

Trans-etherification of catechol-type benzylic ether with diols as a route to new sterically hindered bis-catechols

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Equipment and materials. The solvents were purified by standard procedures. 4,6-di-*tert*-butyl-3-(methoxymethyl)catechol **1** was synthesized according to the literature [M. V. Arsenyev, E.V. Baranov, M.P. Shurygina, S.A. Chesnokov and G.A. Abakumov, *Mendeleev Commun.*, 2016, **26**, 552.]. Ethylene glycol (Sigma Aldrich), propane-1,3-diol (Fluka), butane-1,4-diol (Sigma Aldrich), pentane-1,5-diol (Sigma Aldrich), hexane-1,6-diol (Sigma Aldrich), diethylene glycol (Sigma Aldrich) were used as purchased. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AV-200. Solvents for NMR were DMSO- d_6 and CDCl_3 . IR spectra in the 4000-400 cm^{-1} region were recorded on a FMS-1201 spectrophotometer (OOO "Monitoring"). Elemental analysis was carried out on EuroVector EA.

Kinetic experiment. ^1H NMR spectroscopy was used to determine the rates of achieving of equilibrium in the ether **1** – hexane-1,6-diol – $\text{AcOH-}d_4$ system. The components of the system (catechol **1** – 31.7 mg, hexane-1,6-diol – 7.0 mg and different concentrations of $\text{AcOH-}d_4$ – 0.5, 1.0, 1.5 mol dm^{-3}) were dissolved in a specially purified CDCl_3 (CDCl_3 was shaken with potassium carbonate to remove HCl/DCl , then filtered). The resulting volume of mixture was 0.6 ml ($[\mathbf{1}]_0 = 0.2 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$, $[\text{diol}]_0 = 0.1 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$). The mixture was placed in a NMR spectrometer tube. The sample was heated at 318 K.

When the reactants were dissolved in CDCl_3 , an equilibrium was established. The decreasing intensity of signals at 1.33, 1.41 (Bu^t), 3.48 (OMe), 4.91 (CH_2), 6.84 ($\text{C}_{\text{Ar}}\text{-H}$) ppm (compound **1**) with simultaneous increasing those at 3.44 (MeOD), 1.34 and 1.38 (Bu^t), 4.93 (compounds **4** and **5a**) and at 5.46 ppm (CH_2 of acetate **3**) in ^1H NMR spectrum were observed (Figure S1).

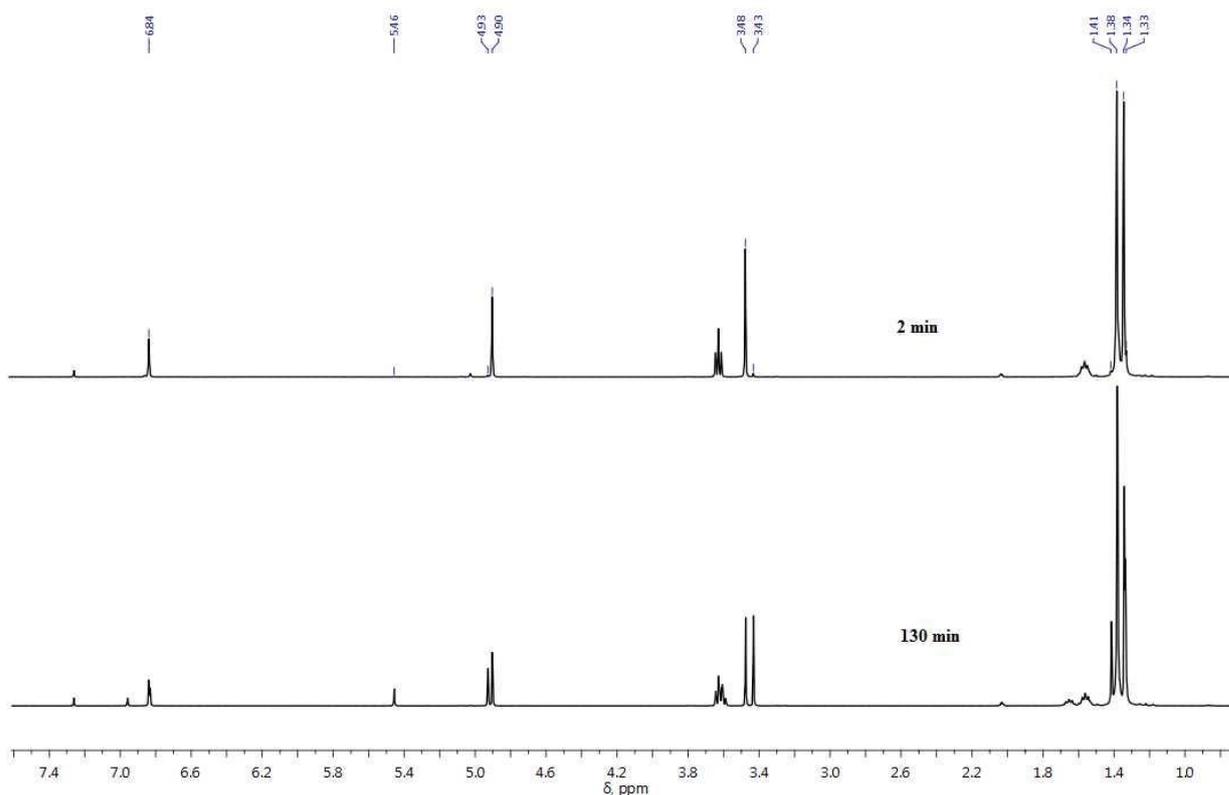


Figure S1. The ^1H NMR-spectrum in 2 and 130 minutes after the start of the trans-etherification for catechol **1** – hexane-1,6-diol – $\text{AcOH-}d_4$ (1.5 mol dm^{-3}) system in CDCl_3 .

The current concentration of catechol **1** at that time was found by the further equation:

$$C(\mathbf{1}), \text{mol/l} = \frac{I(4.90 \text{ ppm})}{I(4.93 \text{ ppm}) + I(4.90 \text{ ppm}) + I(5.46 \text{ ppm})} \times [\mathbf{1}]_0$$

The current concentration of compounds **5** and **11** at that time was found by the further equation:

$$C(\mathbf{4} + \mathbf{5a}), \text{mol/l} = \frac{I(4.93 \text{ ppm})}{I(4.93 \text{ ppm}) + I(4.90 \text{ ppm}) + I(5.46 \text{ ppm})} \times [\mathbf{1}]_0$$

$I(4.90 \text{ ppm})$ – integral intensity of CH_2 fragment of compound **1**

$I(4.93 \text{ ppm})$ - integral intensity of OCH_2 fragment of compounds **4** and **5a**

$I(5.46 \text{ ppm})$ - integral intensity of OCH_2 fragment of compound **3**

The current concentration of compound **5a** at that time was found by the further equation:

$$C(\mathbf{5a}), \text{mol/l} = \frac{I(5.46 \text{ ppm})}{I(4.93 \text{ ppm}) + I(4.90 \text{ ppm}) + I(5.46 \text{ ppm})} \times [\mathbf{1}]_0$$

The kinetic curves of the flow rate of compound **1** and the accumulation of products (compounds **3,4**, and **5a**) of the trans-etherification reaction are presented in Figure S2.

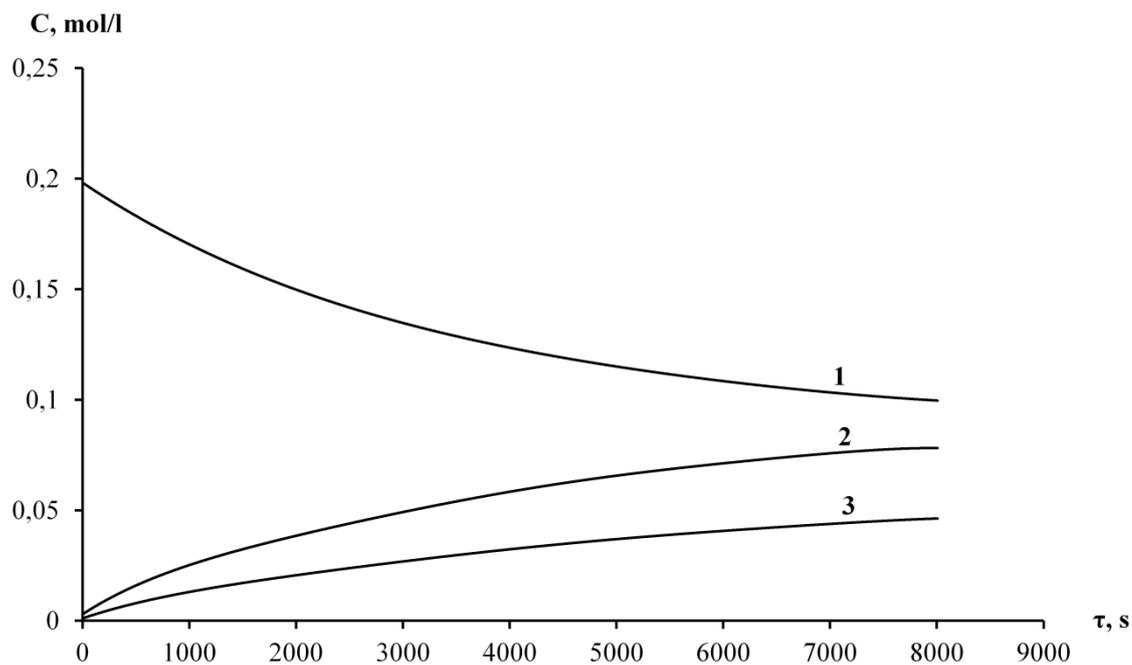


Figure S2. The curves of the changes in the concentration of catechol **1** (1), both **4** and **5a** (2) and **7** (3) during the trans-etherification of catechol **1** with hexane-1,6-diol (CDCl_3 , 1.5 M $\text{AcOH-}d_4$, 45°C).

The current concentration of methanol at that time was found by the further equation:

$$C(\text{MeOD}), \text{mol/l} = \frac{I(3.43 \text{ ppm})}{I(3.43 \text{ ppm}) + I(3.48 \text{ ppm})} \times [\mathbf{1}]_0$$

The kinetic curves for the accumulation of methanol at various concentrations of $\text{AcOH-}d_4$ are shown in Figure S3.

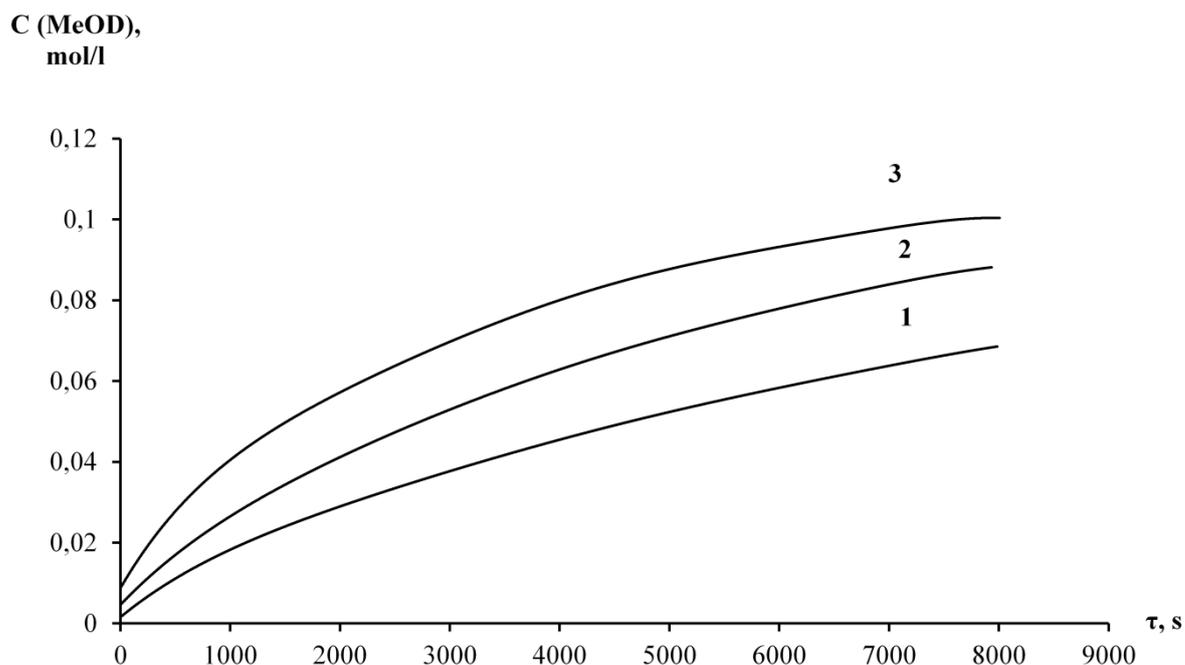
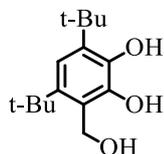


Figure S3. The increase in MeOD concentration in the catechol **1** – hexane-1,6-diol – AcOH- d_4 system (CDCl_3 , 45°C) during the achieving of equilibrium. Concentrations of AcOH- d_4 : 0.5(1), 1.0 (2), 1.5 mol dm^{-3} (3).

4,6-Di-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dihydroxybenzyl alcohol (**2**)



To a solution of 4,6-di-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dihydroxybenzaldehyde (1 g, 4 mmol), hexane-1,6-diol (0.24 g, 2 mmol) in AcOH (5 ml) with stirring at room temperature, NaBH_4 (0.15 g, 4 mmol) was added in portions. Then 20% H_2SO_4 (20 ml) was added dropwise, which caused discoloration of the reaction mixture. The formed precipitate was filtered, washed with water and hexane and dried. The product **2** was isolated as a white powder (0.56 g, 56%), m.p. = $202\text{--}204^\circ\text{C}$. Calculated for: $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_3$ (%): C, 71.39; H, 9.59. Found (%): C, 71.44; H, 10.01. ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3 ,): 1.34 (s, 9H, tBu), 1.40 (s, 9H, tBu), 5.08 (s, 2H, CH_2), 5.79 (s, 1H, OH), 6.89 (s, 1H, $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}}\text{-H}$), 7.10 (s, 1H, OH). ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3 , δ , ppm.): 29.48, 32.17, 34.93, 35.35, 68.33, 116.00, 118.92, 134.86, 138.50, 142.08, 144.51. IR (nujol, v/cm^{-1}): 1058, 1220, 1234 (C-O), 3293, 3392, 3465, 3540 (OH).

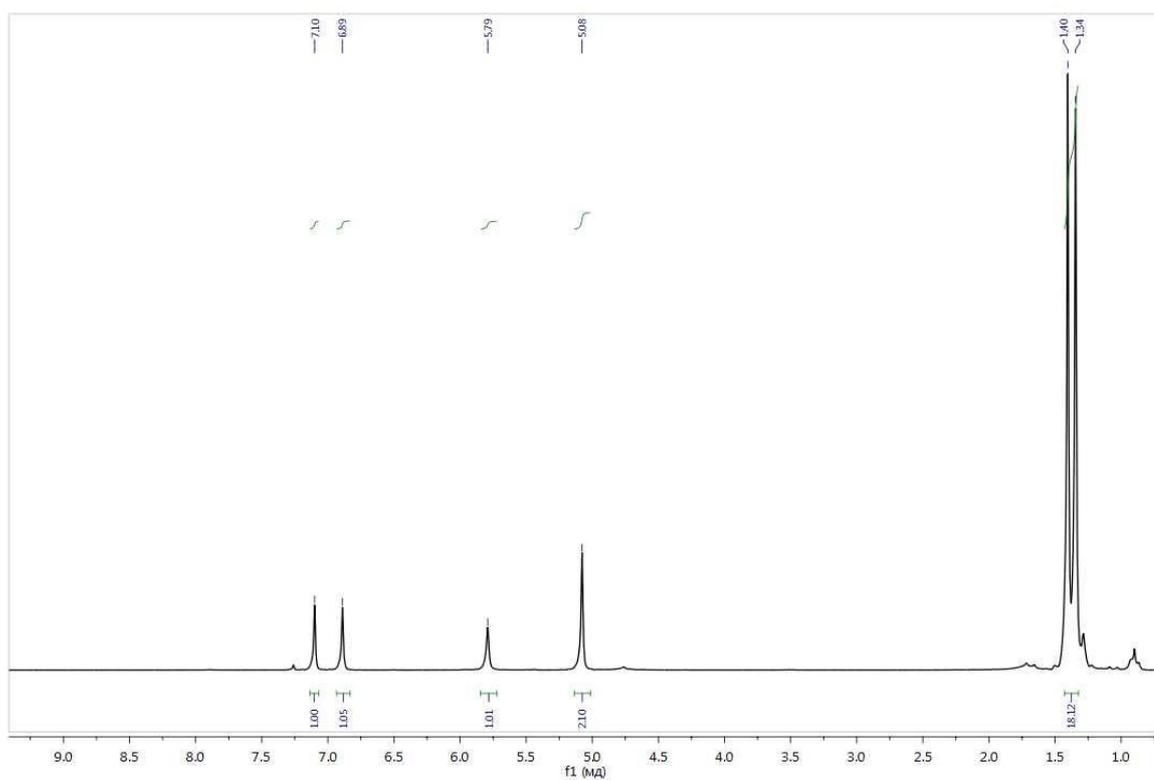


Figure S4. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4,6-di-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dihydroxybenzyl alcohol **2** (CDCl_3).

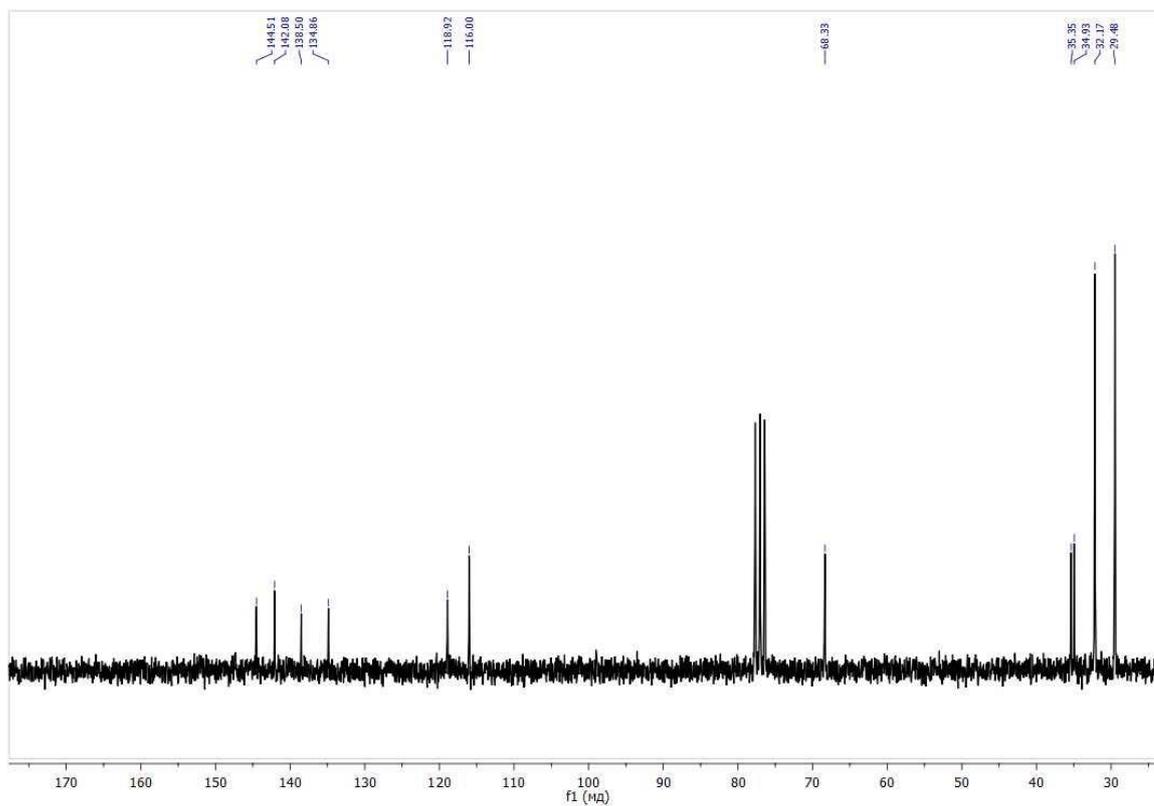
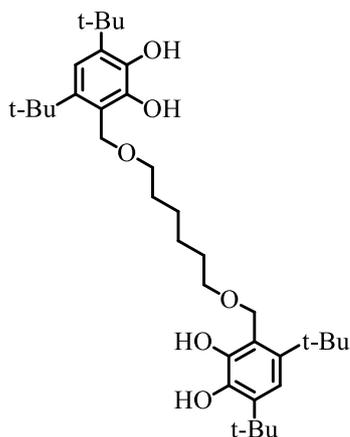


Figure S5. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 4,6-di-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dihydroxybenzyl alcohol **2** (CDCl_3).

The general procedure for the preparation of bis-catechols 5a-f

Diol (2.5 mmol) and methyl ether **1** (1.33 g, 5 mmol) were dissolved in CHCl_3 (20 ml) and refluxed for 24 hours with gradual evaporation the mixture to 10 ml. Then the mixture was cooled and the solvent was removed completely. The crude product was recrystallized from *n*-hexane and isolated as white crystalline powders.

3,3'-(Hexane-1,6-diylbis(oxymethylene))bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5a).



Yield 1.18 g (81%), m.p. = 156-158 °C. Calc. for $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{58}\text{O}_6$: C, 73.68; H, 9.96. Found (%): C, 73.41; H, 9.87. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO, δ , ppm): 1.29 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.29-1.31 (m, 4H, 2 CH_2), 1.32 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.47-1.51 (m, 4H, 2 CH_2), 3.47 (t, 4H, 2 CH_2 , $J=6.3$ Hz), 4.63 (s, 4H, O- CH_2), 6.70 (s, 2H, $\text{C}_{\text{ar}}\text{-H}$), 7.81 (s, 2H, OH), 7.96 (s, 2H, OH). ^{13}C NMR (d^6 -DMSO, 100 MHz, δ , ppm): 26.07, 29.72, 29.90, 32.71, 34.99, 35.62, 66.18, 70.32, 114.96, 122.14, 134.64, 138.46, 142.95, 146.12. IR (nujol, v/cm^{-1}): 1087, 1243, 1264 (C-O), 3040-3340, 3480 (OH).

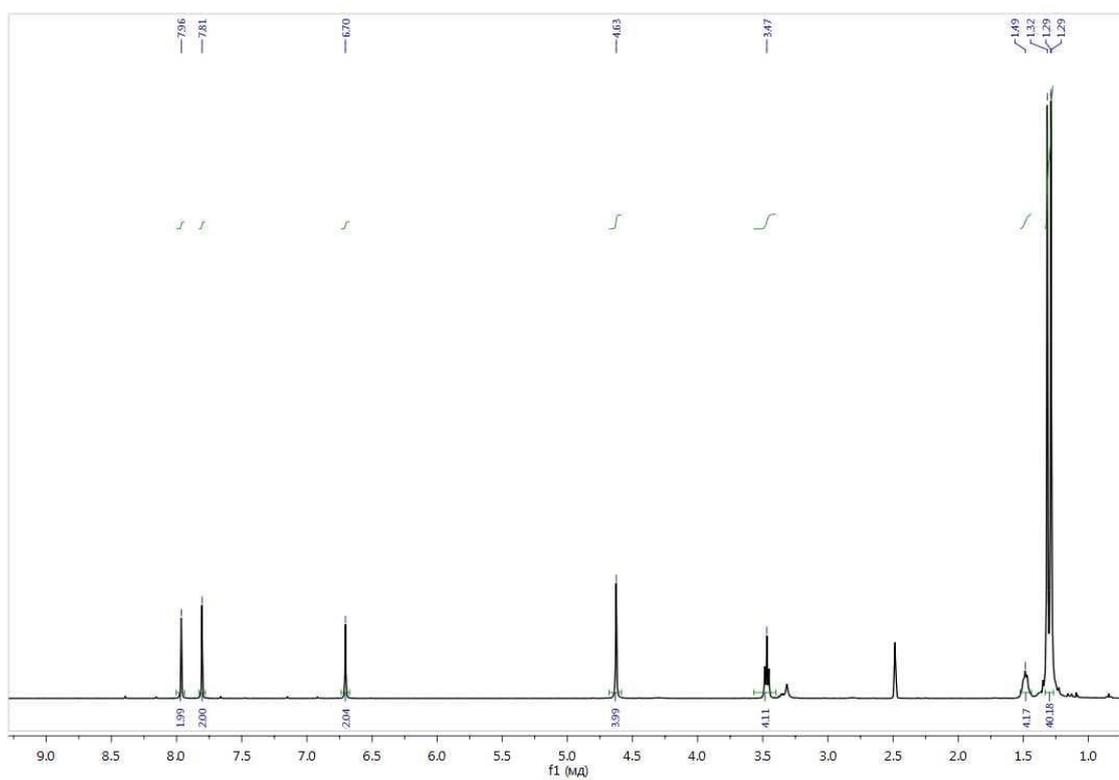


Figure S6. The ^1H NMR spectrum of **5a** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

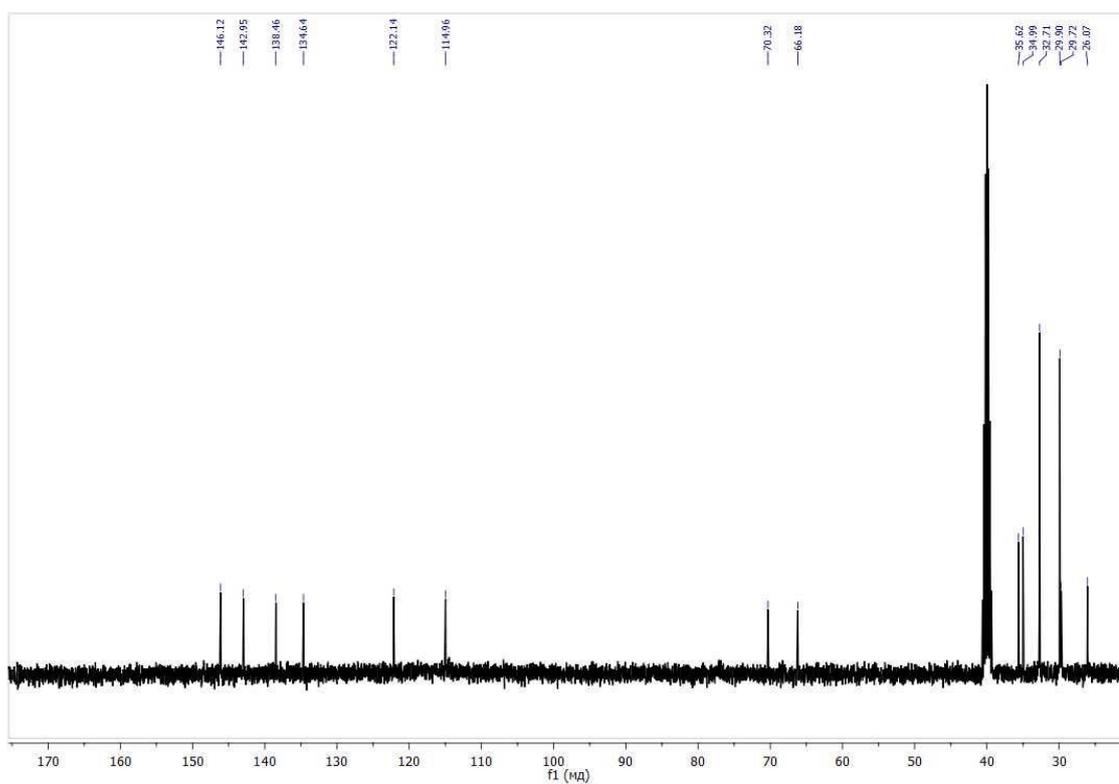
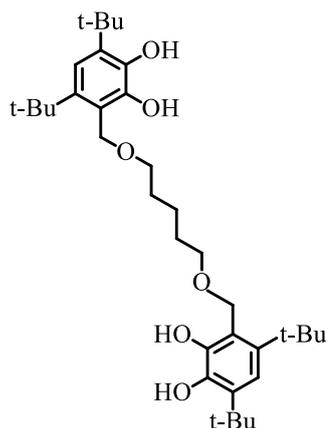


Figure S7. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5a** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

3,3'-(Pentane-1,5-diylbis(oxymethylene))bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5b).



Yield 1.17 g (82%), m.p. = 115-117°C. Calc. for C₃₅H₅₆O₆: C, 73.39; H, 9.85. Found (%): C, 73.25; H, 9.78. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ, ppm): 1.28 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.28-1.30 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.31 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.47-1.53 (m, 4H, CH₂), 3.47 (t, 4H, 2CH₂, J=6.3 Hz), 4.62 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 6.70 (s, 2H, C_{ar}-H), 7.79 (s, 2H, OH), 7.95 (s, 2H, OH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆, 100 MHz, δ, ppm.): 23.03, 29.55, 29.89, 32.72, 34.99, 35.62, 66.14, 70.30, 114.96, 122.18, 134.66, 138.50, 142.94, 146.12. IR (nujol, ν/cm⁻¹): 1073, 1242, 1263 (C-O), 3018-3380, 3495(OH).

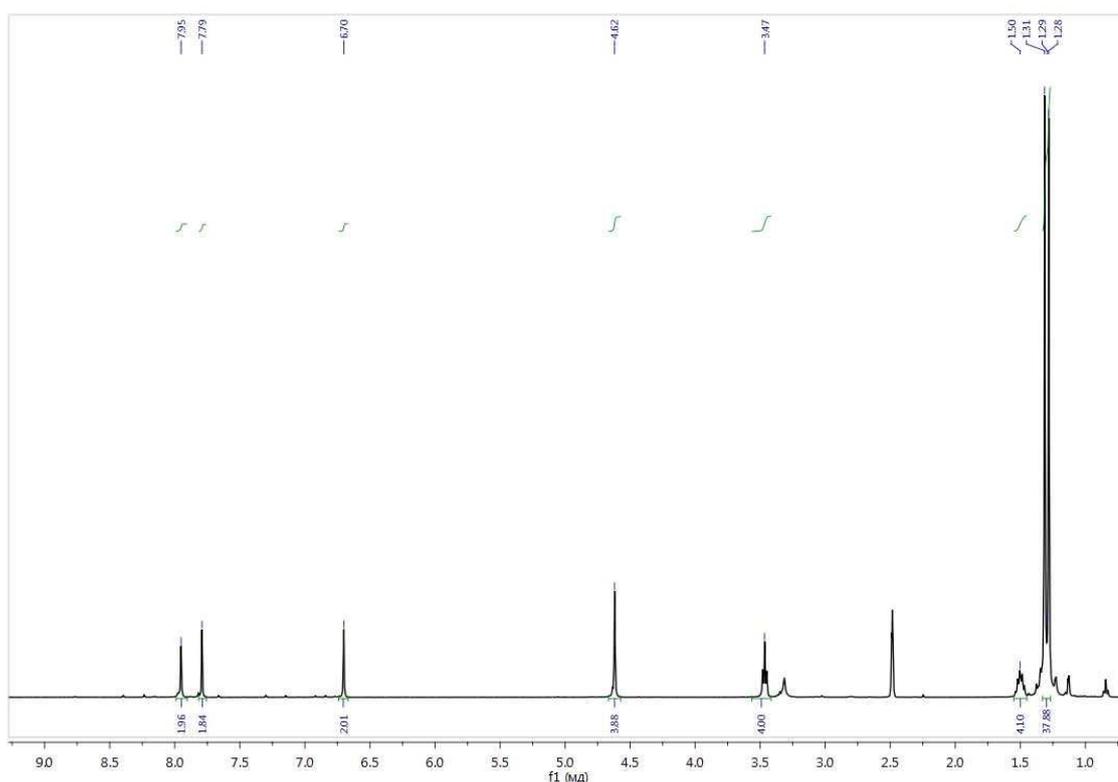


Figure S8. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **5b** (DMSO-d₆).

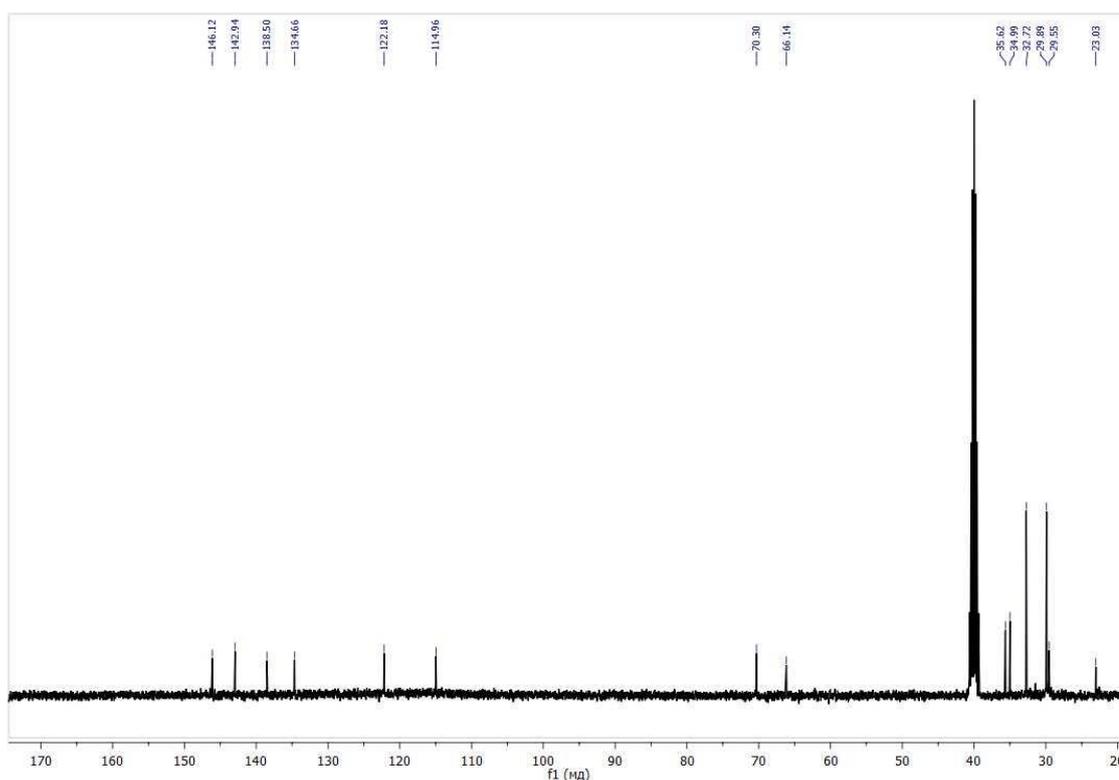
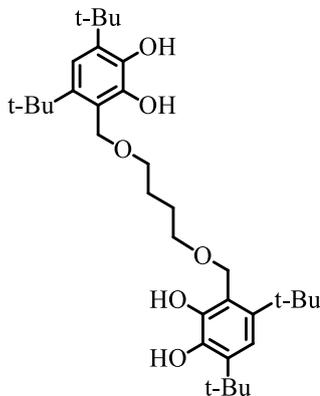


Figure S9. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5b** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

3,3'-((Butane-1,4-diylbis(oxymethylene))bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5c**).**



Yield 1.19 g (86%), m.p. = 167-169°C. Calc. for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{54}\text{O}_6$: C, 73.08; H, 9.74. Found (%): C, 73.57; H, 9.50. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO , δ , ppm): 1.28 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.31 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.55 (4H, 2 CH_2), 3.47 (4H, 2 CH_2), 4.62 (s, 4H, O- CH_2), 6.70 (s, 2H, $\text{C}_{\text{ar}}\text{-H}$), 7.80 (s, 2H, OH), 7.95 (s, 2H, OH). ^{13}C NMR (d_6 - DMSO , 100 NMR, δ , ppm): 26.68, 29.90, 32.72, 34.99, 35.62, 66.14, 70.19, 114.95, 122.15, 134.68, 138.49, 142.94, 146.15. IR (nujol, v/cm^{-1}): 1069, 1261 (C-O), 3000-3300, 3100, 3467 (OH).

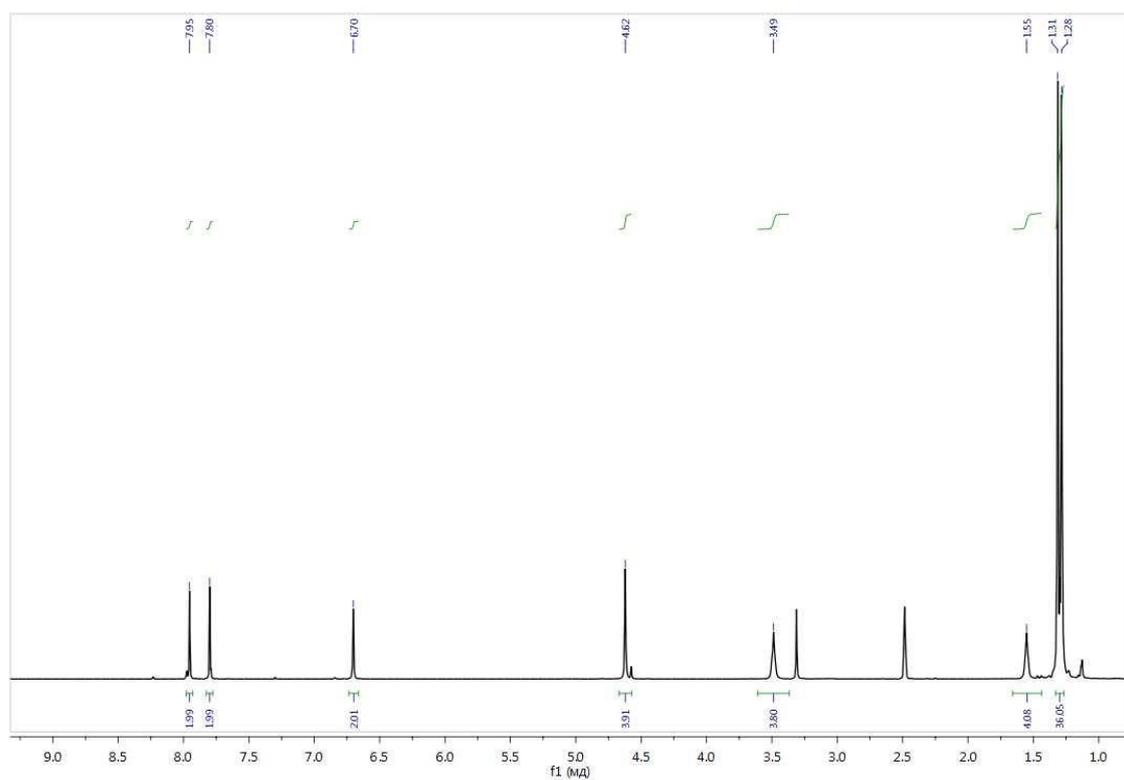


Figure S10. The ^1H NMR spectrum of **5c** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

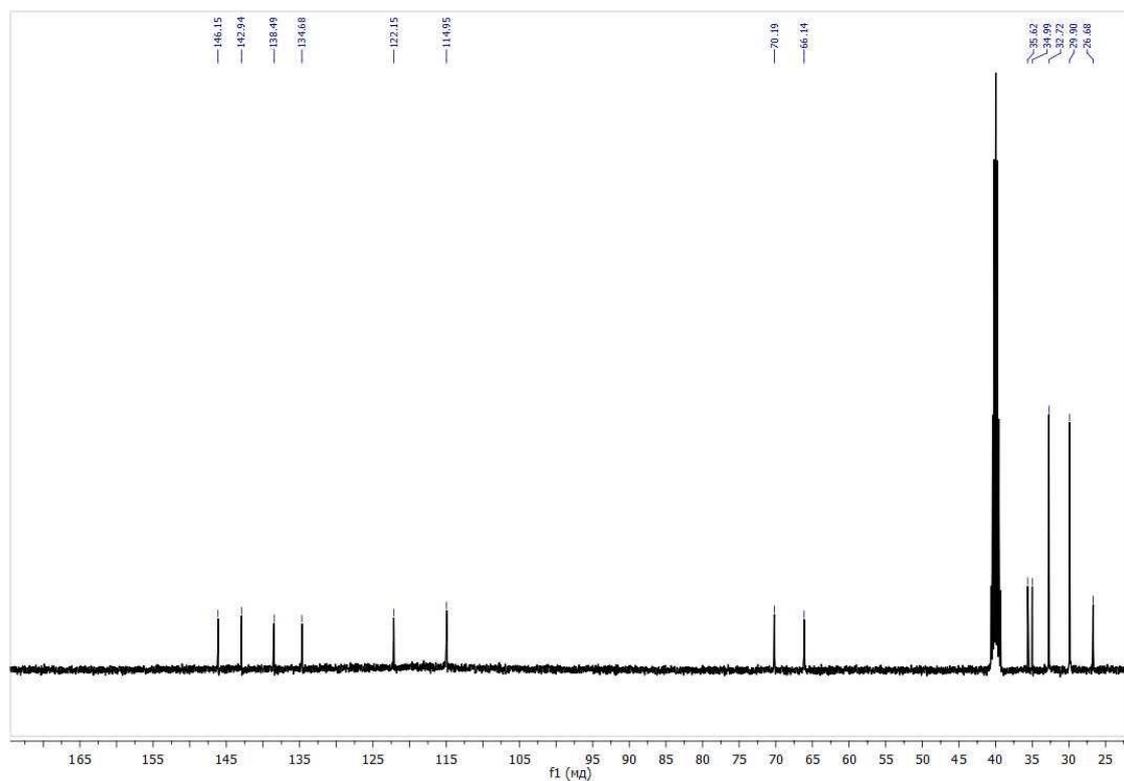
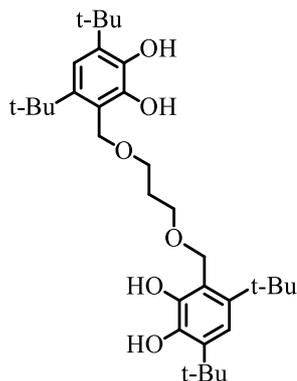


Figure S11. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5c** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

3,3'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxymethylene))bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5d)



Yield 1.18 g (87%), m.p. = 143-145°C. Calc. for C₃₃H₅₂O₆: C, 72.76; H, 9.62. Found (%): C, 72.88; H, 9.50. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ, ppm): 1.29 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.32 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.77 (p, 2H, CH₂, J=6.2 Hz), 3.55 (t, 4H, 2CH₂, J=6.2 Hz), 4.62 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 6.71 (s, 2H, C_{ar}-H), 7.77 (s, 2H, OH), 7.94 (s, 2H, OH). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz, δ, ppm): 29.90, 30.24, 32.76, 34.99, 35.64, 66.09, 67.80, 114.98, 122.21, 134.71, 138.56, 142.98, 146.13. IR (nujol, ν/cm⁻¹): 1082, 1091, 1261 (C-O), 3294, 3373, 3496 (OH).

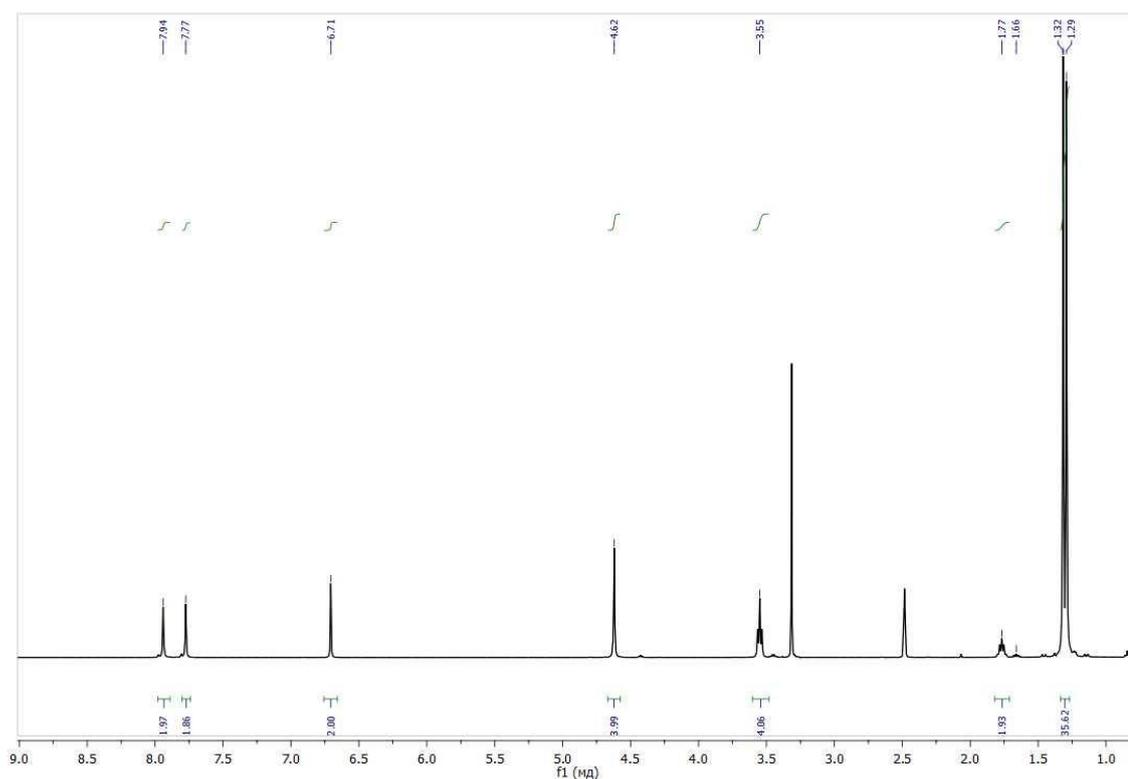


Figure S12. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **5d** (DMSO-*d*₆).

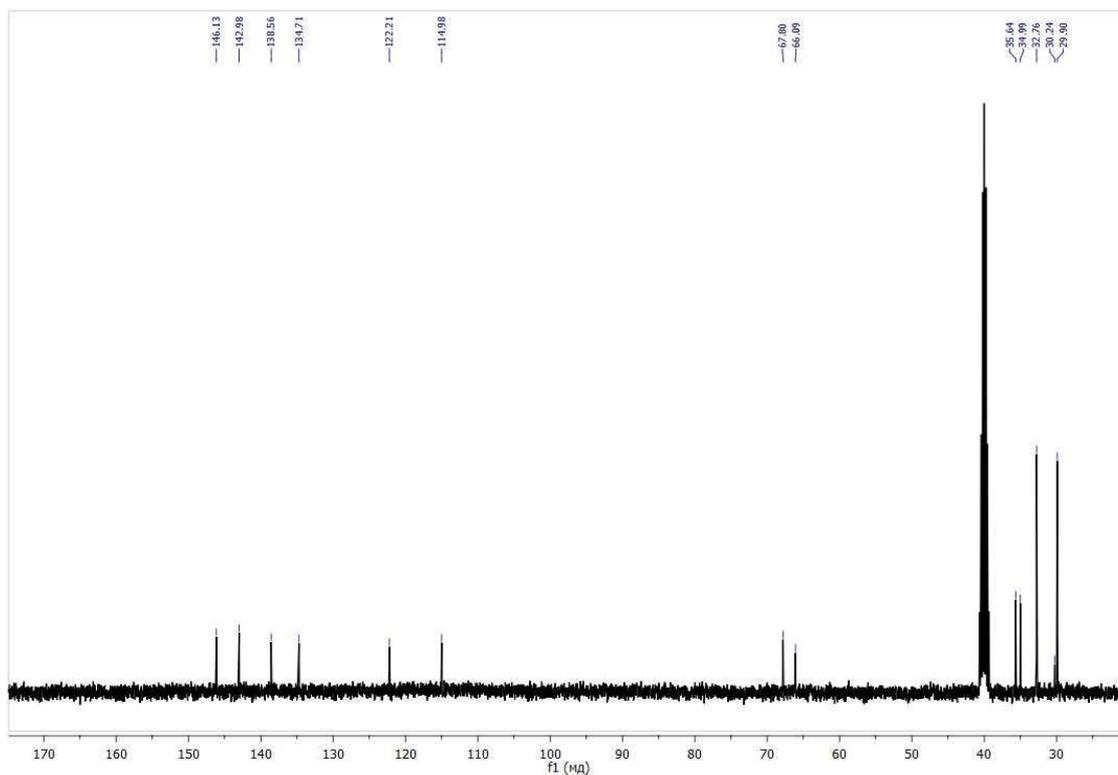
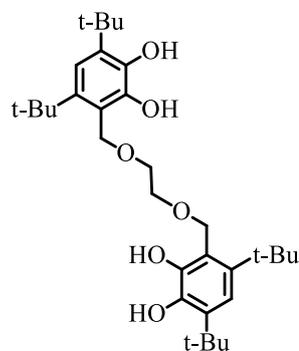


Figure S13. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5d** ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$).

3,3'-(Ethane-1,2-diylbis(oxyethylene))bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5e**).**



The yield is 1.06 g (80%), m.p. = 173-175°C. Calc. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{50}\text{O}_6$: C, 72.42; H, 9.50. Found (%): C, 72.32; H, 9.35. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ , ppm): 1.28 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.32 (s, 18H, tBu), 3.68 (s, 4H, CH_2), 4.70 (s, 4H, $\text{O}-\text{CH}_2$), 6.70 (s, 2H, $\text{C}_{\text{ar}}-\text{H}$), 7.75 (s, 2H, OH), 7.93 (s, 2H, OH). ^{13}C NMR (d_6 -DMSO, 100 MHz, δ , ppm): 29.89, 32.75, 34.99, 35.60, 66.55, 69.78, 114.96, 121.96, 134.67, 134.27, 137.68, 138.48, 142.94, 146.15. IR (nujol, v/cm^{-1}): 1035, 1260 (C-O), 3434, 3475 (OH).

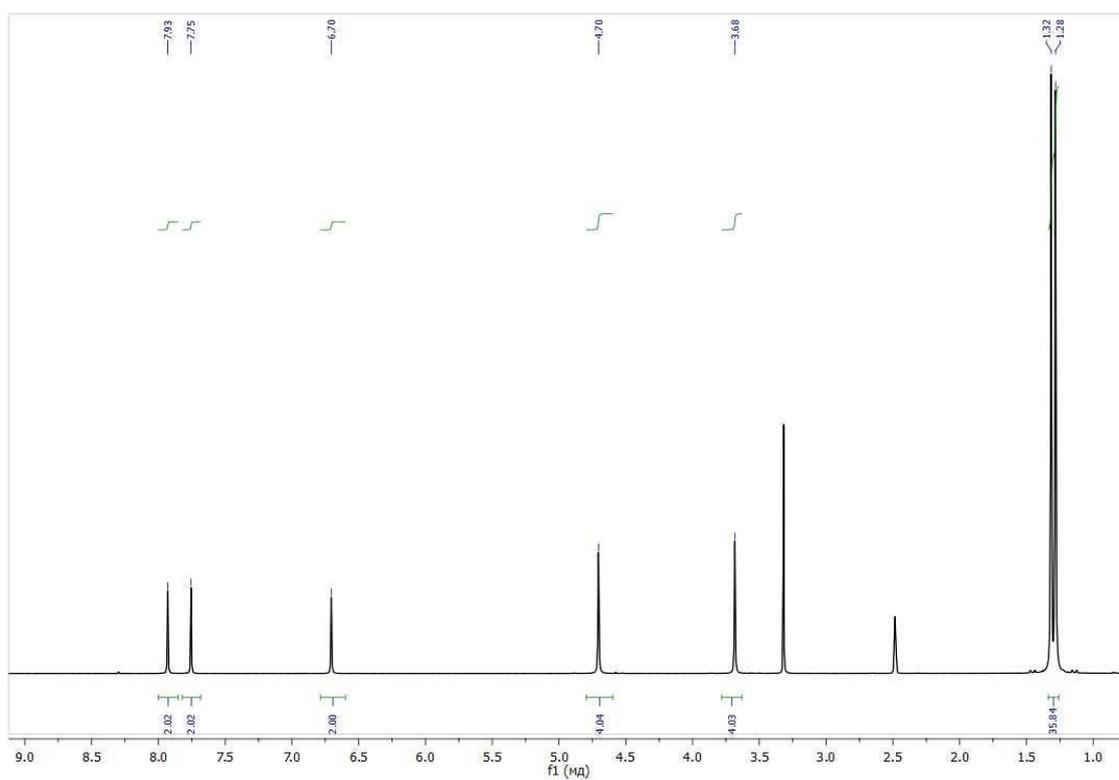


Figure S14. The ^1H NMR spectrum of **5e** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

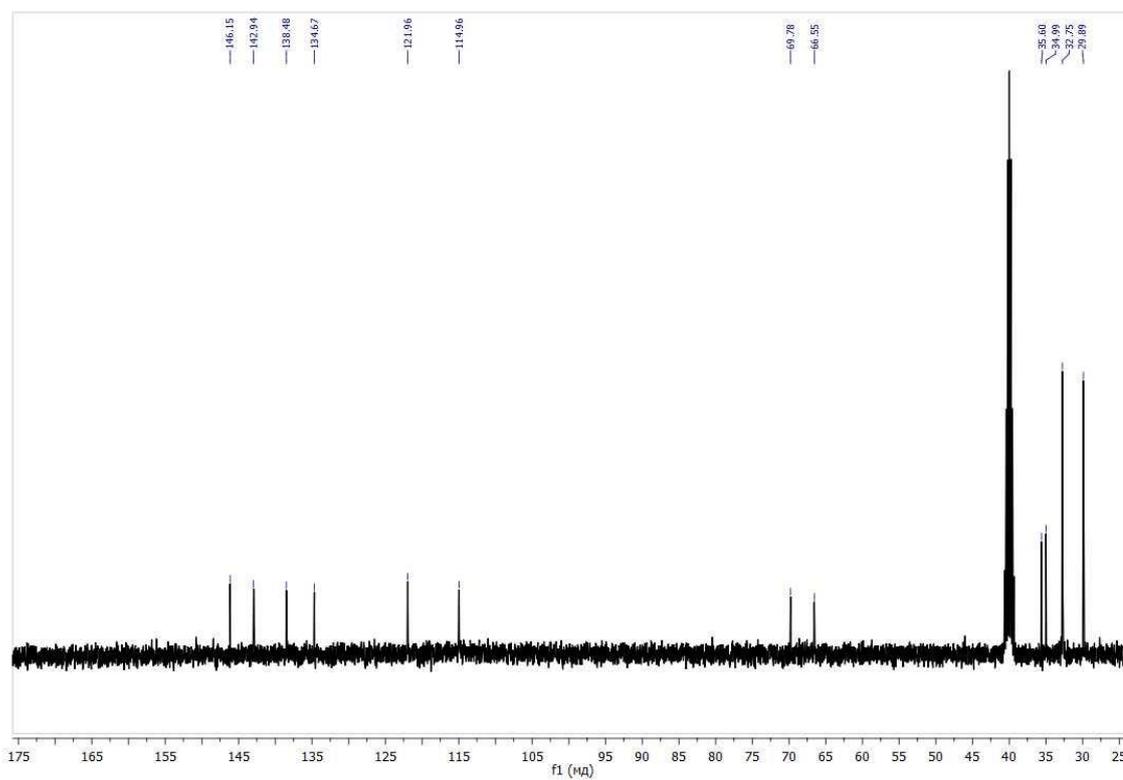
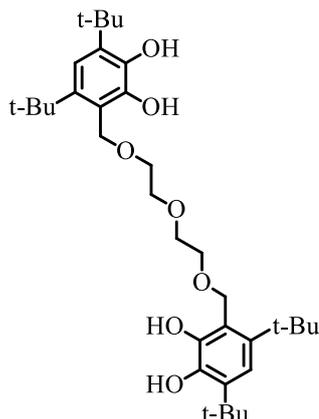


Figure S15. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5e** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

3,3'-[Oxybis(ethane-2,1-diyloxymethylene)]bis(4,6-di-*tert*-butylbenzene-1,2-diol) (5f)



Yield 0.86 g (60%), m.p. = 115-117°C. Calc. for C₃₄H₅₄O₇: C, 71.05; H, 9.47. Found (%): C, 71.11; H, 9.56. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO, δ, ppm): 1.28 (s, 18H, tBu), 1.31 (s, 18H, tBu), 3.58 (dd, 4H, 2CH₂, J=5.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.66 (dd, 4H, 2CH₂, J=5.7, 3.6 Hz), 4.70 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 6.69 (s, 2H, C_{ar}-H), 7.80 (s, 2H, OH), 7.92 (s, 2H, OH). ¹³C NMR (d⁶-DMSO, 100 MHz, δ, ppm): 29.86, 32.70, 34.98, 35.56, 66.60, 69.56, 70.01, 114.88, 121.83, 134.53, 138.25, 142.94, 146.06. IR (nujol, v/cm⁻¹): 1071, 1095, 1248 (C-O), 3110- 3500, 3550 (OH).

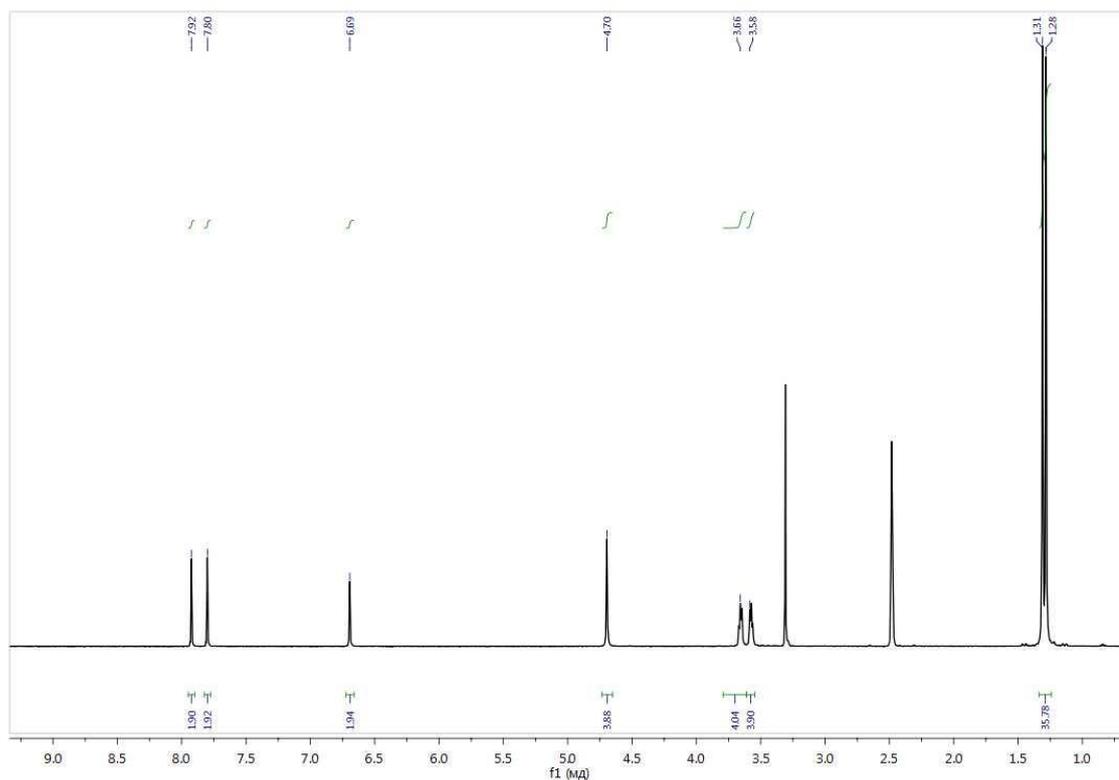


Figure S16. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **5f** (DMSO-*d*₆).

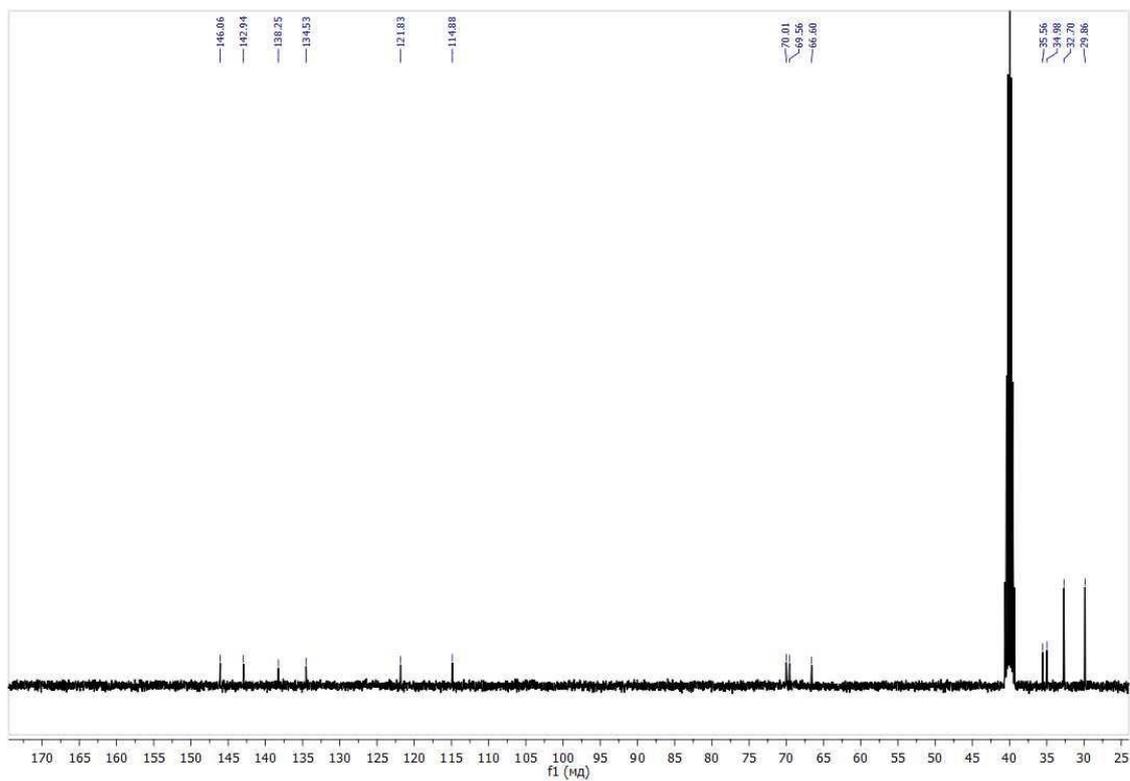
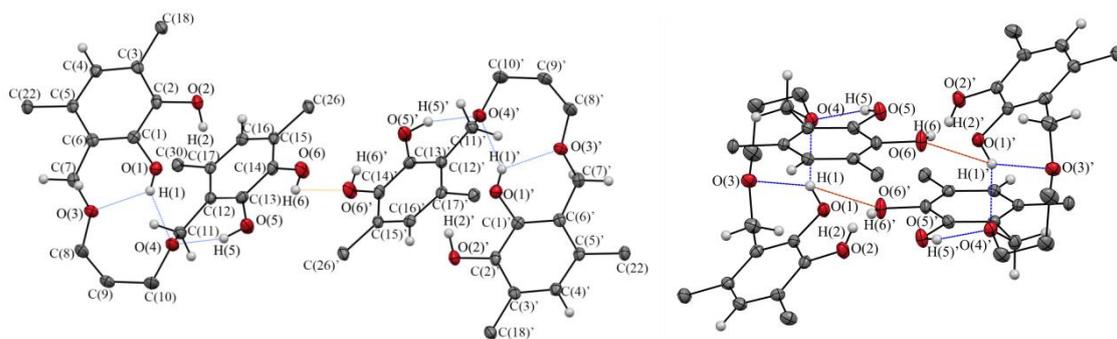


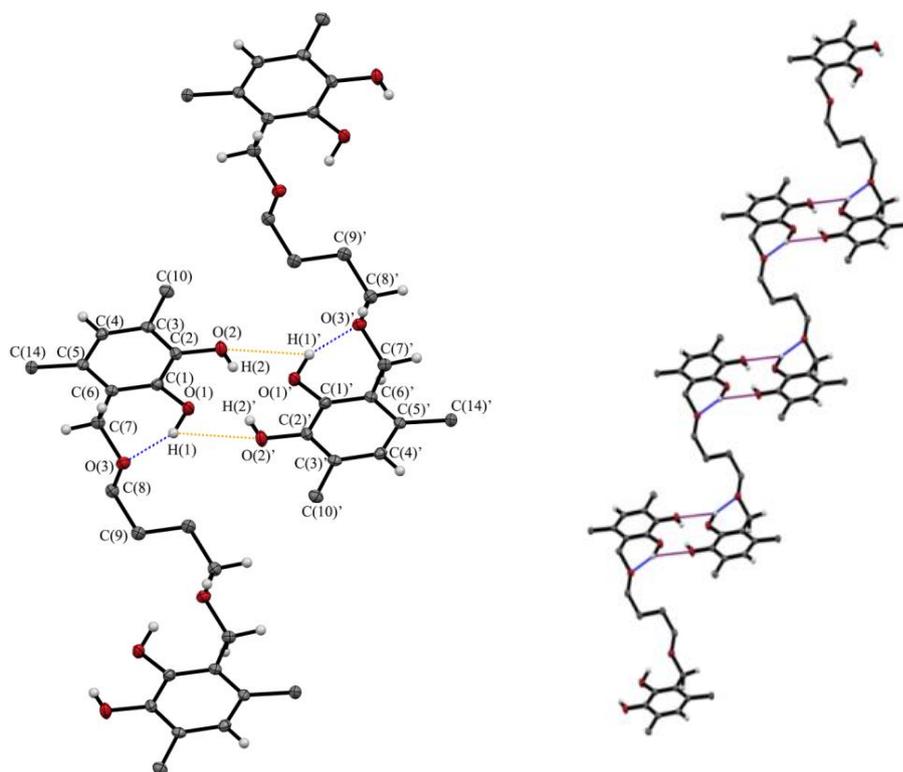
Figure S17. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **6f** ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

X-Ray diffraction studies

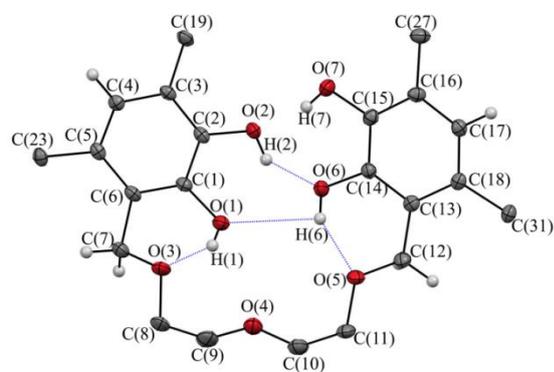
	Compound 5d C ₃₃ H ₅₂ O ₆	Compound 5c C ₃₄ H ₅₄ O ₆	Compound 5f C ₃₄ H ₅₄ O ₇
Formula weight	544.74	558.77	574.77
Crystal system	triclinic	monoclinic	orthorhombic
Space group	P-1	P2(1)/c	P2(1)2(1)2(1)
a (Å)	15.2122(5)	9.5182(7)	10.4399(4)
b (Å)	15.2891(5)	15.4117(9)	11.7539(6)
c (Å)	16.3234(5)	11.1199(8)	27.3482(11)
α (deg)	66.5230(1)		
β (deg)	66.0510(1)	93.932(7)°	
γ (deg)	84.7040(1)		
V (Å³)	3171.51(18)	1627.36(19)	3355.9(3)
Z	4	2	4
ρ_{calcd} (g/cm³)	1.141	1.140	1.138
Absorption coefficient (mm⁻¹)	0.077	0.076	0.078
F(000)	1192	612	1256
Crystal size (mm³)	0.37×0.18×0.09	0.30×0.30×0.10	0.40×0.30×0.20
Wavelength, Å	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
2Θ (deg)	52	52	60.2
Reflections collected	28797	24478	57720
Indep reflections	12420 [R _{int} = 0.0247]	3191 [R _{int} = 0.0429]	9785 [R _{int} = 0.0360]
Final R indices [I>2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0403	R1 = 0.0401	R1 = 0.0405
R indices (all data)	wR2 = 0.1033	wR2 = 0.1031	wR2 = 0.0967
GOF on F²	1.038	1.033	1.048
Largest diff. peak and hole (e/ Å³)	0.238 / -0.227	0.291 / -0.198	0.255 / -0.247



Compound **5d**



Compound **5c**



Compound **5f**

Figure S18. The molecular structures **5c**, **5d** and **5f**. The thermal ellipsoids are given with a 30% probability. Hydrogen atoms (with the exception of OH groups) are not shown for clarity.

The H-bonds for compounds **5d**, **5c** and **5f**

Compound 5d	
H-bond	Bond length, Å
O(1)-H(1)...O(3)	2.23(2), 2.16(2)
O(1)-H(1)...O(4)	2.09(2), 2.00(2)
O(5)-H(5)...O(4)	1.79(2), 1.85(2)
O(6)-H(6)...O(5)	2.04(2), 2.15(2)
O(6)-H(6)...O(6)'	2.29(2)
O(1)'-H(1)'\dots O(6)	2.94(2)
O(1)-H(1)...O(6)'	2.94(2)
Compound 5c	
O(1)-H(1)...O(3)	1.77(2)
O(2)-H(2)...O(1)'	2.16(2)
Compound 5f	
O(2)-H(2)...O(6)	2.21(3)
O(6)-H(6)...O(5)	1.92(3)
O(6)-H(6)...O(1)	2.84
O(1)-H(1)...O(3)	1.86(3)