

Synthesis and optical properties of novel unsymmetrically substituted benzothiadiazole-based luminophores

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General information

All reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere and solvents were distilled from appropriate drying agents prior to use. All reagents were used as purchased. 4,7-Dibromo-1,3,5-benzothiadiazole [M. E. Mohanty, C. Madhu, V. L. Reddy, M. Paramasivam, P. R. Bangal and V. J. Rao, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, 2017, **19**, 9118] and 4H-dithieno[3,2-b:2',3'-d]pyrrole [S. Förtsch, A. Vogt and P. Bäuerle, *J. Phys. Org. Chem.*, 2017, **30**, 3743] were prepared according to the published methods and characterized by NMR spectra. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 instrument (400 MHz ¹H, 101 MHz ¹³C, 376 MHz ¹⁹F (CFCl₃ as reference)). The chemical shifts are frequency referenced relative to the solvent residual peaks. Coupling constants *J* are given in Hertz as positive values regardless of their real individual signs.

Photophysical properties

Optical absorption spectra were recorded using a PC 2000 OceanOptics spectrophotometer (deuterium lamp). The PL spectra were recorded using a Varian Cary Eclipse spectrofluorimeter (Xe pulse lamp pulsed at 80 Hz, pulse width at half peak height $\sim 2 \mu\text{s}$, peak power equivalent to 75 kW). Quartz cuvettes 10x10 mm was used for both cases.

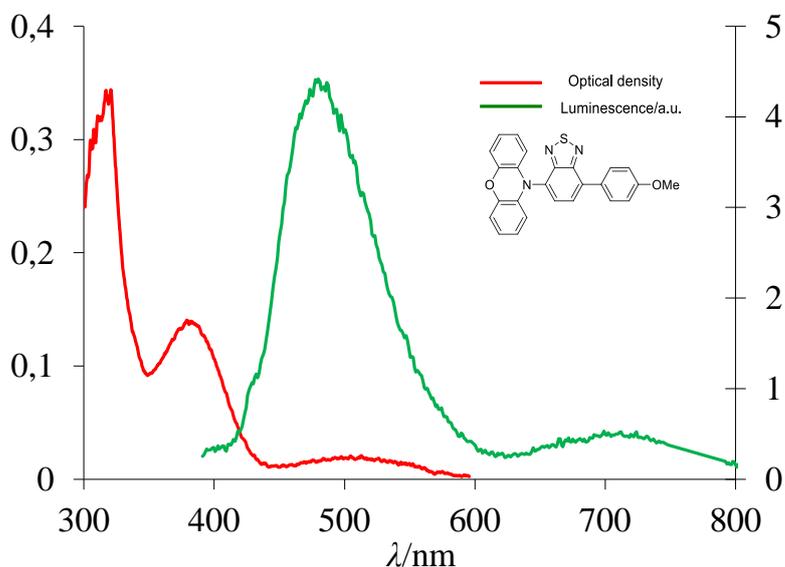


Figure S1 Absorption and PL spectra of **3a**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 383 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 480 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

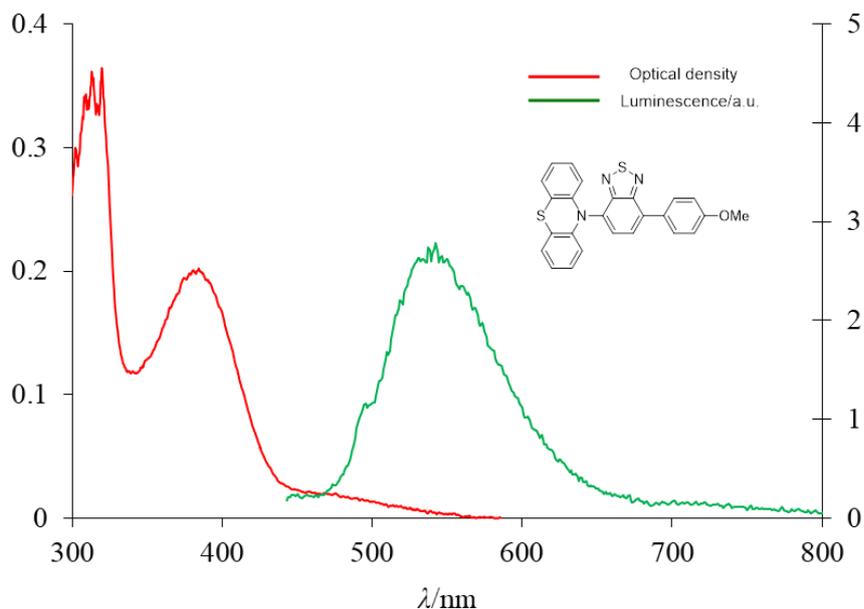


Figure S2 Absorption and PL spectra of **3b**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 384 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 540 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

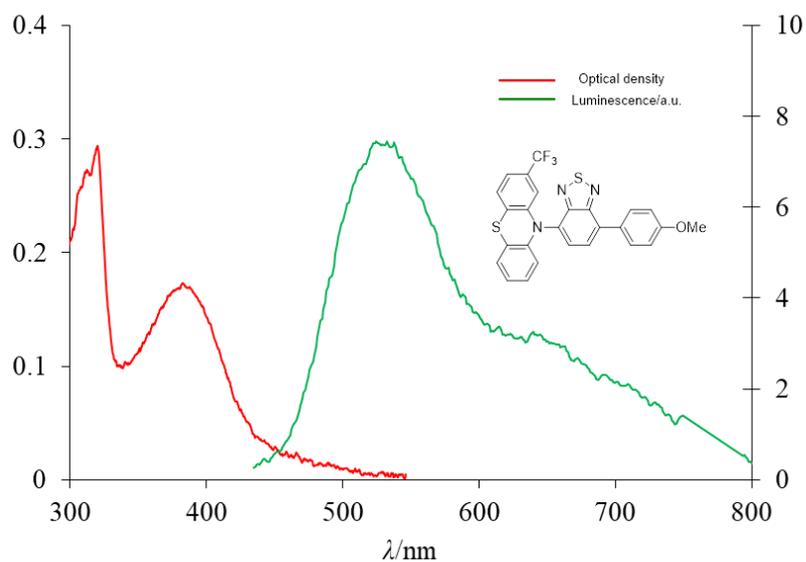


Figure S3 Absorption and PL spectra of **3c**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 385 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 530 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

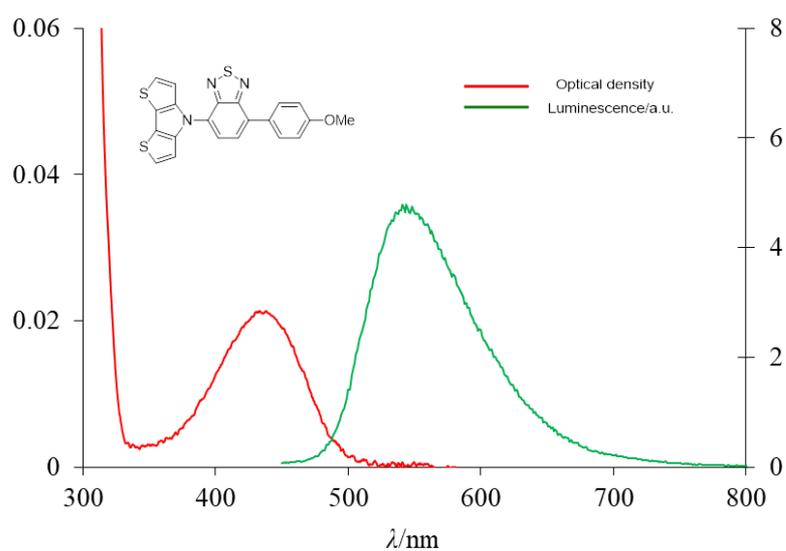


Figure S4 Absorption and PL spectra of **3d**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 437 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 542 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=0.2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

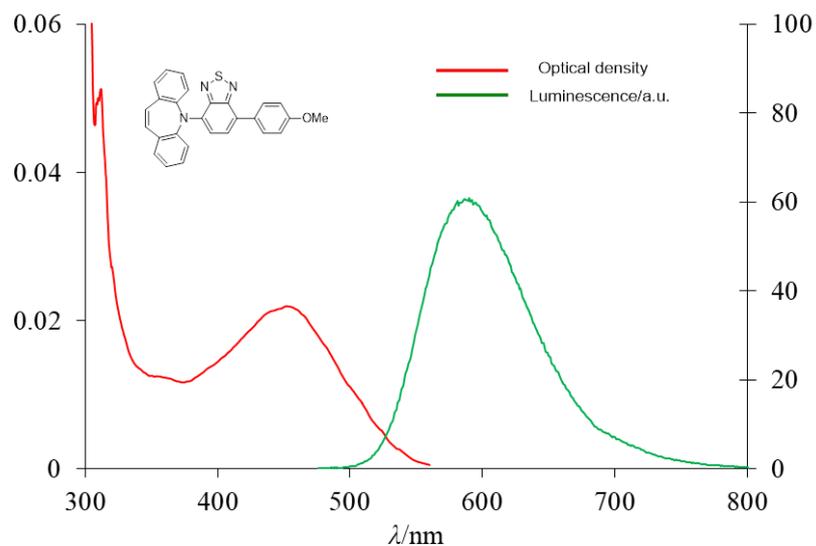


Figure S5 Absorption and PL spectra of **3e**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 455 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 587 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=0.2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

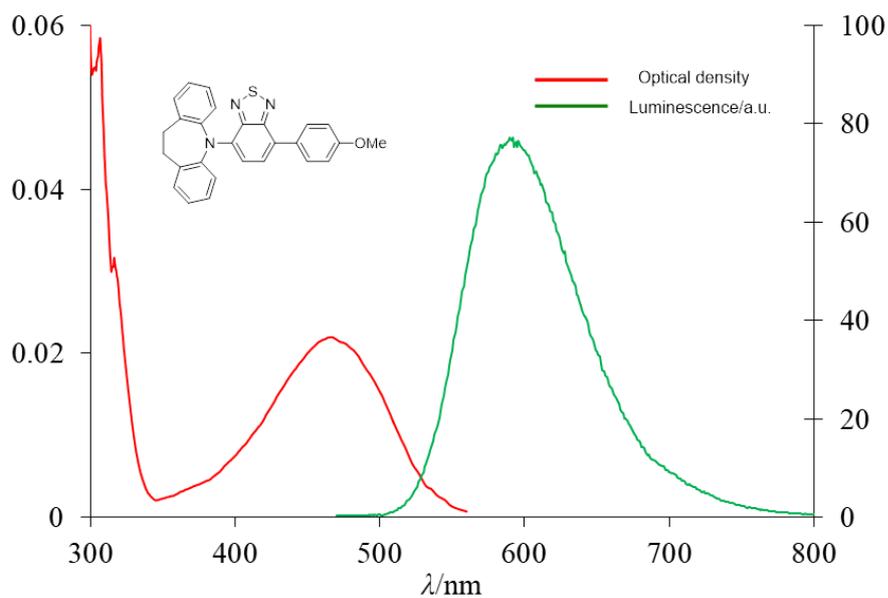


Figure S6 Absorption and PL spectra of **3f**. ($\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{abs}} = 467 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{PL}} = 591 \text{ nm}$) in toluene ($C=0.2 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

DFT calculations

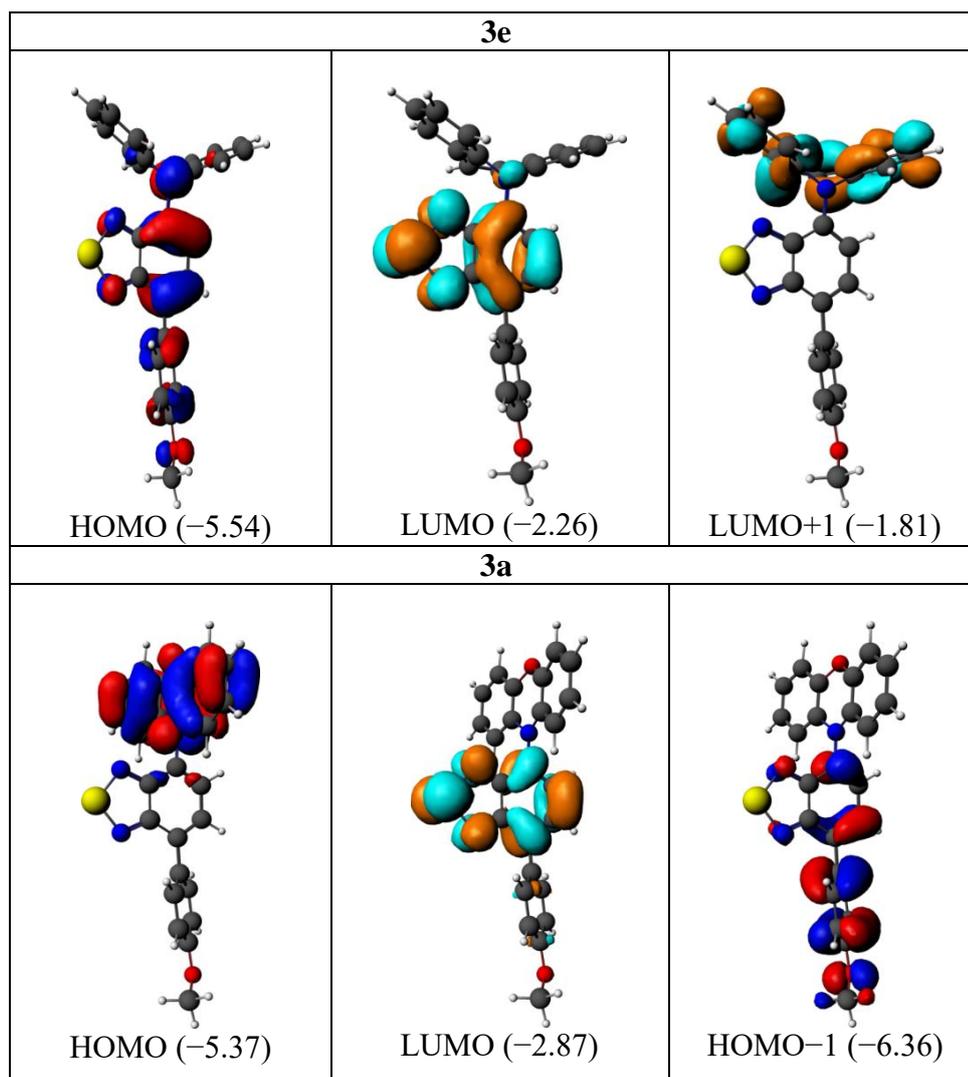
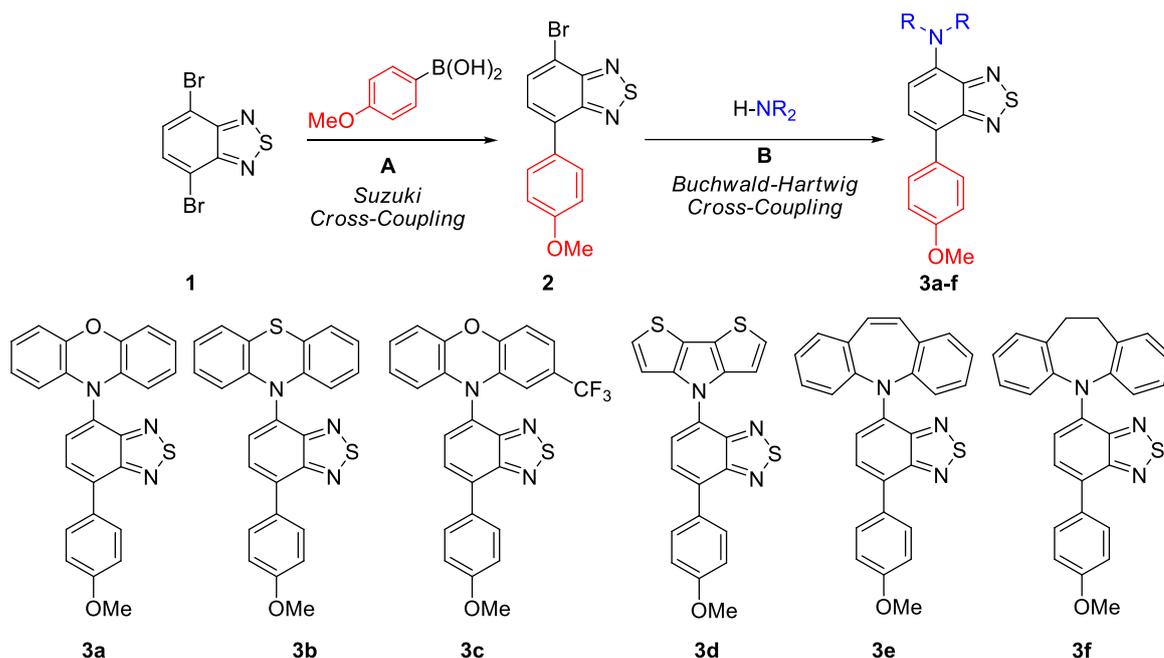


Figure S7 Frontier molecular orbitals of **3e** (top) and **3a** (bottom) at the B3LYP/DZP level.

Energies of the orbitals are given in parentheses in eV.

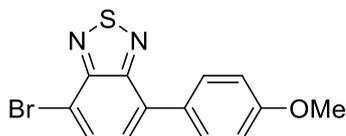
Synthetic procedure



General procedure A

A 25 ml round-bottomed flask, equipped with a magnetic stir bar and reflux condenser, was charged with 4,7-dibromo-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole (2.0 mmol, 588 mg), 4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (2.0 mmol, 304 mg), 1,4-dioxane-water mixture (3:1, 12 ml), NaHCO_3 (504 mg, 3.0 eq.) and $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$ (14 mg, 1 mol%). The resulting mixture was deaerated with argon and refluxed under argon for 24 h. On completion, the mixture was poured into water and extracted with dichloromethane (3×10 ml). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by chromatography (eluent – hexane: ethyl acetate 60:1) gave pure product **2** (327 mg, 51%) as yellow solid. Its NMR data are in agreement with previously reported [F. S. Mancilha, L. Barloy, F. S. Rodembusch, J. Dupont and M. Pfeffer, *Dalton Trans.*, 2011, **40**, 10535].

4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole (**2**)

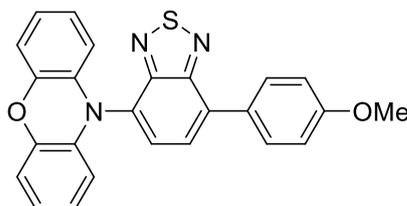


^1H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.90 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 160.2, 153.3, 133.7, 132.4, 130.5, 129.1, 127.5, 114.3, 112.3, 55.5.

General procedure B for the Buchwald – Hartwig synthesis of 3a-f

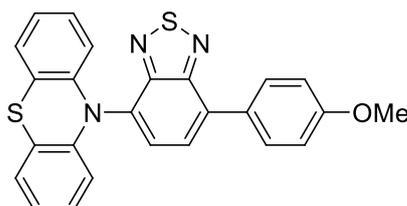
Under argon in a Schlenk tube with magnetic stirring bar, 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole (150 mg, 0.47 mmol), the corresponding amine (1.05 eq.), palladium acetate (5 mg, 5 mol%), RuPhos (22 mg, 10 mol%) and sodium *tert*-butoxide (68 mg, 1.5 eq.) were dissolved in dry 1,4-dioxane (4 ml). The solution was degassed by argon. Then, the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C (oil bath temperature) for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was poured into water and extracted with dichloromethane (3 × 10 ml). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by chromatography (eluent – hexane: ethyl acetate 40:1) gave analytically pure products **3a-f**.

10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10H-phenoxazine (**3a**)



Following general procedure B **3a** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 10H-phenoxazine as red solid (151 mg, 76%). M.p. 240-242 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 144.8 , 134.4 , 131.6 , 128.4 , 124.4 , 122.9 , 122.6 , 122.2 , 116.4 , 116.3 , 114.9 , 114.6 , 114.2 , 55.7 . HRMS (APPI): calcd for C₂₅H₁₇N₃O₂S [M]⁺: 423.1036; found: 423.1037.

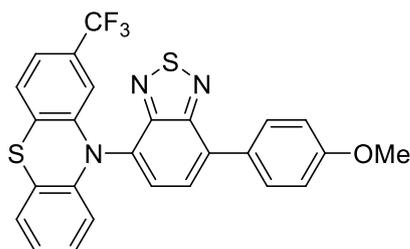
10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10H-phenothiazine (**3b**)



Following general procedure B **3b** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 10H-phenothiazine as red solid (186 mg, 85%). M.p. 198-200 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 1H),

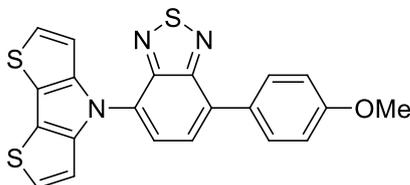
7.16 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, $J = 7.3, 1.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.85 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.80 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.12 (dd, $J = 8.1, 1.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 161.2, 155.9, 144.6, 135.8, 133.7, 132.2, 131.6, 130.0, 128.6, 127.9, 127.3, 123.6, 120.7, 117.0, 114.9, 110.9, 55.7. HRMS (APPI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{OS}_2$ $[\text{M}]^+$: 439.0808; found: 439.0811.

10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-2-trifluoromethyl-10H-phenothiazine (3c)



Following general procedure B **3c** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 2-trifluoromethyl-10H-phenothiazine as orange solid (199 mg, 84%). M.p. 196-197 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 8.13 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 8.10 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 3H), 7.10 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.83 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 6.15 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 161.4, 156.0, 154.1, 145.1, 143.8, 136.2, 134.0, 131.7, 131.2, 129.9, 129.6 (q, $J = 32.2$ Hz), 128.5, 128.0, 127.5, 126.4, 124.8 (q, $J = 271.3$ Hz), 124.4, 120.2 (q, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 117.5, 114.9, 112.6 (q, $J = 3.5$ Hz), 55.7. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ -63.5. HRMS (APPI): calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{OS}_2$ $[\text{M}]^+$: 507.0681; found: 507.0686.

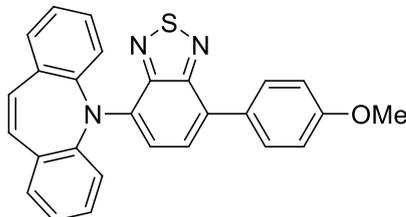
4-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-4H-dithieno[3,2-b:2',3'-d]pyrrole (3d)



Following general procedure B **3d** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 4H-dithieno[3,2-b:2',3'-d]pyrrole as yellow solid (98 mg, 50%). M.p. 222-223 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.95 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.81 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 160.1, 154.8, 150.5, 144.8, 132.6, 130.6, 130.4, 129.5, 127.1,

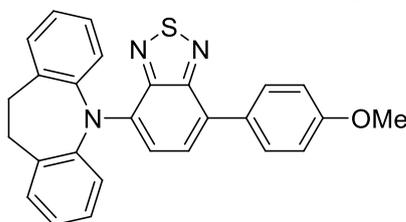
123.5 , 123.3 , 117.9 , 114.4 , 113.3 , 55.6 . HRMS (APPI): calcd for $C_{21}H_{13}N_3OS_3 [M]^+$: 419.0215; found: 419.0218.

4-(5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole (**3e**)



Following general procedure B **3e** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepine as bright orange solid (168 mg, 82%). M.p. 199-201 °C. 1H NMR (400 MHz, Benzene- d_6) δ 7.88 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 6.92 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.65 (s, 2H), 6.33 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H). $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Benzene- d_6) δ 159.4 , 144.2 , 144.0 , 139.4 , 136.6 , 130.8 , 130.6 , 130.3 , 129.9 , 129.8 , 127.3 , 114.2 , 108.7 , 54.8 . HRMS (APPI): calcd for $C_{27}H_{19}N_3OS [M]^+$: 433.1243; found: 433.1248.

4-(10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole (**3f**)



Following general procedure B **3f** was obtained from 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole and 10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepine as bright orange solid (160 mg, 78%). M.p. 198-199 °C. 1H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 7.89 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.23 (m, 6H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.10 (s, 4H). $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 160.1 , 156.1 , 149.3 , 146.1 , 140.4 , 138.6 , 131.4 , 130.7 , 130.2 , 129.4 , 128.1 , 127.7 , 124.6 , 119.0 , 114.6 , 112.1 , 55.7 , 31.6 . HRMS (APPI): calcd for $C_{27}H_{21}N_3OS [M]^+$: 435.1400; found: 435.1404.

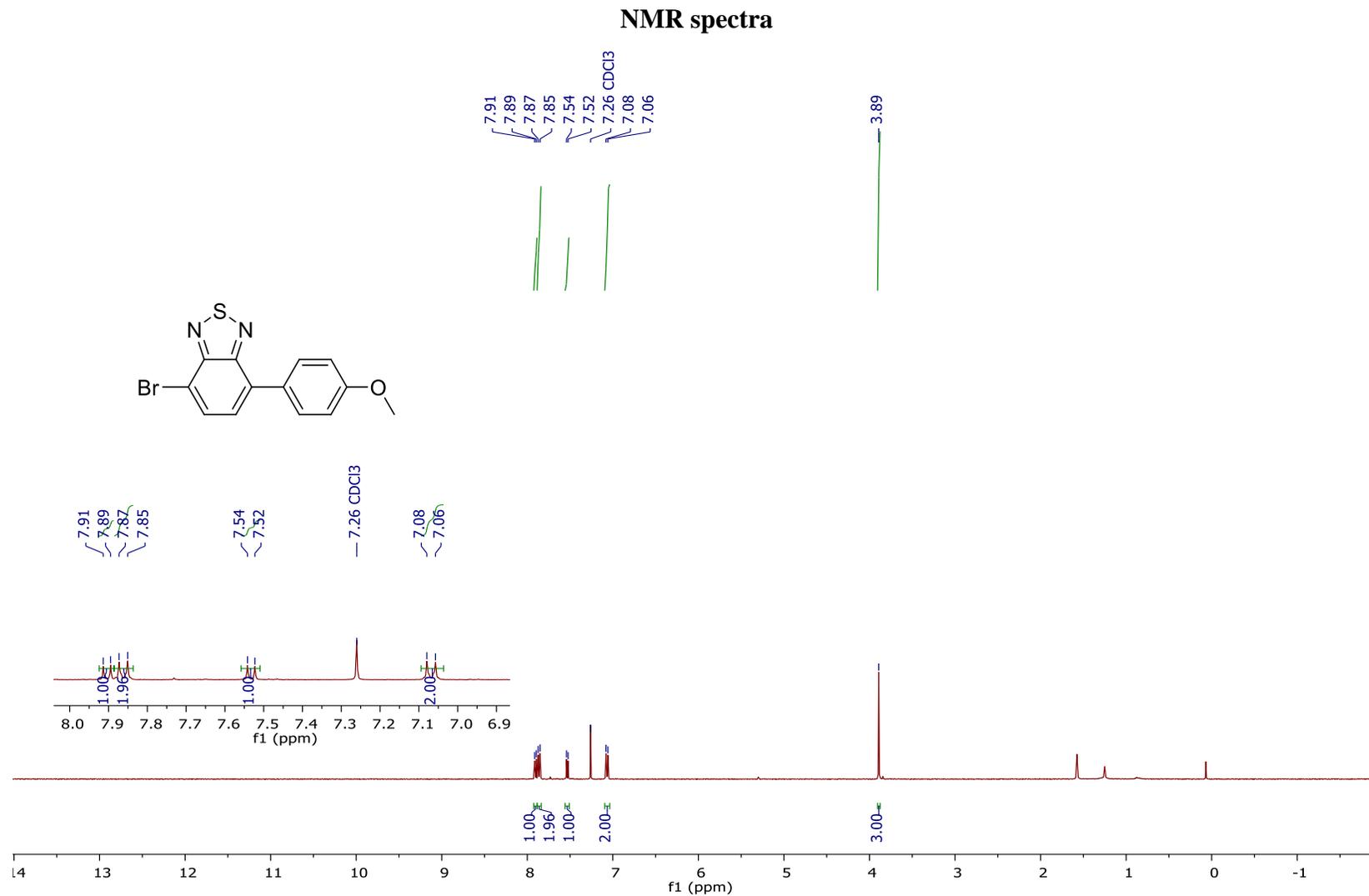


Figure S8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) of 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole

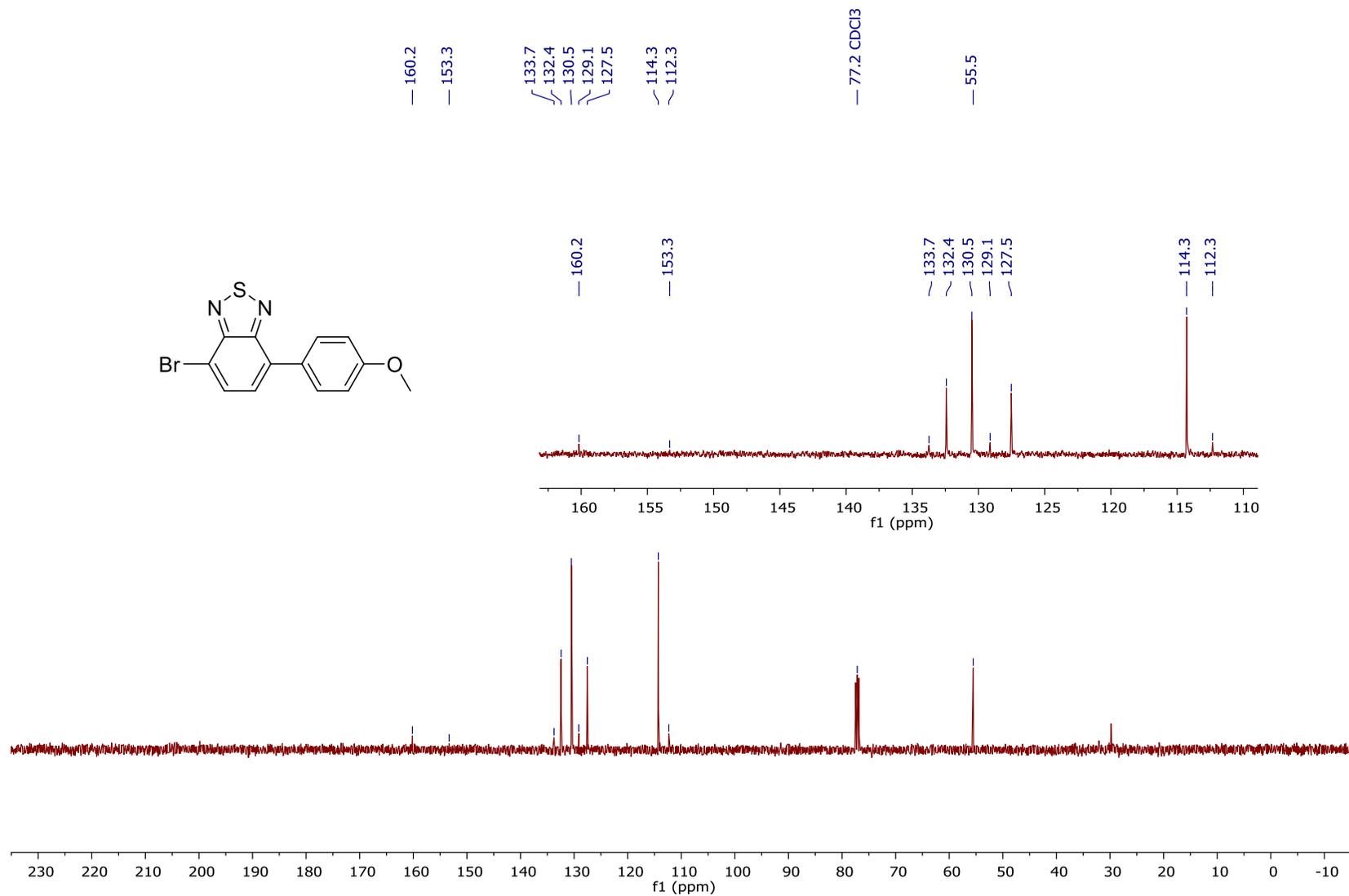


Figure S9. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) of 4-bromo-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole

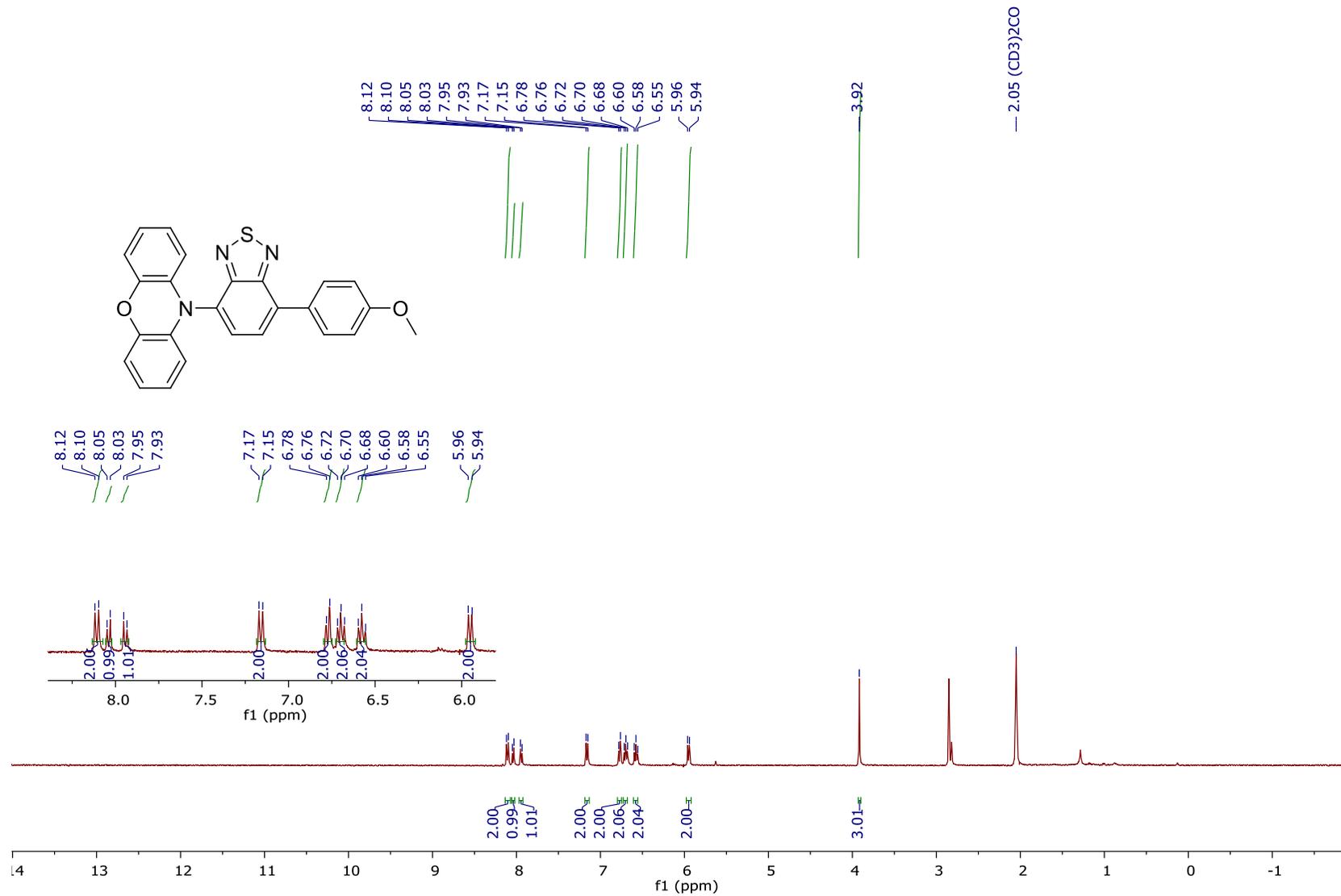


Figure S10. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10H-phenoxazine

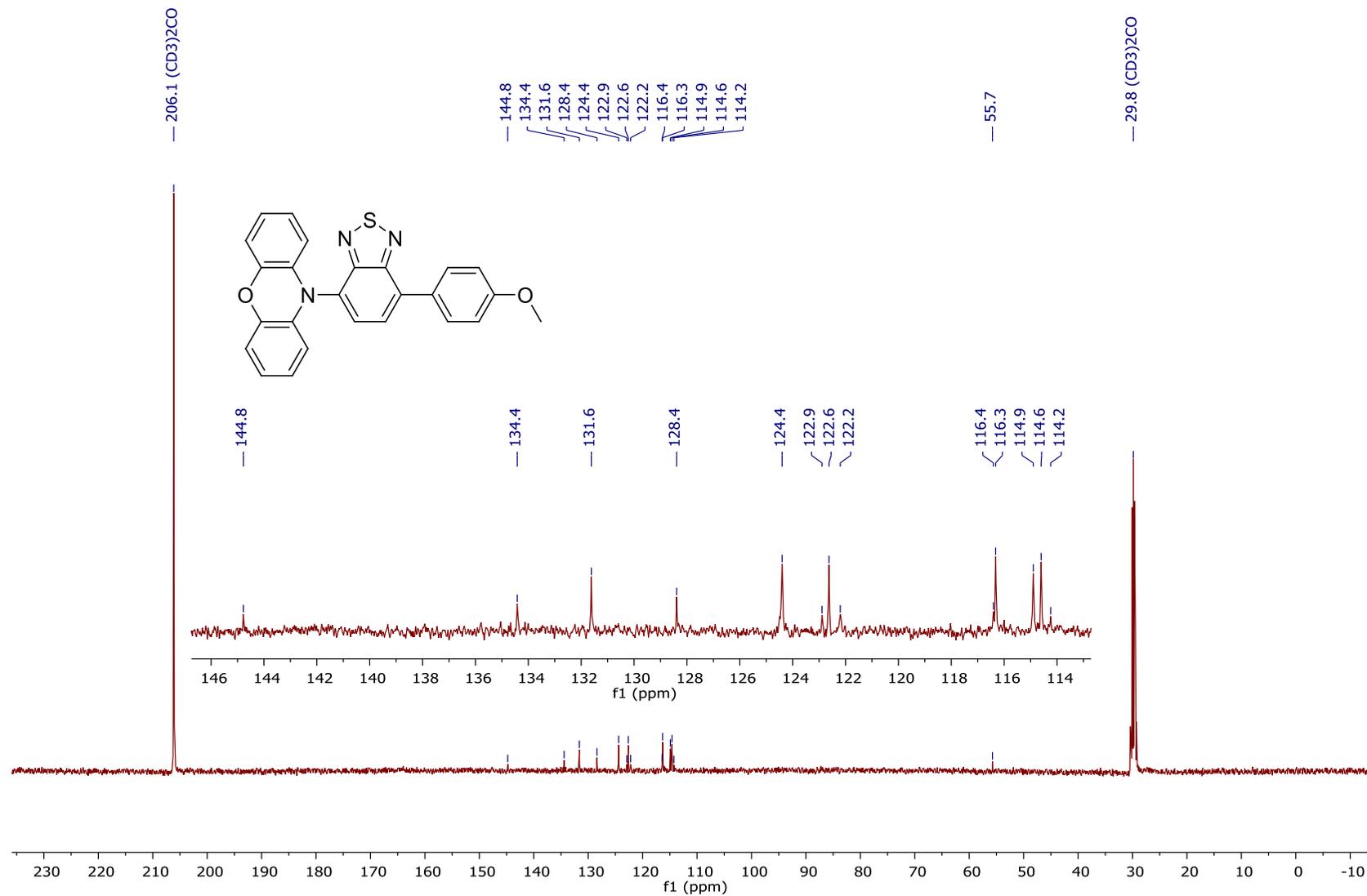


Figure S11. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10H-phenoxazine

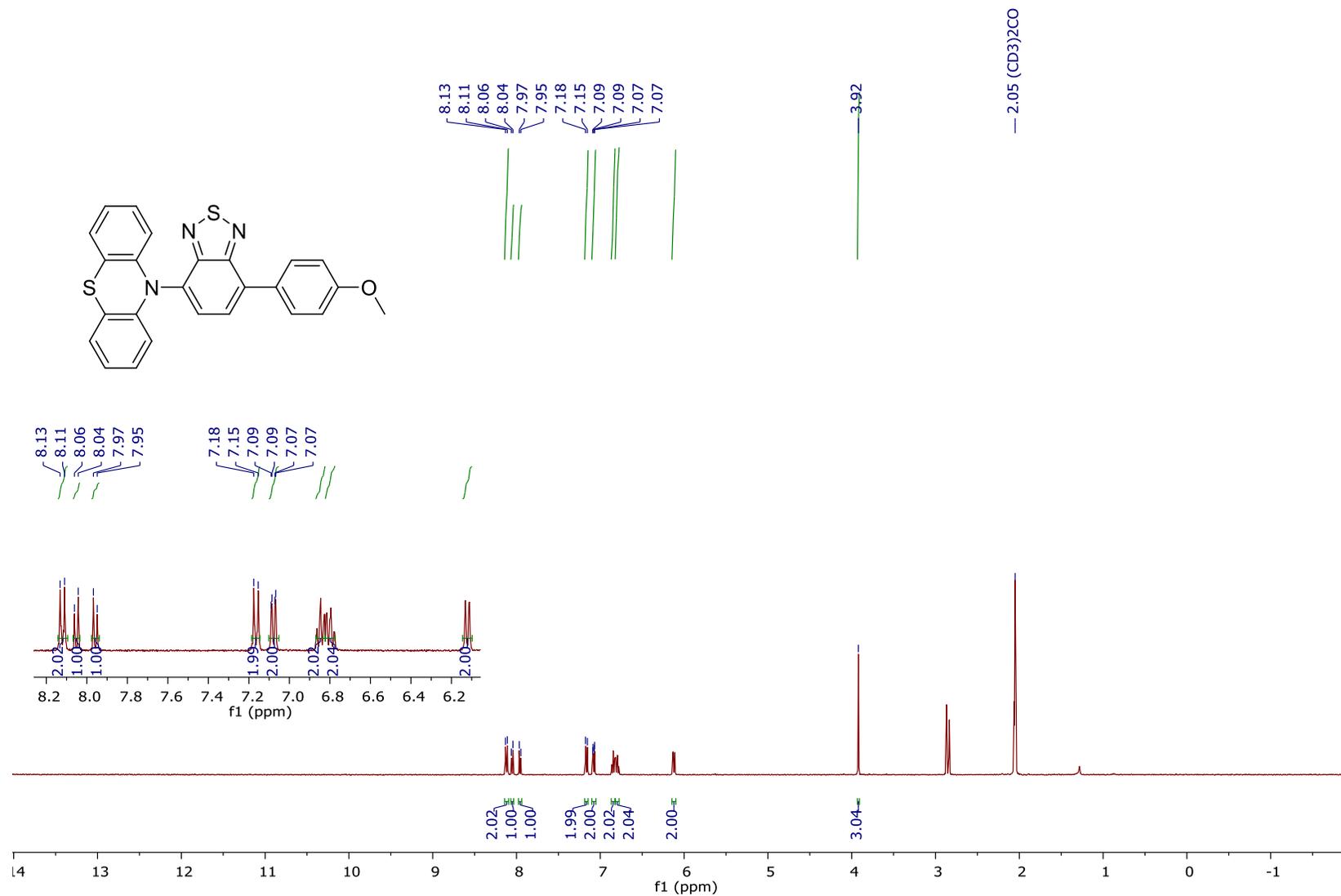


Figure S12. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10*H*-phenothiazine

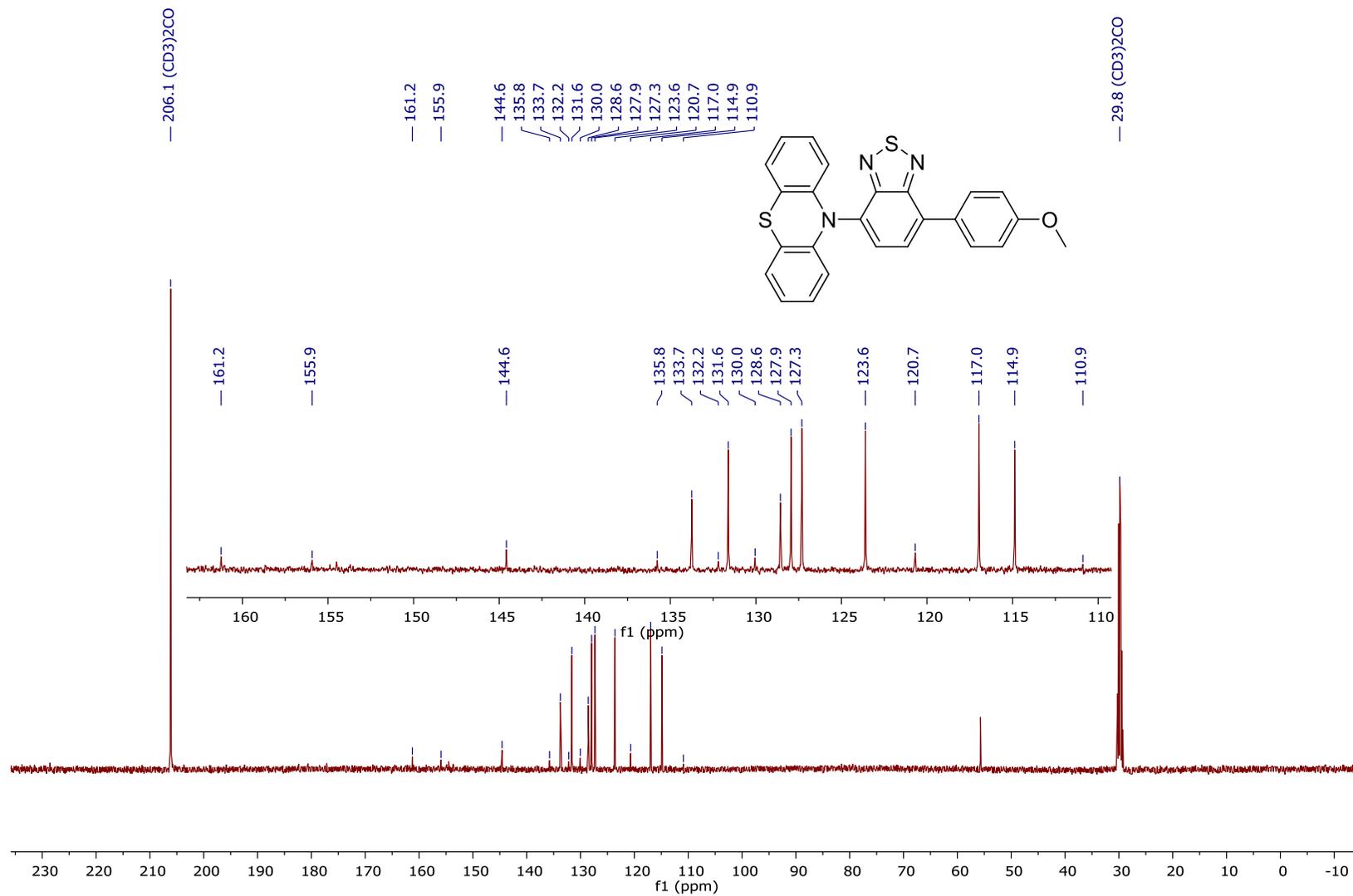


Figure S13. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-10H-phenothiazine

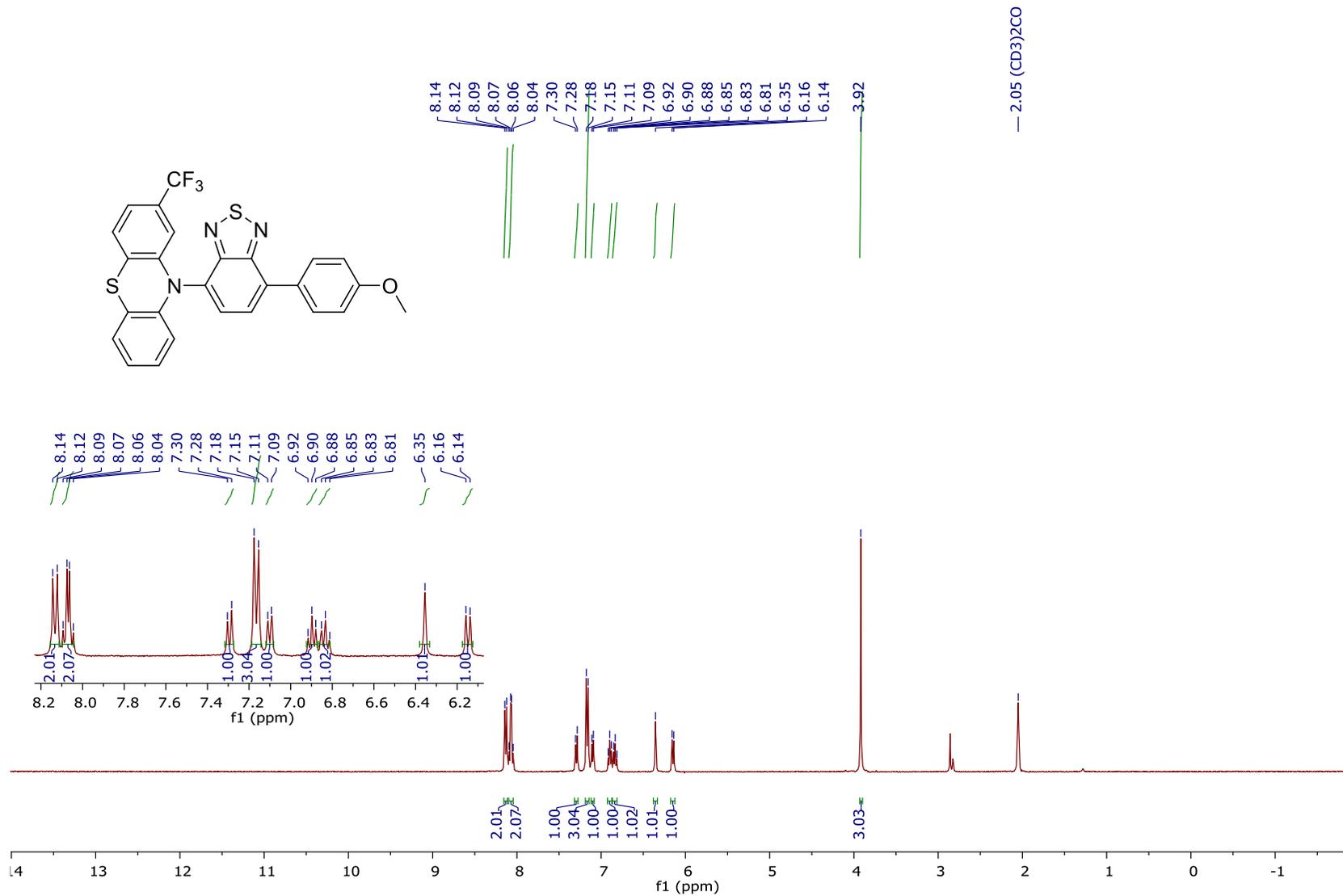


Figure S14. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-2-trifluoromethyl-10*H*-phenothiazine

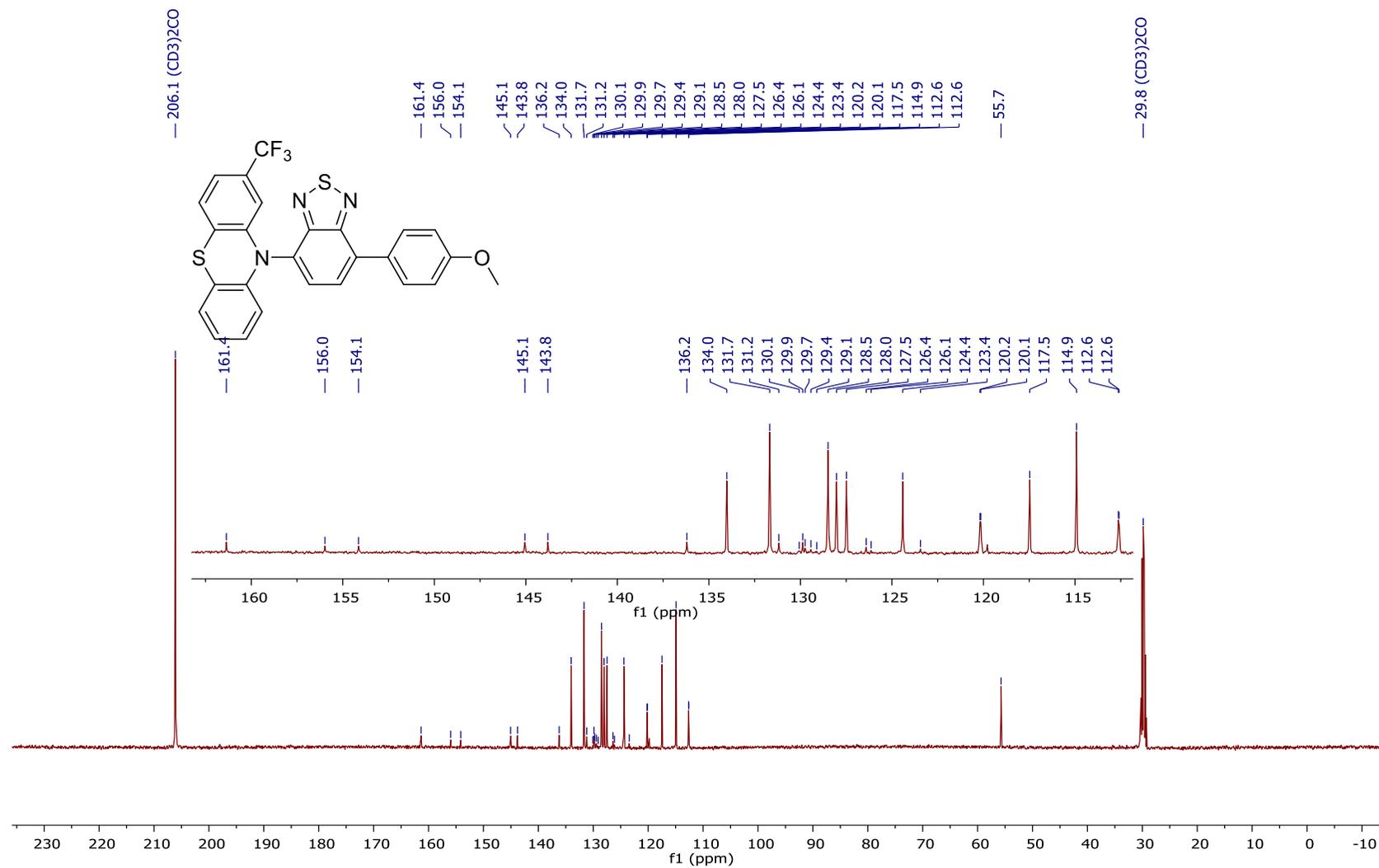


Figure S15. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-d₆) of 10-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-2-trifluoromethyl-10H-phenothiazine

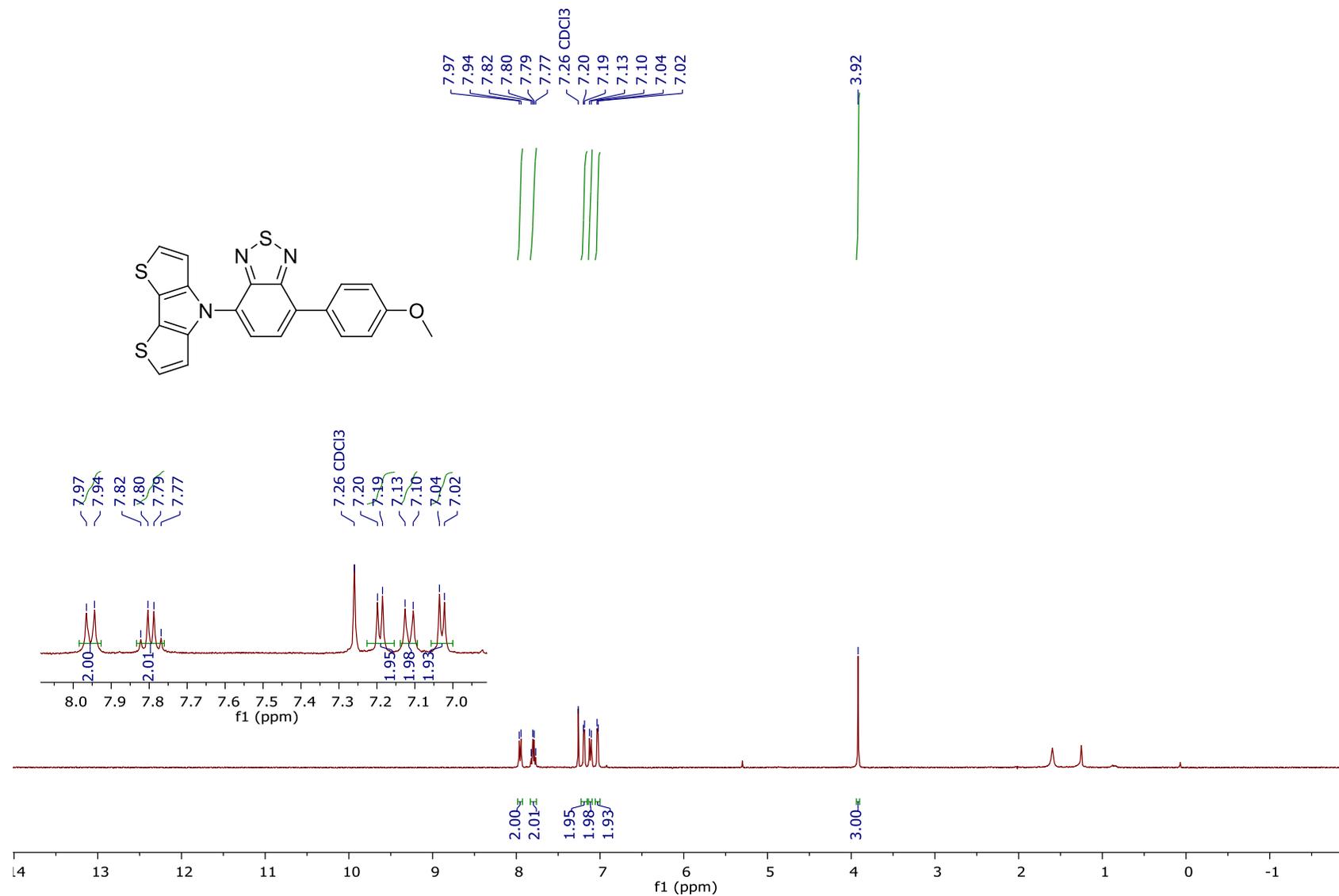


Figure S16. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) of 4-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-4*H*-dithieno[3,2-*b*:2',3'-*d*]pyrrole

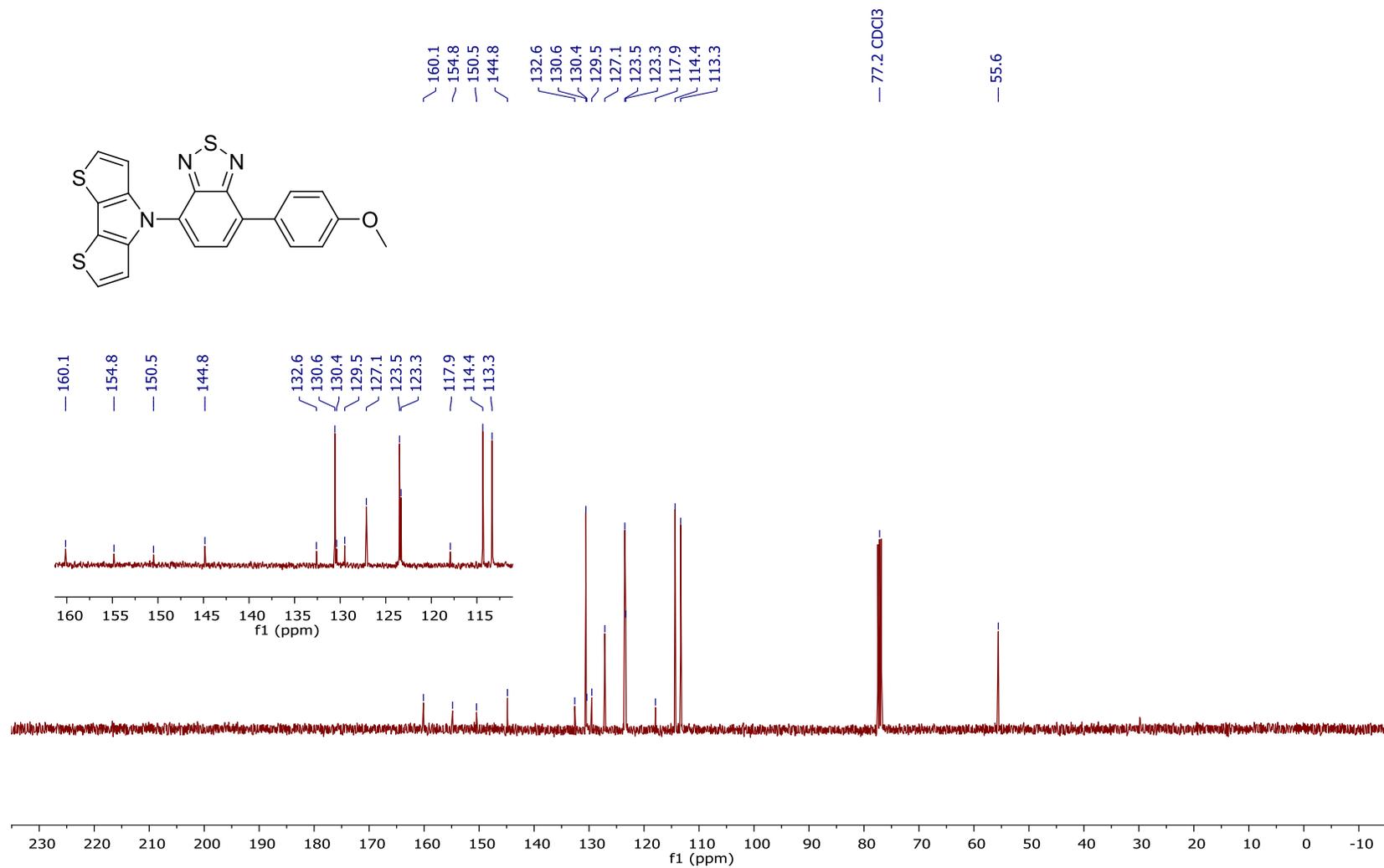


Figure S17. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) of 4-[7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazol-4-yl]-4*H*-dithieno[3,2-*b*:2',3'-*d*]pyrrole

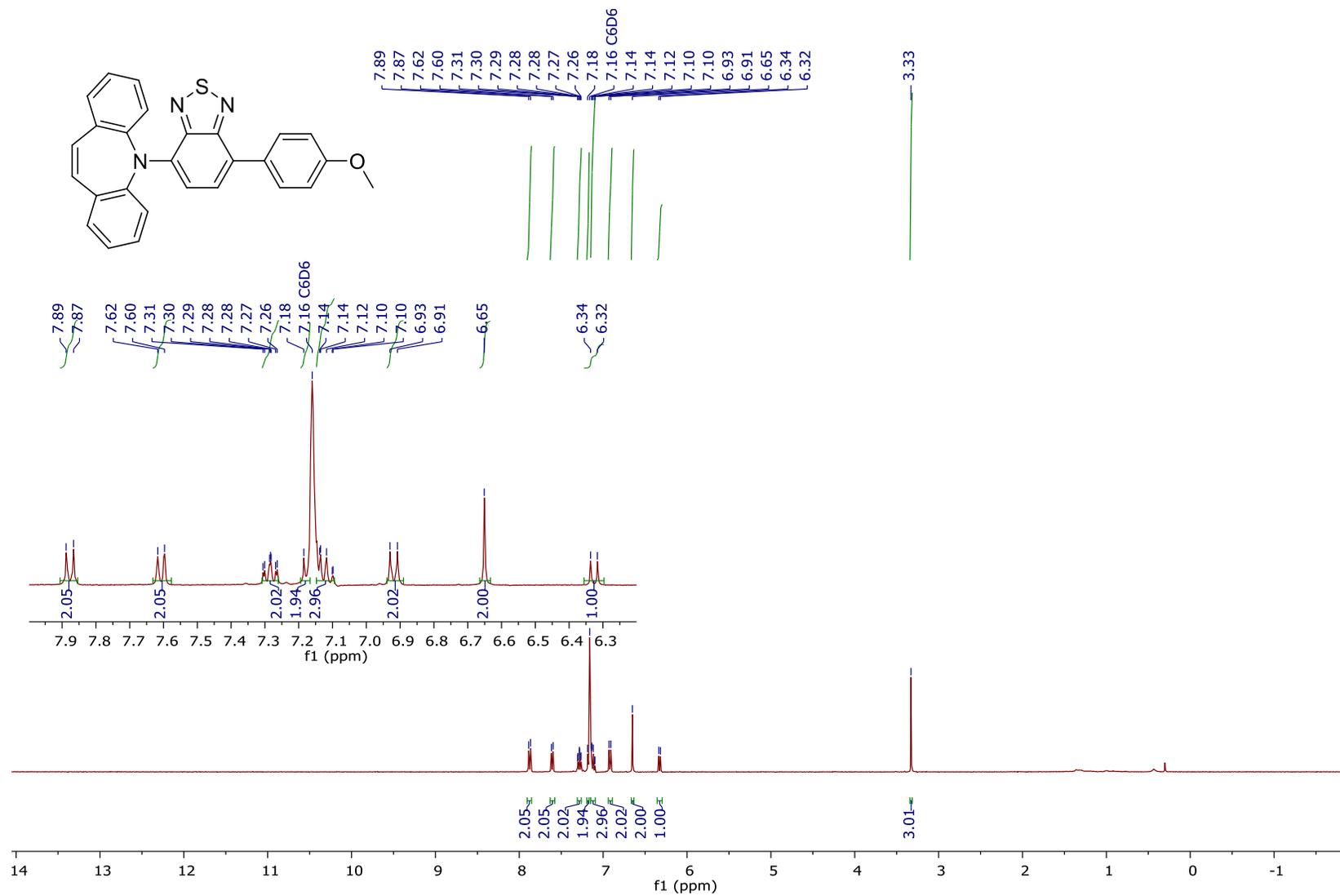


Figure S18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Benzene-*d*₆) of 4-(5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole

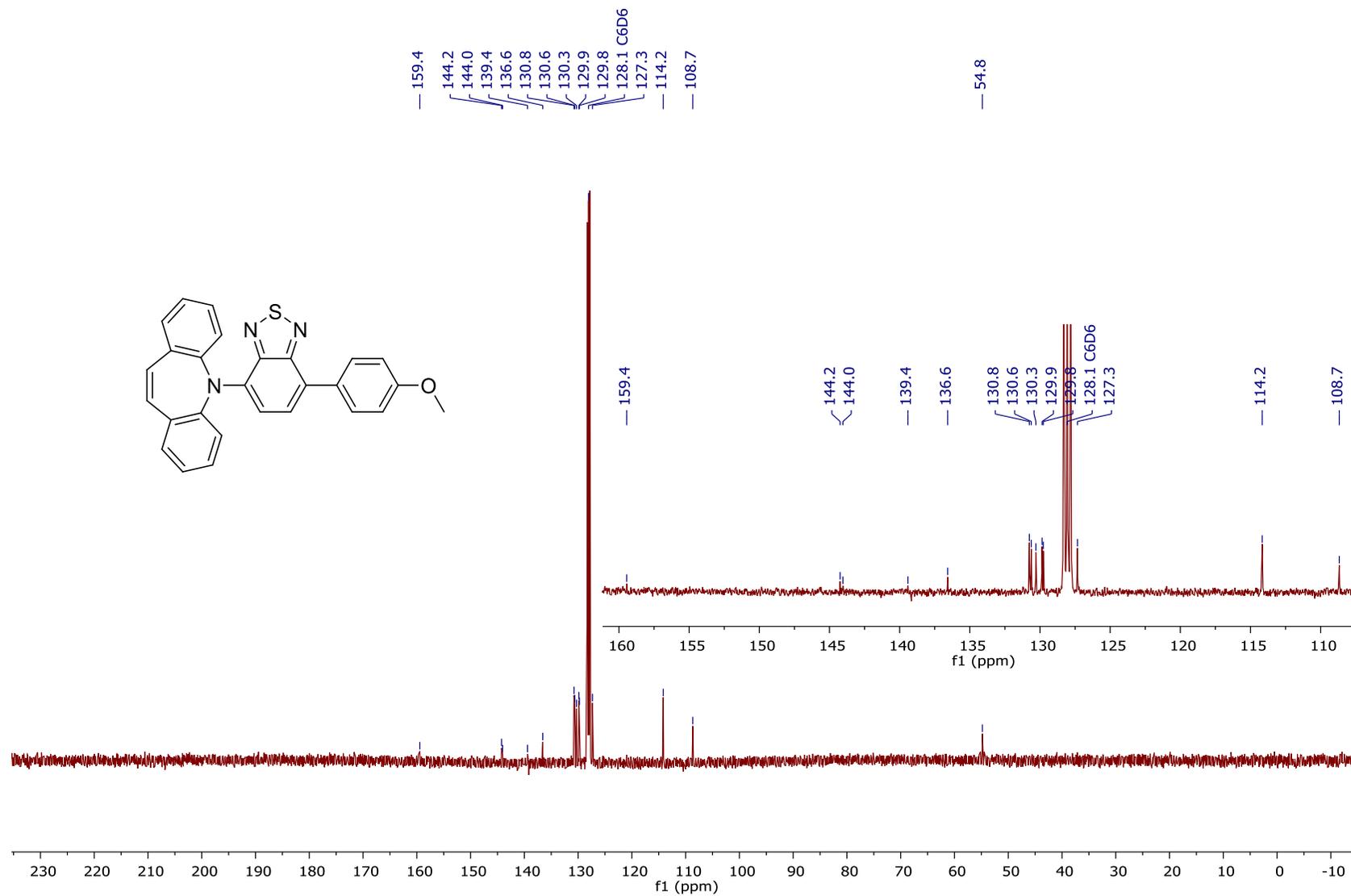


Figure S19. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Benzene- d_6) of 4-(5H-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole

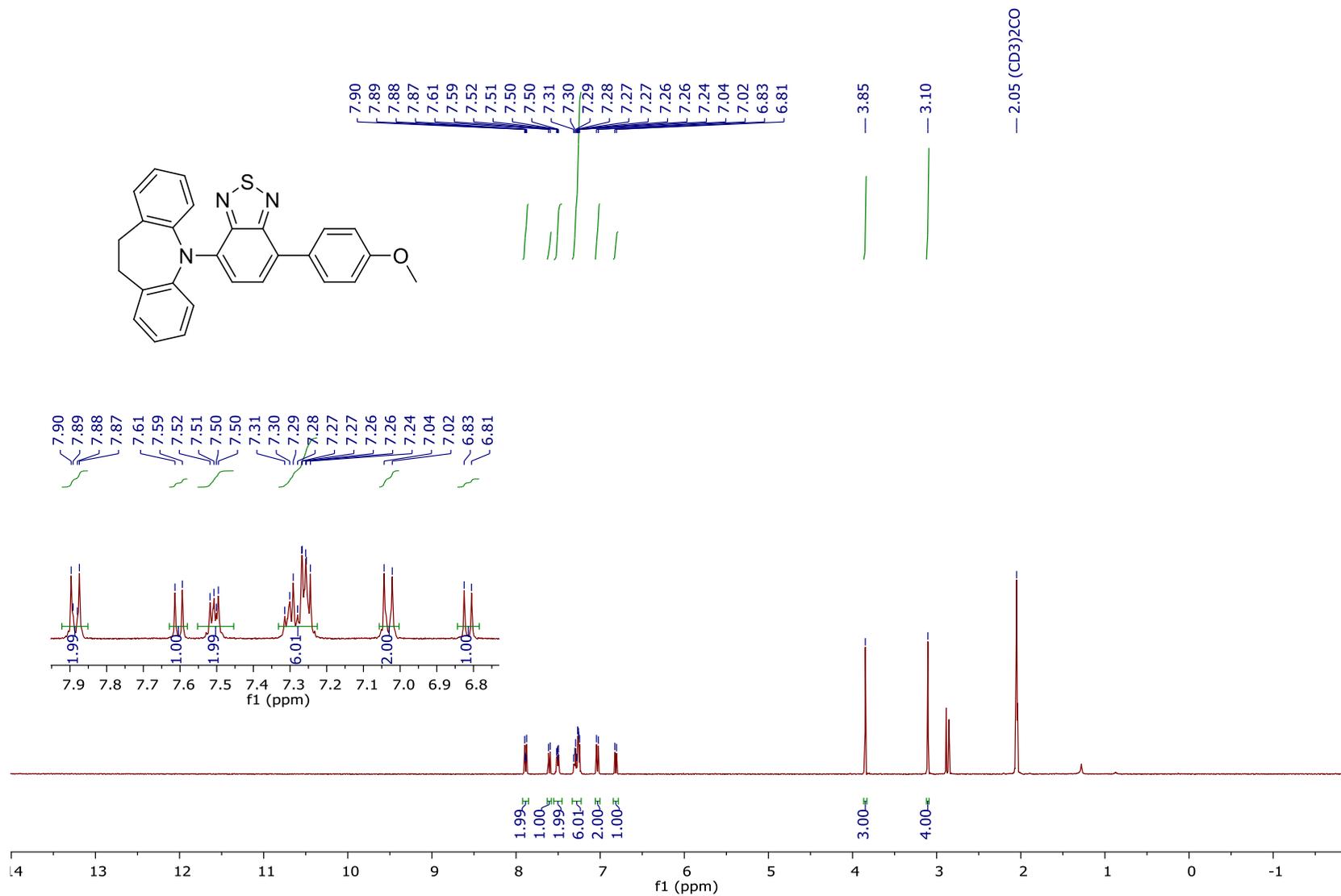


Figure S20. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) of 4-(10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole

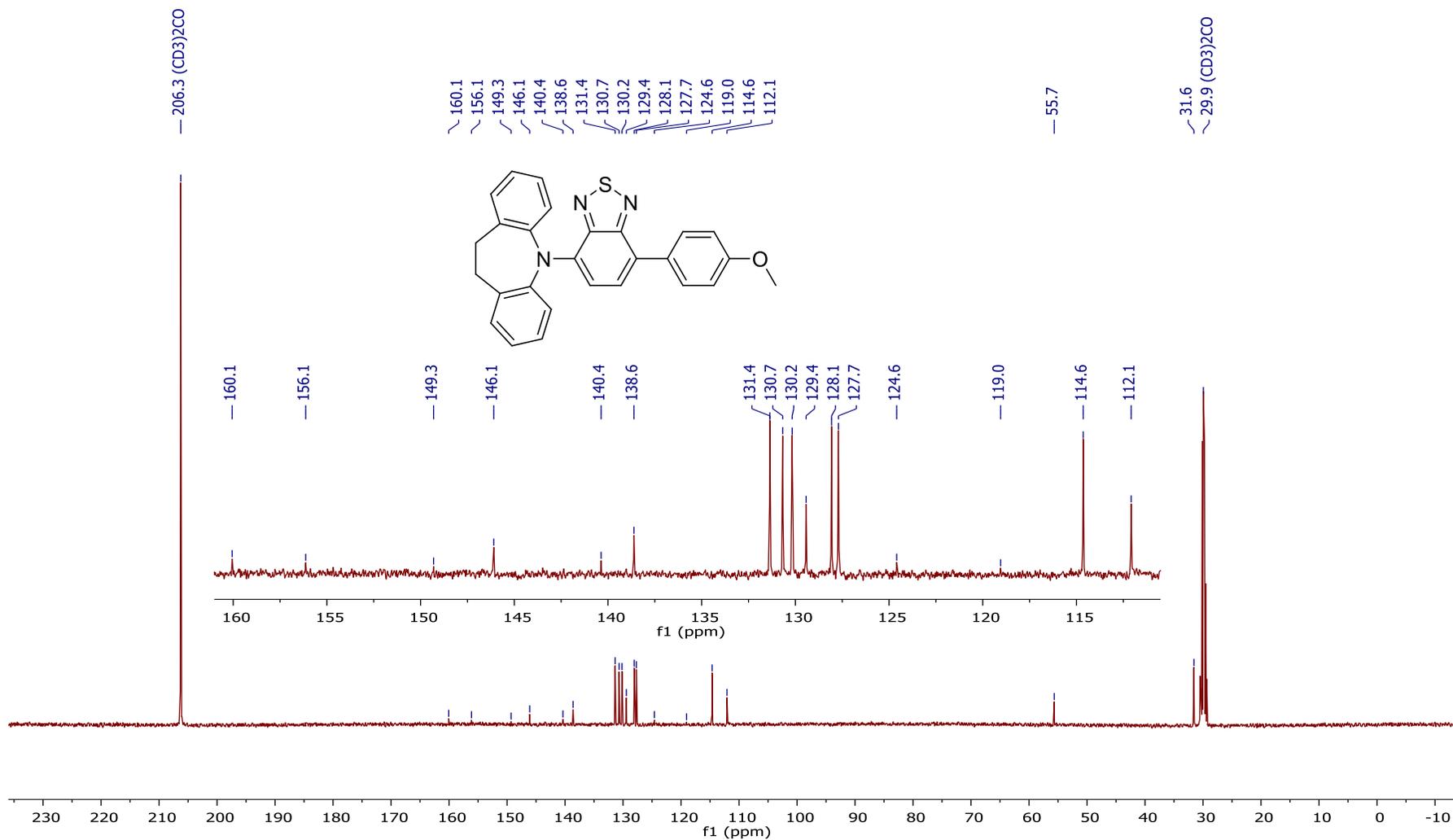


Figure S21. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) of 4-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[*b,f*]azepin-5-yl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,1,3-benzothiadiazole