

New aspects of reactions of methyl (thio)ureas with benzil

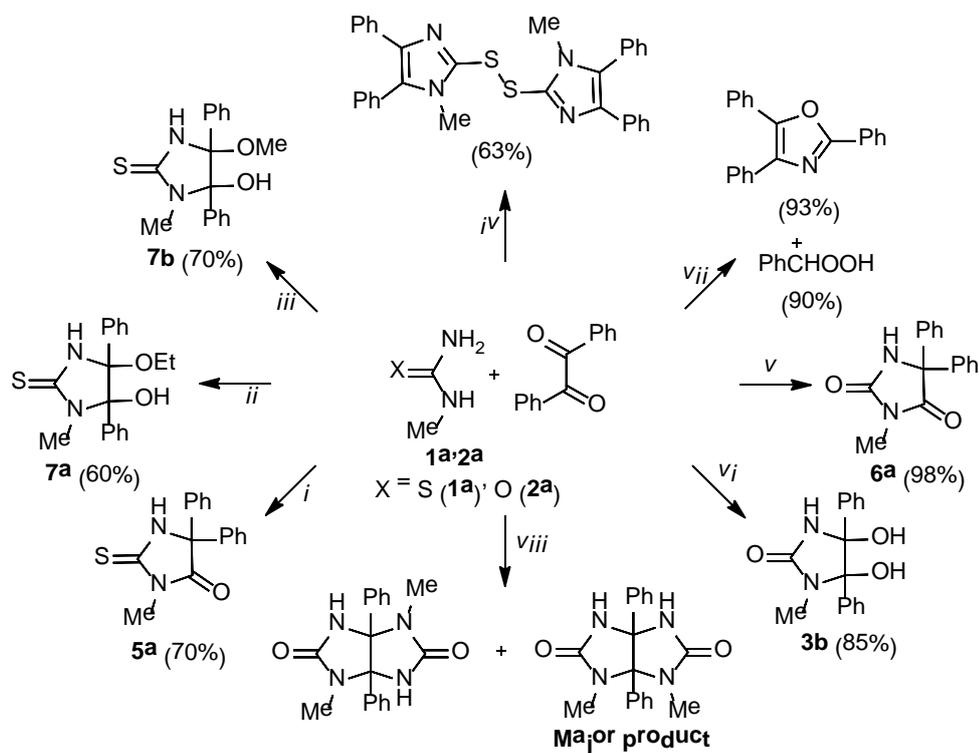
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General

All reagents (Acros) were used as purchased, unless otherwise indicated. ¹H and ¹³C NMR were recorded at 23 to 28 °C using Bruker AM300 (¹H, 300.13 MHz; ¹³C, 75.5 MHz). Chemical shifts are reported in the δ scale relative to Me₄Si as internal standard. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Bruker micrOTOF II instrument using the electrospray ionization method (ESI). Melting points were determined in a SMP10 instrument (Stuart).

The synthesis of 1-alkyl thioureas **1b,c** was carried out by treatment of ethyl or isobutyl isothiocyanates, respectively, with aqueous ammonia [S1,S2]. 1-Ethyl-, 1-propyl- and 1-butylureas were obtained by the reaction of the corresponding alkylamine hydrochlorides with potassium isocyanate [S3-S5]. Compounds **5a-c,6a-d,7a,b** were obtained using methods (see Online Supplementary Materials) different from the known ones [S6-S11]. The melting points of the compounds **7a,b**, given in the literature [S8], differ from the melting temperatures of these compounds synthesized in this work.



Scheme S1 Reagents and conditions: *i*. $\text{X} = \text{S}$, EtOH, NaOH, reflux, 3 h; *ii*. $\text{X} = \text{S}$, EtOH, NaOH, 30 °C, 30 min; *iii*. $\text{X} = \text{S}$, MeOH, NaOH, 30 °C, 30 min; *iv*. $\text{X} = \text{S}$, EtOH, HCl, reflux, 3 h; *v*. $\text{X} = \text{O}$, dipenten, reflux, 1.5 h; *vi*. 1) Na, Pr¹OH, reflux, 2) 1-methyl ureas 2 equiv, reflux, 30 min; *vii*. 1-methyl ureas 3 equiv 180 °C, (CH₂OH)₂, 1 h; *viii*. 1-methyl ureas 2 equiv, TFA, PhH, reflux, 6 h.

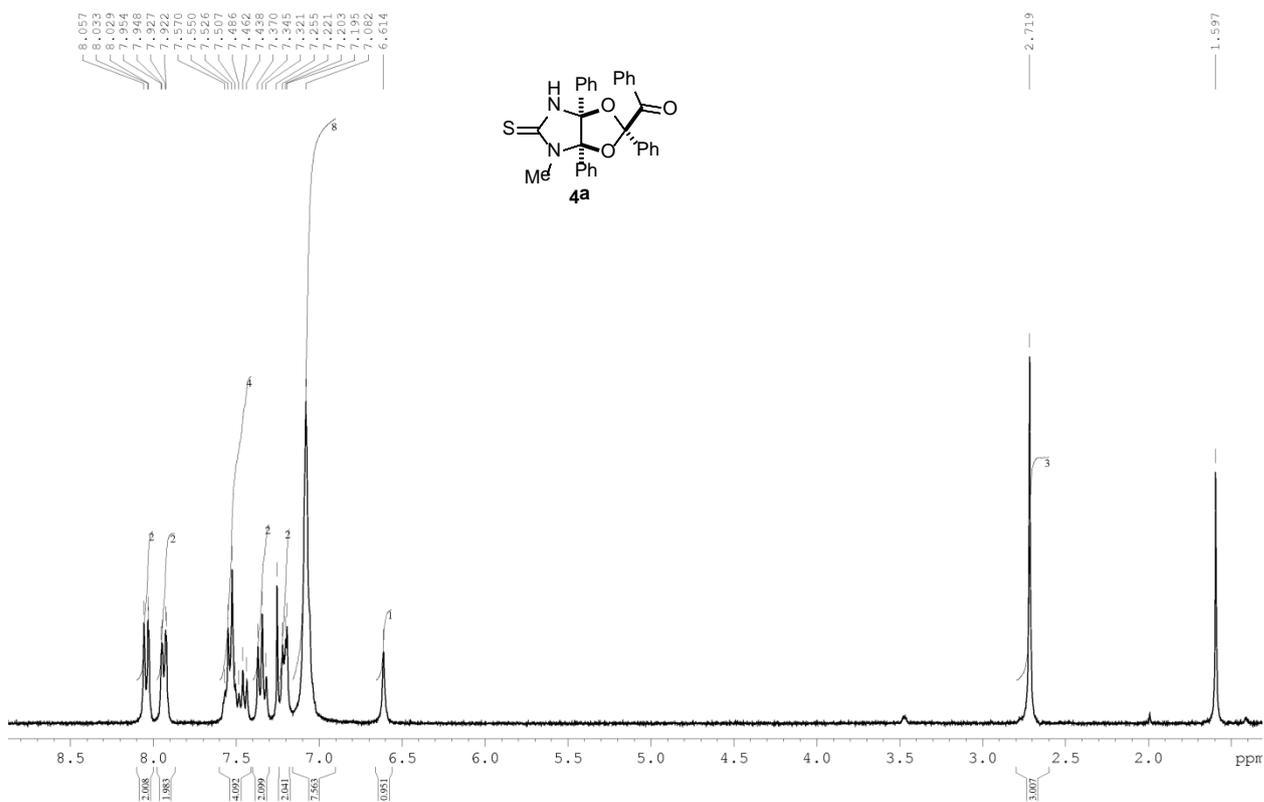


Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4a**.

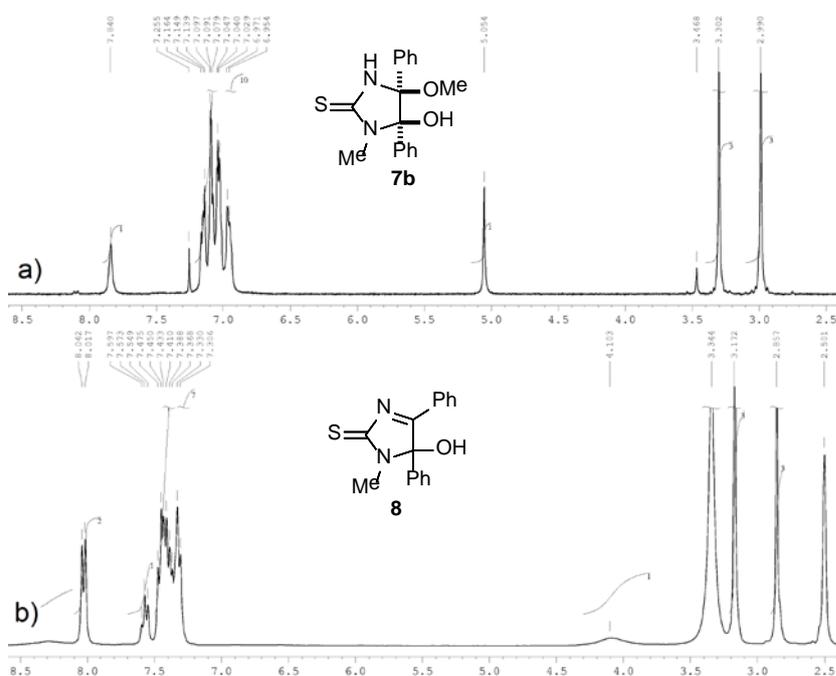


Figure S2 ^1H NMR spectra: a) compound **7b** (CDCl_3), b) (**8** + MeOH) ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$).

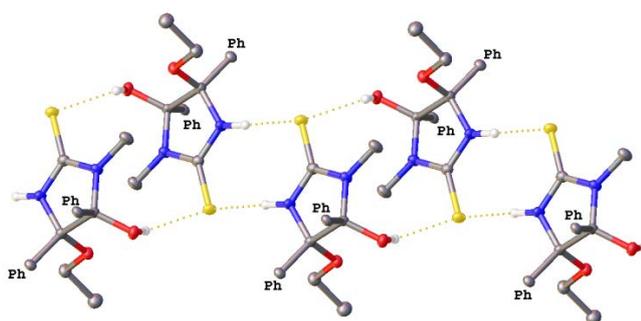


Figure S3 Fragment of the crystal packing in **7a** illustrating the formation of infinite chains from centrosymmetric dimers.

Synthesis of compounds 4a,b (general procedure): A solution of KOH (16 mg, 0.35 mmol) in water (5 ml) was added to a suspension of benzil (1.05 g, 5 mmol) and 1-methyl(thio)urea (5 mmol) in Pr^iOH . The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 25 min. The precipitate of the product **4a,b** was filtered off and washed with Et_2O . To obtain the crystals, the powders of compounds **4a,b** were crystallized from MeCN.

rac-(2S,3aR*,6aS*)-4-Methyl-2,3a,6a-triphenyl-5-thioxotetrahydro-3aH-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-d]imidazol-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone 4a.* Colorless crystals. Yield 34% (0.42 g), mp 225–227 °C (MeCN). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 2.72 (s, 3H, NMe); 6.61 (s, 1H, NH); 7.00–7.10 (m, 8H, Ph); 7.15–7.24 (m, 2H, Ph); 7.29–7.38 (m, 2H, Ph); 7.42–7.58 (m, 4H, Ph); 7.88–8.00 (m, 2H, Ph); 8.02–8.11 (m, 2H, Ph). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3), δ : 30.52 (Me), 100.24, 105.80, 109.92 (C-

Ph), 126.07, 126.86, 127.04, 127.93, 128.12, 128.15, 129.12, 130.07, 130.28, 133.11 (CH(Ph)), 133.18, 133.60, 134.99, 135.17 (C(Ph)), 183.48 (C=S), 194.35 (C=O). HRMS, m/z : 493.1581 $[M+H]^+$ (calc. for: $C_{30}H_{24}N_2O_3S+H$, m/z : 493.1580).

rac-(2*S**,3*aR**,6*aS**)-2-Benzoyl-4-methyl-2,3*a*,6*a*-triphenyldihydro-3*aH*-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*d*]imidazol-5(4*H*)-one **4b**. Colorless crystals. Yield 37% (0.44 g), mp 200–201 °C (MeCN). 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$), δ : 2.47 (s, 3H, NMe); 5.67 (s, 1 H, NH); 6.97–7.14 (m, 8H, Ph); 7.15–7.24 (m, 2H, Ph); 7.27–7.38 (m, 2H, Ph); 7.39–7.59 (m, 4H, Ph); 7.85–7.98 (m, 2H, Ph); 8.00–8.11 (m, 2H, Ph). ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$), δ : 26.31 (Me), 98.40, 103.08, 109.89 (C-Ph), 126.06, 127.10, 127.79, 128.01, 128.21, 128.74, 128.82, 129.06, 129.89, 130.30, 132.99 (CH(Ph)), 133.78, 133.99, 135.55, 135.98 (C(Ph)), 158.12 (N-C=O), 196.10 (C=O). HRMS, m/z : 477.1808 $[M+H]^+$ (calc. for: $C_{30}H_{24}N_2O_4+H$, m/z : 477.1809).

*Synthesis 5-hydroxy-1-methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1*H*-imidazole-2(5*H*)-thione 8*. A solution of bright orange compound **8** was obtained, when ethers **7a,b** were dissolved in $DMSO-d_6$ after heating for 1 min. 1H NMR ($DMSO-d_6$), δ : 2.86 (s, 3H, NMe); 3.17 (s, 3H, Me(MeOH)); 4.10 (s, 1H, OH(MeOH)); 7.25–7.50 (m, 7H, Ph); 7.53–7.62 (m, 1H, Ph); 7.98–8.10 (m, 2H, Ph); 8.11–8.60 (br.s, 1H, OH). ^{13}C NMR ($DMSO-d_6$), δ : 27.41 (NMe), 48.60 (MeOH) 98.16 (C-Ph), 124.77, 126.67, 128.42, 128.70, 129.31, 133.68, 135.34 (Ph), 183.81, 191.04 (C=S, C=N). HRMS, m/z : 283.0905 $[M+H]^+$ (calc. for: $C_{16}H_{14}N_2OS+H$, m/z : 283.0900).

Synthesis of compounds 7a,b (general procedure). A solution of KOH (16 mg, 0.35 mmol) in water (1 ml) was added to a suspension of benzil (2.10 g, 10 mmol) and 1-methylthiourea (0.90 g, 10 mmol) in methanol or ethanol (5 ml). The mixture was stirred at ~20 °C for 25 min. The precipitates of products **7a,b** were filtered off and washed with Et_2O .

rac-(4*S**,5*R**)-4-Ethoxy-5-hydroxy-1-methyl-4,5-diphenylimidazolidine-2-thione **7a**. White powder, yield 60% (1.97 g), mp 174–176 °C (EtOH), (141 °C [S7]). 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, δ , ppm): 1.29 (t, 3 H, $J = 7.0$ Hz, Me); 2.99 (s, 3 H, NMe); 3.28 – 3.40 m, 1 H, CH_2); 3.59 – 3.62 (m, 1 H, CH_2); 5.14 (s, 1 H, OH); 6.90–7.20 (m, 10 H, Ph); 7.82 (s, 1 H, NH). ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$, δ , ppm): 15.09 (CMe), 28.77 (NMe), 59.53 (CH_2) 94.06, 98.12 (C-Ph), 126.52, 126.90, 127.73, 127.84, 128.27, 128.58 (CH(Ph)), 133.86, 135.22 (C(Ph)), 181.86 (C=S). HRMS, m/z : 283.0905 $[M+H-C_2H_5OH]^+$ (calc. for: $C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_2S+H-C_2H_5OH$, m/z : 283.0900).

rac-(4*S**,5*R**)-5-Hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-methyl-4,5-diphenylimidazolidine-2-thione **7b**. White powder, yield 73% (2.29 g), mp 178–180 °C (MeOH), (136 °C [S7]). 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, δ , ppm): 2.99 (s, 3 H, NMe); 3.30 (s, 3 H, OMe); 5.05 (s, 1 H, OH); 6.90–7.20 (m, 10 H, Ph); 7.84 (s, 1 H, NH). ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$, δ , ppm): 28.86 (NMe), 51.17 (OMe) 94.51, 98.34 (C-Ph), 126.63, 127.22, 127.88, 128.03, 128.44, 128.82 (CH(Ph)), 133.14, 135.32 (C(Ph)), 181.99

(C=S). HRMS, m/z: 283.0904 [M+H-CH₃OH]⁺ (calc. for: C₁₇H₁₈N₂O₂S+H-CH₃OH, m/z: 283.0900).

Synthesis of 3-alkyl-5,5-diphenyl-2-thioxoimidazolidin-4-ones 5a-c and 3-alkyl-5,5-diphenylimidazolidine-2,4-diones 6a-d (general procedure). A solution of KOH (16 mg, 0.35 mmol) in water (1 ml) was added to a suspension of benzil (1.05 g, 5 mmol) and 1-methyl-, 1-ethyl- or 1-isobutylthiourea (5 mmol) **1a-c** or 1-methyl-, 1-ethyl, 1-propyl, or 1-butylurea **2a-d** in PrⁱOH (50 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, evaporated to dryness, and the resulting powders were crystallized from MeOH. The precipitate **5a-c**, **6a-d** was filtered off and washed with Et₂O. Yields: **5a**, 92% (70% [S7]); **5b**, 89% (56% [S9]); **5c**, 88% (40% [S10]); **6a**, 91% (98% [S12]); **6b**, 90% (42% [S11]); **6c**, 87% (71% [S11]); **6d**, 90%, (62% [S6]). Physicochemical characteristics of the synthesized thiohydantoines **3a-c** and hydantoines **6a-d** correspond to the literature data [S6,S7,S9-S12].

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