+}$  ion (2.5 mol %) doped phosphor

**Table S1.** Assigned IR modes for LaCePO<sub>4</sub>:Dy<sup>3+</sup>

Experimentally obtained IR mode [cm <sup>-1</sup> ]	Assignation
920	La – O vibration
1000	La – O vibration
1240	Ce – O vibration
1620	Dy - O vibration

Figure S2 shows the UV exposure time versus TL intensity plot. This linear response shows the phosphate based Dy<sup>3+</sup> doped phosphor may be applicable for TL dosimetry.



**Figure S2.** UV exposure time versus TL intensity plot