

**Reactions of chromone-3-carboxylic acid and chromone-3-carboxamides with cyanoacetic acid hydrazide**

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NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker DRX-400 ( $^1\text{H}$  – 400 MHz and  $^{13}\text{C}$  – 100 MHz) and AVANCE-500 ( $^1\text{H}$  – 500 MHz and  $^{13}\text{C}$  – 126 MHz) spectrometers in DMSO- $d_6$  with TMS as an internal standard. IR spectra were recorded on a Nicolet 6700 instrument (FTIR mode, ZnSe crystal). The starting chromone-3-carboxamides **8a–c** were prepared according to described procedure (A. Nohara, T. Umetani, K. Ukawa and Y. Sanno, *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 1974, **22**, 2959; M. Yu. Kornev, V. S. Moshkin and V. Ya. Sosnovskikh, *Chem. Heterocycl. Compd.*, 2015, **51**, 688).

*6-Nitro-4-oxochromene-3-carboxamide 8d*. Yield 216 mg (89%), white powder, mp 256–258 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$ : 7.95 (br s, 1H, NHH), 8.04 (d, 1H,  $J$  9.2 Hz, H-8), 8.36 (br s, 1H, NHH), 8.64 (dd, 1H,  $J$  9.2, 2.8 Hz, H-7), 8.83 (d, 1H,  $J$  2.8 Hz, H-5), 9.10 (s, 1H, H-2).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (126 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$ : 116.5, 121.0, 121.4, 124.0, 129.1, 145.0, 158.6, 162.7, 163.7, 175.4 (C=O). IR ( $\text{v}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3366, 3153, 3112, 3090, 3073, 1684, 1644, 1626, 1594, 1563, 1545, 1530, 1471, 1451. Found (%): C, 49.58; H, 2.90; N, 11.40. Calc. for  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (%): C, 49.39; H, 2.90; N, 11.52.

*1-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)-1-(pyrazol-4-yl)methanone 13*. Yield 70 mg (37%), white powder, mp 121–123 °C (lit. mp 123–125 °C; K. Ito and J. Maruyama, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, 1988, **25**, 1681).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$ : 6.90–6.97 (m, 2H, H-3', H-5'), 7.46 (ddd,  $J$  8.6, 7.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-4'), 7.94 (br s, 1H, H-3/5), 7.82 (dd,  $J$  7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-6'), 8.30 (br s, 1H, H-5/3), 11.67 (s, 1H, OH), 13.47 (br s, 1H, NH).







