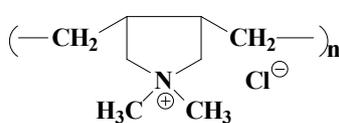


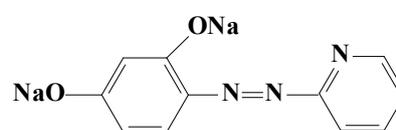
Significant improving H⁺/VO²⁺ permselectivity of Nafion membrane by modification with PDDA in aqueous isopropanol

Julia A. Zakharova, Maria F. Zansokhova, Evgeny A. Karpushkin and Vladimir G. Sergeyev

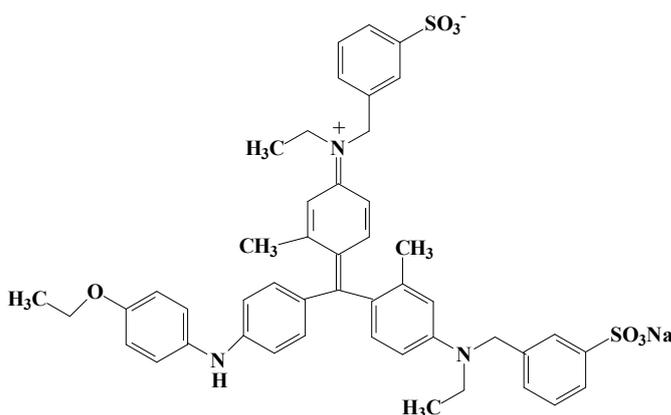
S1. Structures of organic compounds



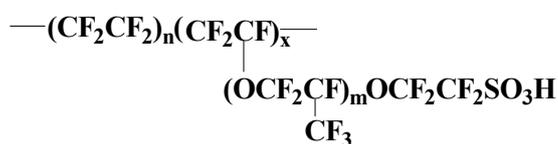
PDDA



PAR



Coomassie Brilliant Blue G250 (CBB)



Nafion

S2. Laboratory instruments used in the study

Spectroscopic measurements were carried out using a Perkin-Elmer Lambda EZ 201 UV/VIS spectrometer (United States).

Mettler Delta 350 pH-meter (Switzerland) equipped with a glass micro pH combination electrode (Sigma-Aldrich) was used for pH measurements.

IR spectra of the membranes were recorded using a Nicolet iS59 FR-IR spectrometer (Thermo Scientific Intertech).

The impedance was measured using SP-300 (“Bio-Logic SAS”, France) instrument.

S3. Experimental details

Prior to the modification, commercial Nafion 112 membrane (Sigma-Aldrich, USA, equivalent mass 1100 g mol^{-1} , thickness $51 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$) was pretreated according to conventional procedure.^{S1} To perform the modification, weighed $2 \times 2 \text{ cm}$ or $4 \times 4 \text{ cm}$ specimens of water-swollen Nafion 112 membrane were incubated in modification solution during 20–24 h, thoroughly washed with bidistilled water, and kept in 2.5 M sulfuric acid before use. Modification solutions (20 ml) comprised 5–15 mM PDDA (M_w 157 kDa as per light scattering data, Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan) and 10–35 wt% isopropanol in deionized water. The PDDA concentration was determined *via* precipitation titration with sodium dodecylsulfate^{S2,S3} and expressed in mol/L of the ionic groups. The molar ratio of PDDA ionic groups to the membrane sulfo-groups exceeded 1 in all cases.

The membranes permeability (P , $\text{cm}^2 \text{ min}^{-1}$) towards vanadyl ions was determined using a two-compartment static cell and calculated using a conventional diffusion equation.^{S4} Due to extremely low concentration of vanadyl ions to be measured, it was determined by means of spectrophotometry upon conversion in the 1:1 complex with 4-(2-pyridylazo)resorcinol disodium salt (PAR).^{S5} Through-plane proton conductivity (σ) was determined by means of impedance spectroscopy using a Teflon cell equipped with platinum electrodes (area 1 cm^2).^{S6} Equilibrium swelling degree (α) was measured by means of gravimetry and expressed as the mass of the solvent in the swollen specimen per gram of dry membrane. Ion-exchange capacity (IEC, mol of protons per 1 g of dry membrane) was determined by potentiometric titration of protons released from the membrane upon keeping in 2 M NaCl solution for 5 days. Staining of the membranes in the Bradford reagent solution^{S7} (based on Coomassie Brilliant Blue G250) was performed during 1.5 min and 24 h.

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